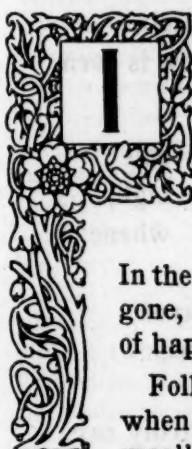


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New Year's Greeting

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, President General
National Society Daughters of the American Revolution



T is indeed a privilege to extend a word of New Year's greeting—personal as well as official—to each Daughter of our great Organization.

"Time rolls his ceaseless course." The old year is dying. In the words of our own poet, the year has gone, and with it many a glorious throng of happy dreams.

Following close in the wake of the day when the cheery words "Merry Christmas" give new zest to mortal life, comes as a benediction, the ever inspiring, "Happy New Year." Standing upon its threshold, saddened it may be, by the thought of what may possibly lie beyond, let us take courage from the words of Lowell "Let us be of good cheer however, remembering, that the misfortunes hardest to bear, are those that never come."

And now as the last moments of the old year fade into the past, let us—grateful for the unnumbered blessings that have fallen from our Father's hand—take courage, and turn our faces hopefully, resolutely, trustingly, to the future.

 IS the time for the death
of the old ;
'Tis the time for the birth
of the new ;

And the old goes out and the new comes in,
Whatever the things we do.

We may toil on the height of a mountain,
Or sweat on a sweltering plain ;
But the old year dies and the new is born,
Over and over again.

'Tis the law of the God of the people ;
The God of the low and the high,
And whene'er He beckons and whene'er
He calls,

The multitude answers, "aye!"
And He doesn't forget His children,
For over beyond the sea

Is a throne for each who can truly say :
"I'm ready, Lord, for Thee!"

—Allen Ayrault Green in "*The Advance.*"



"Lord support us all the day long of this troublous life,
until the shadows lengthen and the evening come, and the
busy world is hushed, and the fever of life is over, and our
work is done; and then, in Thy mercy, grant us a safe lodging
and a holy rest and peace at last, through Jesus Christ, our
Lord."

—Cardinal Newman's Prayer.



"As you take down the old Calendar and hang up the new,
settle all old accounts with God and man, and begin duty
afresh."

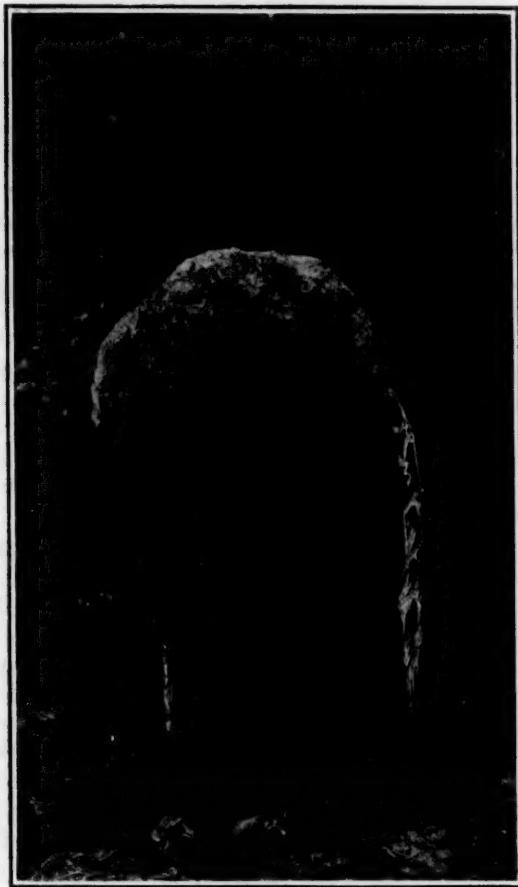
—C. L. Goodell.

KING'S MOUNTAIN

Five monuments have been erected at different times on the historic battlefield of King's Mountain. The last was dedicated with fitting ceremonies October 7, 1909. In 1903, through the efforts of the King's Mountain Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Yorkville, South Carolina, the condition of the battle ground and the propriety of suitable recognition of the grand history made there was brought to the attention of their representatives, the Hon. D. E. Finley and the Hon. E. Y. Webb, of North Carolina. Through the efforts of these gentlemen the United States finally, in 1906, appropriated thirty thousand dollars for the purpose of properly marking this most notable of Revolutionary battle grounds.

The Hon. D. E. Finley gave the story of the monument at the exercises:

"The name 'King's Mountain' remains along with the history and traditions of that wonderful struggle, which took place on October 7, 1780, between the British forces and their Tory allies, and the patriot American citizens, struggling for their independence and laying deep in blood the foundation of the great republic to be built upon their efforts; and to-day set upon the crest of the King's Mountain, stands to commemorate the memory of Col. Campbell and his brave followers, a beautiful monument erected through the efforts of the patriotic sons and daughters of the republic, who represent the aspiring hope of the American republic. But greater still stands the magnificent granite shaft just completed by the United States government, as a mark of appreciation and commemorative of the memory of those brave men and of their deeds of valor, lifting its head to the clouds and basking in the sunlight of liberty. Its massiveness and beauty of architecture, combined with a rugged scenery of mountain range and broken country, is impressive and emphatic in the recognition of the worth and valor of the brave men to whose memory it is erected, and deeply impressive of wonderful significance and potent power of the victory achieved by American patriots.



OLD MONUMENT.

This is what is commonly known as the Old Monument. It was erected by Dr. William McLean, of Lincoln county, North Carolina, in 1815, on the occasion of a gathering held for the purpose of burying British and Tory bones that had been lying scattered over the mountain since the battle of thirty-five years before. The inscription on this monument, now so defaced as to be all but illegible, was as follows: East side—"Sacred to the memory of Major William Chronicle, Captain John Mattocks, William Rabb and John Boyd, who were killed at this place on the 7th of October, 1780, fighting in defense of America." On the west side—"Colonel Ferguson, an officer of his Britannic majesty, was defeated and killed at this place on the 7th of October, 1780."

"The monument stands four square to the winds that blow. The foundation laid deep in the sacred soil once bathed in blood, and even now entombing the bones of those who laid down their lives as a willing sacrifice upon their young country's altar. The foundation, a perfect cube, twenty-four feet each way, is laid in the solid rock foundation of the ledge, which supports the mountains. The base, thirteen and one-half feet each way, is of beautiful granite, and upon it is surmounted the massive, but yet, beautiful and symmetric shaft, eighty-four feet and four inches high, crowned with a copper and platinum plate.

"On the east face, cast in bronze, and set between two reclining figures, beautifully sculptured in the solid granite, bearing the palms of victory, is a tablet containing the names of those, whose life blood made possible this great victory; and they are as follows:

East Panel: "Killed—Col. James Williams, Major Wm. Chronicle, Capt. Wm. Edmundson, Capt. Jno. Mattocks, 1st. Lieut. Wm. Blackburn, 1st Lieut. Reege Brown, 1st Lieut. Robt. Edmundson, Jr., 2nd. Lieuts. John Beatie, James Carry, Nathaniel Dryden, Andrew Edmundson, Humberson Lyon, Nathaniel Aist, James Phillips; Privates John Biknell, John Boyd, John Brown, David Duff, Preston Goforth, Henry Henigar, Michael Mahoney, Arthur Patterson, Wm. Babb, John Smart, David Sisle, Wm. Steele, Wm. Watson, Unknown."

"Mortally Wounded—Capt. Robt. Sevier, 1st Lieut. Thos. McCullough, 2nd Lieut. James Laird, Private Moses Henry."

"Wounded—Lieut. Col. Frederick Hambright, Major Mician Lewis, Major James Porter, Captains James Dysart, Sam'l Estey, Wm. Lenoir, Joel Lewis, Moses Shelby, Minor Smith, 1st Lieuts. Robt. Edmundson, Jr., Samuel Johnson, Samuel Newell, J. M. Smith, Privates Benoni Danning, Wm. Bradley, Wm. Bullen, Jno. Childers, John Chittem, Wm. Cox, John Fagon, Frederic Fisher, Wm. Giles, — Gilleland, Wm. Gilmer, Chas. Gordan, Israel Hatter, Robt. Henry, Leonard Hyce, Jas. Kilcor, Robt. Miller, Wm. Moore, Patrick Murphey, Wm. Robertson, Jno. Skeggs, Thirty-six unknown."

North Panel: On the north side, the beautiful bronze tablet, bearing the following inscription: "To Commemorate the victory of King's Mountain, October 7th, 1780, erected by the government of the United States to the establishment of which heroism and patriotism of those who participated in this battle so largely contributed."

South Panel: On the south, the beautiful bronze tablet containing an inscription in beautiful and well chosen words commemorative of the valor and patriotism of those engaged in this great struggle: "On



THE CENTENNIAL MONUMENT.

Erected by appropriations from North and South Carolina and subscriptions from private individuals throughout York county, South and North Carolina, and unveiled October 7, 1880.

this field the patriot forces commanded by Col. Wm. Campbell, attacked and totally defeated an equal force of Tories and British Regular Troops. The British Commander, Col. Patrick Ferguson, was killed and his entire force was captured after serving heavy loss. This brilliant victory marked the turning point of the American Revolution."

West Panel: On the west side, a beautiful bronze tablet, perpetuating the history of the commanders of the forces, and the localities from which their brave followers were assembled, and the commanders of each:

"American forces, where organized:

"Washington county, Virginia, Col. Wm. Campbell.

"Washington county, N. C., (now Tennessee), Col. Jno. Sevier.

"Sullivan county, N. C., Col. Isaac Shelby.

"Ninety-Six district, S. C., and Rowan county, N. C., Col. Jas. Williams.

"Wilkes and Surrey counties, N. C., Col. Benjamin Cleveland and Major Joseph Winston.

"Lincoln county, N. C., Lieut. Col. Frederick Hambright and Major Wm. Chronicle.

"Burke and Rutherfordton counties, N. C., Major Joseph McDowell.

"York and Chester counties, S. C., (then part of Camden district), Col. Edward Lacy and Col. William Hill.

"Georgia, Major Wm. Candler.

"Reserves: Col. Jas. Johnson.

"Note: Col. Chas. McDowell, the regular commander of the Burke and Rutherfordton county regiment, was absent from the battle on a special mission to General Gates.

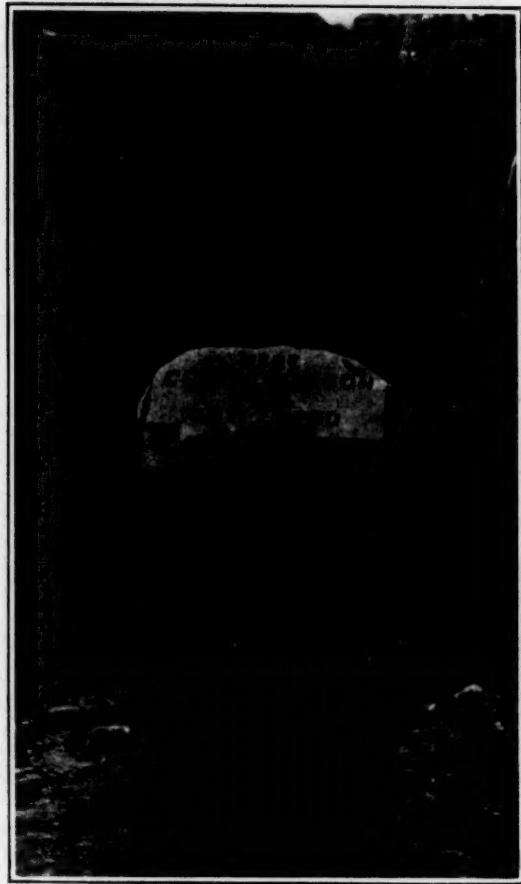
"British forces—Commanders: Major Patrick Ferguson (K.), Capt. Abraham De Peyster."

This beautiful structure is erected almost to the immediate south of the spot upon which the fearless warrior and loyal British subject fell mortally wounded, and where he died. The grave is marked by a granite tablet, bearing the inscription: "Here Col. Ferguson fell."

To the northeast of the monument, in a beautiful ravine, we find a sunken place clearly the grave of some departed warrior, and erected here we find a granite slab, bearing this inscription: "Here Col. Ferguson was buried."

This marble shaft commemorative of the heroism and patriotism of the heroes of King's Mountain, speaks the nation's gratitude to them for all time.

Thus after many days the seed planted by the King's Mountain Chapter, Yorkville, has borne glorious fruit. May other chapters take courage.



Where Ferguson Fell.

THE OLD CROWN POINT ROAD

September 17th, occurred the unveiling of the marker commemorating the old Crown Point Road and the Block House at Wentworth's Ferry built by General Amherst 150 years ago. The marker is placed on the Connecticut river road about a half of a mile from Cheshire Bridge and is the granite stone long used as the door stone of the old seminary building, it having been presented to the local chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, by Edmund Brown for this purpose.

About 300 people, including the members of the local chapter, the Union Historical society, assembled to listen to the interesting exercises, which were in charge of Miss Alice M. Wheeler, Mrs. H. H. Blanchard and Mrs. W. C. Staples.

After the prayer by Rev. Dr. J. H. Morley, Miss Davis, regent, delivered the address of welcome saying:

"In behalf of Gen. Lewis Morris Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, I have the pleasure of extending to each one present,—to the members of the Daughters of the American Revolution Society, to the members of the Union Historical Society, and to our townspeople, a cordial welcome to these dedicatory exercises in honor of this marker, erected in honor of the Crown Point Road and the Block House, both built by Gen. Amherst in 1759-60.

"It is a source of much gratification to know that so many are interested in this work, and to know that the deeds of the men of one hundred and fifty years ago are not forgotten in the hearts of the people.

It is one of the objects of the Daughters of the American Revolution Society to perpetuate the memory of the spirit of the men who helped to achieve American Independence by the acquisition and protection of historical spots and by the erection of markers, and in dedicating this marker we are endeavoring to place before this generation and the generations to come, a memorial which will ever call to mind the great deeds performed by the men of those early days and the great debt of gratitude which we shall ever owe to them.

And as this stone, which we hope will endure for ages, is unveiled, may there be planted in the heart of each one present seeds of patriotism, civic pride, hope and love which will grow

and blossom not only in our hearts but also in the hearts of those who will follow after us."

Then came the unveiling of the marker by two children, Helen Roscoe and Prescott Lovejoy, while the drum corps struck up with the stirring strains of "Yankee Doodle." The Hon. Justus Dartt was then introduced, who delivered an historical address, of which the following is a part:

"We have just celebrated in Vermont with great enthusiasm the three hundredth anniversary of the discovery of Lake Champlain, the beginning of one of the three great civilizations started on this continent in the early years of the seventeenth century. But we should not forget that it was fortunate that that civilization starting at Quebec did not dominate New England and shape its future but went out in that decisive battle on the Plains of Abraham just 150 years ago. The French settled at Quebec, the cavaliers at Jamestown, the Pilgrims at Plymouth. New England civilization was the product of the Pilgrims and left its impress upon the character of the whole American nation.

"We have met here to-day at the gateway of a great military road that was a potent factor in the civilization of New England and the country. Its history has been told and retold but it might be well to recall again some of the causes and results of its construction. The year 1759 was a memorable one in American history. It was fraught with events which were to shape very largely the future of this continent. For years there had been a contest between England and France for supremacy in this continent. In 1758 there came into the premiership of the government of England, one of the greatest statesmen in her history, William Pitt, a man of immense energy, of spotless integrity and always a firm friend of the colonies. The French held Quebec and the territory along the Great Lakes to the Mississippi and New Orleans and the war here soon felt the force of the power of William Pitt. The great fortress of Quebec was held by the French under their most distinguished general, Montcalm. Against this fortress William Pitt sent an army under General Wolfe. Meantime under General Amherst came Ticonderoga and Crown Point and the remaining goal, Montreal. You are familiar with the history of these

events. You know how that General Wolfe on that night of September 12, floated his troops past the fortress, captured the sentinel, landed his men and scaled the rocky heights and at day-break had his army in the line of battle on the Plains of Abraham. Here was fought one of the great decisive battles of the world. After the sun went down on that night of the 13th of September, the French lost forever her hold on the American continent.

"In the meantime Ticonderoga and Crown Point surrendered to General Amherst. From that time settlers from Massachusetts and Connecticut slowly pressed their way to the verge of the great forest on the north and Charlestown, Old No. 4, was the outpost of civilization up the Connecticut river and the most northern frontier post in New England. General Amherst at once saw the necessity of means of transportation between this part and Lake Champlain and immediately set ahead the construction of this great work in charge of three men noted for their energy, valor and patriotism, General John Stark, Major Hawkes and Col. John Goffe in the summer of 1757. General Stark and Major Hawkes built the road from Crown Point to the mountains, the work being taken up from here under Colonel Goffe with 800 men. They crossed the river at Wentworth's Ferry, two miles north of Charlestown, calling this "Wentworth's Ferry" in honor of the governor of New Hampshire. The Daughters of the American Revolution have placed here a marker as a memorial and for the eastern terminus of the old Crown Point Road.

"Now there are those who would look upon this road as simply an economic force in material only for convenience for transportation and travel but the Daughters of the American Revolution, the descendants of a noble ancestry, children of a royal generation, have looked deeper than this, below the surface of life and placed this memorial to the character of men, to the indomitable courage, energy and patriotism of the men and women who were the builders of foundations, and who here laid as it were one of the corner stones of a mighty empire.

"The old world pointing with pride to her institutions centuries old was wont to say in a disparaging way "America has

no history." Standing here to-day on hallowed ground at the terminus of a great highway and looking back over 150 years we are the witnesses of the wonderful progress that has been made, how these men and women cleared farms, built houses and walls, founded churches and schools and made the earth to yield her products and the "wilderness to blossom as the rose."

"We hold this continent for future generations, who shall surpass in culture and science and invention all that has gone before.

"I hear the tramp of pioneers of a nation yet to be,
The first low wash of waves where yet shall roll a human sea,
The rudiments of empire here are plastic yet and warm,
The chaos of a mighty world is rounding into form."

Then followed the Soldiers' Memorial by Mrs. North, state regent.

At the close of this address the audience joined in singing "America," after which the drum corps rendered another patriotic selection and thus closed the pleasant historical event.

THE FLAG OF THE FORTY-SIX STARS

Susan Porter Du Bois

Read before the Hendrick Hudson Chapter.

The dawn of the great Christian era
Was heralded by a bright star;
Revealed to the gaze of three wise men,
It led them to start from afar

And travel o'er mountain and desert
Through heat and through cold 'till it shone
On a beautiful child and His mother
Proclaiming that there was the throne,

Of a King sent to earth to redeem men
From bondage of wrongs long endured.
Before whom all nations would worship
And through Him man's rights be secured.

To the great noble land of the Union,
The years have brought many a star
To be placed on the blue of "Old Glory,"
And people still come from afar,

To add to our wealth and our power,
To live in the land of the free,
With only one King to reign o'er them,
The Christ whom the Magi did see.

Up! up! with the flag of our nation,
Salute her! brave soldiers and tars;
Praise God, who has given her to us
The flag of the forty-six stars.

Quequechan Chapter, Fall River, Massachusetts, has done that very helpful thing—printed the names of the Revolutionary ancestors in their year book. The chapter regent is Mrs. John R. Allen. In the program we find "From Fall River to the Golden Gate;" an account of the Hudson-Fulton celebration by Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker; an account of a visit to the Martha Berry school, by Miss H. A. Dean.

Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter, Bloomington, Illinois. Mrs. C. F. Kimball, regent. Two topics to be considered by the chapter are of peculiar interest—"American Patriotism in Foreign Countries" and "A New Patriotism—Reckless Waste of a National Heritage." The frontispiece is an admirable picture of the President General.

Brattleboro Chapter, Brattleboro, Vermont, Mrs. Frederick G. Pettee, regent. The independent colony of Vermont has been preserving history this last year. The dedication of monuments, the unveiling of tablets have followed one another with great rapidity. The year book shows an interesting program—"Brattleboro Revolutionary Soldiers," "Quaint Epitaphs," "The Old Time Parson."

"The AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE is *very interesting* and the Genealogical Department the best of all."—LOUISE FINNEY STONE, 303 Blaine street, Caldwell, Idaho.

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

GRAVES OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS DECORATED.

By Chief Justice Cushing Chapter, Scituate, Massachusetts.

BELLE HOUSE NECK—Chief Justice William Cushing.

UNION CEMETERY—Reuben Bates, Gideon Jenkins, Samuel P. Jones, Thomas Mann, Nehemiah Manson, Capt. Ensign Otis, Caleb Prouty, Stephen Vinal, Gideon Young.

GROVELAND—Abner Bailey, Paul Bailey, John Bryant, Isaac Collier, Jonathan Collier, Robert Cook, Zadoc Damon, Thomas Litchfield, Barnabas Little, Joseph Nash, Noah Nash, Eleazer Peakes, Capt. Hayward Peirce, Jotham Wade.

NORWELL—Elisha Briggs, Capt. Galen Clapp, Judge Nathan Cushing, Nathaniel Cushing, Benjamin Delano, Elisha Foster, William Hyland, Col. John Jacobs, Daniel Merritt, Dr. James Otis, Capt. Peter Sears.

ASSINIPPI—John Clapp, Enoch Collamore, Capt. Joshua Jacobs, Joshua Simmons, Jacob Sylvester.

GRAVES OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS LOCATED BY RUTH HEALD CRAGIN CHAPTER, NORTH ANSON, MAINE.

Buried in Sunset Cemetery, North Anson, Maine.

GOFF MOOR, born in Derryfield, New Hampshire, December 4, 1760, died in Madison, Maine, September 28, 1850. Was at the Battle of Bunker Hill as a servant for his father, Major John Moor, and afterwards received a pension. Lived in Derryfield, New Hampshire, Norridgewock, Maine, and Madison, Maine. A headstone marks his grave.

LIEUT. THOMAS McCADDEN, born in Arrowsick, Maine, October 17, 1740, died in Embden, Maine, November 18, 1840, aged over 100 years. Was first lieutenant in Capt. John Hinkley's (7th Co.) Col. McCobb's (Lincoln Co.) regiment. Commissioned July 1, 1776. Was first lieutenant on Muster Roll of Field and Staff officers of the Lincoln county regiment. Roll dated Georgetown, November 19, 1779. Lived at Georgetown, Maine, and Embden, Maine. A monument marks his grave.

EBENEZER HILTON, born in Wiscasset, Maine, October 23, 1753, died at North Anson, Maine, October 27, 1846. Was a private in Capt. Samuel McCobb's company, Col. John Nixon's (5th) regiment. Lived at Wiscasset and North Anson. A headstone marks his grave.

DAVID DANFORTH (written also Danford), born in 1749, probably at Arundel, Maine, died at Madison, Maine, March 13, 1827. Lived in Wiscasset, Maine, and Madison. A headstone marks his grave.

JOSEPH WALKER, born in Woolwich, Maine, November 3, 1761, died in Embden, Maine, February 25, 1818. Was a young lad at the time of the Revolutionary war, but was one of a number of boys on board a vessel that helped capture a British ship. His service was on the brigantine, "Rising Empire," commanded by Capt. Richard Whellen, engaged May 21, 1776; discharged September 5, 1776. Lived in Woolwich, North Anson and Embden. A headstone marks his grave.

JOHN WILSON, born in Townsend, Massachusetts, October 16, 1761, died in Embden, Maine, June 30, 1842. Lived in Bloomfield, (now Skowhegan) Maine. A headstone marks his grave.

JACOB SAVAGE, born in Woolwich, Maine, in 1759, died at North Anson, March 17, 1826. Served in the Revolution as mariner. Name was placed on pension roll, February 1, 1819. Lived in Woolwich and North Anson. A headstone marks his grave.

THOMAS DINSMORE, born in Chester, New Hampshire, (now Auburn) in 1748, died in Anson, Maine, January 7, 1832. His name appears on list of men belonging to militia of North Yarmouth, Cumberland county, raised to reinforce Continental Army as returned to Brig. Samuel Thompson. Lived in New Hampshire and North Anson. A headstone marks his grave.

Buried on Graveyard Hill, North Anson, Maine.

JABEZ BATES, born in Hanover, in 1760, died in North Anson, after 1805. Was under the command of Capt. George Webb. Also in list of men raised for six months' service as returned by Brig. Gen. Paterson. A stone is to be placed at his grave by Ruth Heald Cragin Chapter.

Buried in Gray Cemetery, North Anson, Maine.

WILLIAM PAYNE, born in Woolwich, Maine, November, 1760, died in North Anson, October 14, 1846. Was a private in Capt. Wiley's company, Col. Michael Jackson's regiment in 1777. Enlisted at age of 17 and served about three years. Lived in North Anson, Maine. A son of John Payne. A headstone marks his grave.

(To be continued.)

"I take the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, and am always glad when it comes."—MRS. SARAH POTTER FLORA, Eaton, Ohio.

WORK OF THE CHAPTERS

Anne Wood Elderkin Chapter (Willimantic, Connecticut).

—Anne's Daughters were fifteen years old November 25, 1909, and they held a "Birthday Party," with their first regent, Mrs. Lizzie F. Litchfield at her home on Windham street. The house was prettily decorated. Many of the charter members were present. Of the twenty-three original members six have withdrawn, two have died, and fifteen are still members of the chapter. The chapter has had two "Real Daughters" among its members, Mrs. Angeline Loring Avery, who is still a member, and Mrs. Minerva Grant Snow, who has answered the "roll call up yonder." The chapter's charter is enclosed in a frame made from oak timbers taken from the house at Windham, built and occupied by Gen. Jedediah Elderkin, before the war of the Revolution. Mrs. Litchfield presided, and the program included a "History Catechism" such as was used at the early meetings, answers being given by the members. An interesting paper explaining the object and work of the chapter since its beginning was written by Mrs. Edith M. Lincoln, (our vice-regent) and was read by Miss Louise Holt.

Then followed something out of the ordinary. A large fruit cake bearing the chapter's insignia in the center, and surrounded by fifteen lighted candles set in pink rose holders, garnished with a wreath of smilax, made an attractive picture as it was brought into the room.

Souvenirs in the form of a shield, with the date on one side, and "Fifteenth Birthday Greeting" on the other, were given all the members. The afternoon spent together in remembrance of the fifteenth anniversary of the Anne Wood Elderkin Chapter, will long be remembered.—LOUISE CARPENTER GOSS, *Historian*.

Judea Chapter (Washington, Connecticut).—On September 4th, occurred the dedication of the fine, new high and graded school building.

A beautiful flag, ten by twenty feet had been purchased by the Judea Chapter, and it was presented by the regent, Mrs. C. Ford Seeley in these words:

"To the members of the school board of the town of Washington, and to the pupils who will attend this new graded and high school, I have the honor and pleasure to present this flag, from the members of the Judea Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

"We must not forget the noble men and women who sacrificed so much that we might become a free and independent nation, and the flag adopted as our nation's emblem should be sacred to all of us. Of course you all know that the thirteen stripes represent the thirteen original colonies and that a new star is added whenever a state is admitted to the Union, until we now have forty-six great commonwealths united under one government. Every nation has its flag, many of them interesting and typical of some national trait, but to every loyal American none is so beautiful as our Stars and Stripes, the red, white and blue.

"I trust that the pupils of this school will continue to love the flag of their country and become honored and useful citizens of this great republic."

Following the presentation, the children gave the salute to the flag which had been taught them by Mrs. A. C. Titus, a member of the chapter, and as the flag was unfurled and floated beautifully in the sunlight and fresh breeze, the children and the audience joined in singing "America."—AMY C. CHURCH, *Historian*.

Norwalk Chapter (Norwalk, Connecticut).—May we of the fourth chapter in the State tell you about our October meeting which was held at beautiful "Colonial Cottage," the home of Mrs. J. Milton Coburn, historian of the chapter.

The program was as follows:

Music, poetry, prose.

Glimmering candle lights.

Open fire. Colonial Tea served by Colonial Dames.

The song "Connecticut," written by the blind poetess, Fannie Crosby, and dedicated to the Connecticut Daughters, will be sung. Norwalk Chapter is glad to thus honor Madam Crosby.

The keynote of the songs will be given by a pitch pipe 150 years old.

The day of the meeting was clear and bright and as the hour

of three was announced by grandfather's clock the drawing rooms were filled.

Fires burned in the fireplaces, flags were beautifully draped, while the choice curios and rare antiques divided attention with the program.

"There's no Land Like Ours" was sung by a quartette of trained voices, and the large audience sat entranced. After the song the singers came and sat with the audience making a pleasing picture in their Revolutionary garments.

The poem, "Twentieth Century Musings" was effectively given.

"The Man in the Stage Coach," by Dr. Coburn, was the feature of the afternoon.

Dr. Coburn has written many a story of Colonial times; has given earnest study to the period so that he has a fine appreciation both of the type of character and of the artistic value of their presentation. The story is replete with beautiful thought, clothed in choice English and touched with a poetic strain, that comes to the heart like a benediction or an uplifting inspiration.

The next two numbers were the song "Connecticut" and "God be with you till we meet again," by the same quartette of sweet singers in their quaint attire.

With the salute to the flag the meeting adjourned to the dining room.

The hostess laughingly invited the guests to roam at will "up stairs, down stairs and in the lady's chamber."

A dear little old lady sat in one corner of the dining room spinning.

The tea was served by Colonial Dames brilliant in puffs, jewelry and magnificent gowns that belonged to the long ago.

The grandfather clocks kept ticking, ticking, relentlessly on, until they had ticked off the hour of departure. Good byes were said and this meeting of the early fall had passed into history. The regent, Mrs. Nixon, presided.

Victoria Chapter (New Smyrna, Florida).—On October 27, a large number of ladies representative of the oldest and most aristocratic families of that section of the East Coast met at the

home of Mrs. J. P. Turner, New Smyrna, and organized the Victoria Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The old mansion facing the Indian river, draped with the national colors, was beautifully decorated.

The traditional and inalienable right of Southern women to be beautiful and gifted, dignified, gracious and enthusiastic, was never more in evidence.

Mrs. Fox assisted in receiving and Miss Westall in distributing the favors, consisting of a badge with a miniature flag tied with the national colors and the golden rod.

Refreshments were served.

The following officers were appointed, under the auspices of Mrs. J. P. Turner, who had been appointed chapter regent:

Mrs. B. Fox, vice-president; Mrs. D. P. Smith, corresponding secretary; Miss Lillian Westall, recording secretary; Mrs. T. L. Howell, registrar; Mrs. C. L. Dohn, treasurer; Mrs. E. E. Ireland, historian.

At the close of the meeting a unanimous vote of thanks was awarded the regent (Mrs. Turner) for her efforts in bringing the proceedings to a successful termination.

Mrs. Turner is a prominent and influential woman of Florida.

Sarah McIntosh Chapter (Atlanta, Georgia).—On the 16th of September, 1909, Sarah McIntosh Chapter met to celebrate their fourth birthday. Below we give something of what she has accomplished during the year.

As this was a celebration of our fourth birthday, it was in order that a few facts concerning the work of our chapter be given.

We have endeavored to have something in a literary way in the way of papers read by the different members. Especial mention should be made of the one by Miss Estill on the early history of Georgia, which was elaborate and full of information. At one of our interesting meetings at the home of Mrs. Brownell, she gave us a history of the first battle of the Revolutionary war, at Lexington and Concord. She also had a map of her own production, showing the battle ground and its surroundings. Miss Estill read the famous ride of Paul Revere the night before the battle, in an effective way, after which

refreshments were served. At one of the meetings we had a school and questions were asked by our regent on the early history of our organization and were readily answered by the members. Flag day was appropriately observed at the Country club, where we were entertained by our regent. Here we had an interesting talk by Doctor Rowlett on flags. After the meeting punch was served and toasts offered by the different members. We have contributed five dollars toward a scholarship in the Berry school, which is located at Rome, Georgia. We have also given substantial aid to Kindergarten No. 8. As we are growing gradually financially and educationally so we are in numbers too. We have added to our lists this year, six members. We are recorded as having given two dollars toward the loving cup presented to our former state regent, Miss Benning.

We have had several entertainments during the year for the benefit of the chapter—two dancing parties and two card parties. We also conducted a restaurant for two days at the "Sign of the Blue Teapot." From all of these we realized small sums which helped to swell our bank account.

We have to our credit in Central Loan & Trust Corporation, \$208.88, in the Neal Bank, \$145.37, making in all \$354.25. We are working for our chapter house and hope to add to this beginning and some day to realize our ambition to have a chapter house of our own.

I think we have been a success socially for we always enjoy mingling together, and we never leave out that part of our meeting. The last meeting the fifteenth of this month was election day. The officers were all changed, not from a sense of dissatisfaction or inefficiency at all, but for the health of the chapter. We are a people of a change. While we disliked to part with our beloved regent, Mrs. Perdue, we feel the mantle has fallen on worthy shoulders in Mrs. Moody, who will wear it with dignity and grace. To her we promise our hearty support.—MRS. W. A. NEAL, *Historian*.

Illini Chapter (Ottawa, Illinois).—Flag Day was suitably observed by Illini Chapter on June fourteenth, 1909, at the home of one of the members. The rooms were beautifully decorated.

The program, consisting of a dramatic and musical interpretation of "The Courtship of Miles Standish," given by ladies who are artists in their line, was greatly enjoyed by a large and enthusiastic audience.

The residence of Mrs. M. E. Crumpton, was the scene of one of the prettiest events taking place in Ottawa in many months, when Illini Chapter entertained in honor of twenty visiting ladies from the Princeton Chapter.

Twenty tables with covers laid for eighty were each a creation of the decorator's art.

A half dozen courses were served, following which the remainder of the afternoon was passed socially and in an effort to weld the ties uniting the two chapters a little stronger by the members becoming better acquainted with one another.

The residence was beautifully decorated with flags and wild flowers. The trimmings combined with the pretty appearance of the tables created an effect that one could not help but notice.

Among the visiting guests were Mrs. John C. Ames, of Streator, state regent, and Mrs. McGrew, of Chicago, state treasurer. Mrs. McGrew is also first vice-regent of the Chicago chapter. The presence here of both of these ladies added greatly to the delights of the afternoon.

During the banquet a three-piece orchestra furnished music.
—ELIZABETH MYER HILLS, *Historian*.

Agnes Pruyn Chapman Chapter (Warsaw, Indiana), received their National Charter, No. 805, on November 19, 1908; a year after their organization. Mrs. Flora Ristene Frazer is the regent.

Before the holidays, 1908, the ladies of the local chapter took up the sale of the Red Cross holiday stamps, turning into the State headquarters thirty dollars.

Upon January first, nineteen hundred and nine, the twenty resident members of the chapter entertained at an elaborate reception. The regent, Mrs. W. D. Frazer, Mrs. Edgar Haymond, Mrs. William Conrad and Mrs. W. W. Reed, opened their beautiful homes and there amid flags and flowers and banners of the order's colors, assisted by the other members of

the chapter, the Agnes Pruyn Chapman Chapter entertained two hundred and fifty of their friends.

The day was brought to a fitting close by a brilliant gathering at the home of the regent in the evening, when the members of the chapter and their families met the guests of honor and the chapter's visiting members.

At the business meeting of the chapter, held January 6, 1909, the regent and all the other officers, then serving, were unanimously reelected.

Upon February 4th, the members of the chapter were again the guests of their regent, Mrs. Frazer. Delegates and alternates were elected to the Continental Congress in April.

The first of the series of studies of "The Woman of America," chosen as the subject of the first half of the year's work upon the new program, was given at the meeting upon April 8th, 1909, with Mrs. W. H. Simons and daughters. An ingenious arrangement of draperies, frame and back-ground in one of the wide door ways, presented the appearance of a deep picture frame, draped with large flags. Mrs. Haymond read interesting sketches of the lives of Pocohontas, Hannah Dustin and Madame Glover, and as these were read, the flags withdrawn, revealed within the frame, the living picture of the heroine appropriately costumed and posed. Following these Mrs. W. W. Reed read to the soft and rippling accompaniment of music, the portions of the descriptions of Priscilla and Evangeline in the poems. "The Courtship of Miles Standish" and "Evangeline," while within the picture appeared demure Priscilla, and fair Evangeline in turn.

A large and appreciative audience gathered in the handsome home of Mrs. Reed on June 17. Mrs. William Conrad read interesting sketches of the "Women of the Revolutionary Period," while Miss Catlin gave accounts of the life and times of various "Women of the Early Republic." These interesting biographies were illustrated by living pictures, each posed during the reading of the sketch of her life: Martha Washington, Betsey Ross, "Molly Pitcher," Molly Stark, Dolly Madison, Peggy O'Neil, Nellie Custis and Theodosia Burr, and when these representative women appeared to meet their assembled guests and enjoy the refreshments served by the hostess, every

one present expressed herself as feeling that American history and its makers would henceforth seem more real and vivid to them.

Upon Thursday, July 15, 1909, occurred the open meeting of the Warsaw-Winona Chapter, at Winona, to which all the chapters of Indiana and surrounding states had been invited early. Through the liberality of General Manager Sol. C. Dickey and other members of the board, this magnificent assembly, which is the flower of years of study and work and millions of dollars of invested capital, gives one day of its season for the interest of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster was the speaker of the afternoon, and the state regent, Mrs. Sarah A. Dinwiddie and the state secretary, Mrs. Frank Felter honored the occasion with their attendance.

The first meeting of the day was held in the Westminster Chapel, state regent, Mrs. Dinwiddie, presiding, after the invocation by Mrs. Lucy K. Bennett, of this chapter, our visitors were bidden welcome by Mrs. William Conrad, vice-regent of the Agnes Pruyn Chapman Chapter.

A delightful piano solo was then given by Miss Betty Reed, Mrs. Dinwiddie gave a splendid address on "The Children of the Republic" and Mrs. J. Ellen Foster consented to give a talk contrasting the ideal conditions of the Children of the Republic, with the real, revealed in Child Labor. The program closed with a vocal solo by Miss Ethel Dickey, of Warsaw.

The afternoon session held in the auditorium was presided over by Mrs. William Conrad, the invocation was pronounced by Mrs. Montgomery, of Warsaw, following this was a soprano solo by Mrs. James Frazer, of Warsaw. Mrs. J. Ellen Foster then gave her address, holding the attention of her eager hearers both by her mastery of the subject and her rare personal charm.

At the conclusion of the program, the Daughters of the American Revolution and their guests were given a reception at the Winona hotel by the Agnes Pruyn Chapman Chapter, of Warsaw and Winona. The distinguished guests: Mrs. Foster, Mrs. Dinwiddie and Mrs. Felter with the officers of

the local chapter and the committee of arrangements, Mesdames Conrad, Davis, Reed, Boyd and Simons, received.

The ladies resumed their work at the conclusion of the summer meeting at the home of Miss Catlin on September twenty-third. The subject under consideration, on the program, was "Patriotic Music and its Influence." The quotations given at roll-call were from patriotic songs. The instrumental selections by Miss Reed and the song by Mrs. Lynch, were chosen to conform to this topic. A stirring patriotic reading was given by Mrs. W. W. Reed. Delegates to the state meeting at Huntington were appointed at this time.

The October meeting was the occasion of the six-o'clock dinner given by the members of the chapter to their husbands and friends. Judge Haymond, a representative of the order of Cincinnati, shared with Mrs. Haymond, the honors of the evening as hosts to the fifty guests.—MRS. ORIANNA RUSSELL SIMONS, *Historian*.

Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter (Indianapolis, Indiana), opened its session October 5th with a luncheon at the Country club. The business feature of the occasion was the election of delegates to the ninth Indiana Conference at Huntingdon, October 12, 13, 14. Greetings from Mrs. Matthew Scott and Mrs. James M. Fowler were received and read during the afternoon. The luncheon was followed by an informal hour at the beautiful country home of Mrs. D. M. Parry. It was a day long to be remembered.

November 11th occurred the regent's reception to members and guests. The guests of honor were Mrs. J. M. Fowler, Lafayette, vice-president general of the national society; Mrs. John Lee Dinwiddie, Fowler, state regent; Mrs. John N. Carey, former vice-president general; Mrs. Chapin C. Foster, honorary state regent; Mrs. W. A. Guthrie, Franklin, third honorary state regent; Mrs. E. C. Atkins, regent of the Indianapolis Chapter, and Miss Julia Hobbs, regent of the General Arthur St. Clair Chapter. Members of the board were the assisting ladies. Mrs. Dinwiddie and Mrs. Fowler made interesting addresses on the work of the Daughters of the Ameri-

can Revolution. Mrs. Fowler made an urgent plea for a larger circulation of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter has recently become affiliated with the Local Council of Women.

A course of lectures has been given under the auspices of the chapter which netted eighty dollars (\$80.00).

Ten new members have been admitted and twenty-two applicants are on the waiting list.—CARRIE L. A. WYNN, *Historian*.

White River Chapter (Washington, Indiana), was organized in October 2, 1906, by Mrs. Austin F. Cabel, who has held the office of regent up to the present time. The chapter was organized with twelve members, it has now a little more than doubled that number. The chapter has had regular meetings on the first Friday of each month.

One of our greatest efforts, has been toward enlarging our membership, and we inaugurated a series of social meetings with that purpose in view. These meetings are held each month about midway between the regular business or literary meetings. Two of the members entertain together at the home of one. The public is invited and we always have a good attendance. A light lunch is served during the afternoon, and visitors may leave some slight contribution if they desire, but it is understood that it is not compulsory. The afternoon is spent in a social way, and the members take this opportunity to explain to callers the nature of the Daughters of the American Revolution Society; what the requirements are for membership, &c., in short, to get them interested enough, to find whether or not, they are eligible.

On the evening of February 22d we gave a Colonial ball, which was unique. Of course we all appeared in powdered hair and patches." Our invitations were printed on parchment paper, were rolled and tied with Daughters of the American Revolution colors. They read as follows:

"Ye White River Chapter of ye Daughters of ye American Revolution, in ye ancient Towne of Washington, Indiana, will give a Ball in honor of ye Father of ye Country at ye Peoples Hall, ye second month and ye twenty-second day.

"Ye latch string of ye door shall be hung out at half after eight of ye clock and ye instruments shall make music at nine of ye clock.

"Ye Ladies and ye Men are requested to wear ye costumes of ye Colonial days. Ye people need not bring candles, as ye Committee have bargained to furnish ye needed light, but it will be needful that each couple shall bring eight bits,—to pay ye Fiddlers."

One of the young men of the city dressed in Colonial costume, cocked hat, ruffled stock, &c., delivered the invitations. He rode on horseback and carried the "parchment rolls" in saddle bags. Of course, this attracted attention, being a little out of the ordinary. Our ball was a decided success, and we hope to make it an annual affair.

Upon receipt of a request from Miss Browning our state historian, to assist her in obtaining some "local" history, we sent out some forty invitations to the oldest citizens of the town and county, to attend a "Reminiscence meeting." The meeting was held at the Carnegie library. Something over thirty attended, and it certainly was a delightful affair. Several old people gave interesting talks on incidents of "days gone by." We hope, that after our next "Old Peoples" meeting, which takes place in two weeks, we will have something of importance to report to Miss Browning.

It has been the custom in the past, for the regent to entertain the chapter on "Regent's day," the anniversary of the organization of the chapter, and this year was no exception to the rule. The chapter was invited to a twelve o'clock dinner. The dining room was decorated in the national colors.

After dinner we adjourned to the parlors, where the annual election of officers took place.

Old Thirteen Chapter (Chariton, Iowa).—The fifteenth of each month, in the Daughters of the American Revolution room, in the Chariton public library, is our time and place of meeting. Our regent, Mrs. Hooper called us to her home after a lively business meeting, complimentary to two of our members who were moving away.

We have twenty-six members. We do not have the inspiration you of the East must gain by living in the midst of those hallowed and time honored spots, made so, by the self-sacrifice

and blood of our forefathers. Our motive is to arouse reverence in the children and youths of our country, and if possible, build up and stimulate a patriotic pride for the principles of our Government, as well as the sacred soil so dearly bought.

One method we are trying, is an oath of loyalty. We had printed in an attractive way, blue letters on white cardboard with our insignia at the top with a little border around the card. These, we have framed in a neat solid oak frame, and hung in the school-rooms of our public schools. This was passed on by our school board and approved and is a part of the teachers' duties to teach it to their pupils. Thinking some other chapter may be looking for something to do in this work, I give below a copy of this oath.

"Revering the God of my fathers, I hereby make my oath of undying allegiance to those constitutional principles that gave my country birth, that gave me life, liberty and happiness, and that insures to my country, a Government of the people, by the people and for the people, forever."

And in the lower right corner, is placed:

PRESENTED BY
"THE OLD THIRTEEN CHAPTER" DAUGHTERS OF THE
AMERICAN REVOLUTION
Chariton, Iowa, 1909.

Another is, offering a prize of five dollars each to a boy and a girl in the high school who will write the best essay on American history. Their recitation grade in history to enter in, when awarding the prizes. We think this method, will obviate controversies or jealousies that sometimes arise when giving prizes among children.

We have just one established social function, our annual banquet, this year we decided to deviate. The early autumn was so beautiful and enticing we had a picnic at the home on the lawn and grove of two of our members, Mrs. Mallory and her daughter, Mrs. Thayer.—MRS. SARAH W. STUART.

Ashley Chapter (Cedar Rapids, Iowa), held their first meeting for the year with the regent, Mrs. Austin. An interesting year book on early explorers and colonization of New France

was the careful work of the program committee. Mrs. Helen Armstrong read the first paper on Huguenots in Florida, a very interesting subject, ably handled.

Mrs. Jennie I. Berry, our historian, gave a review of the years work, condensed, yet complete, proving to the chapter that she is a woman large enough to have more than one interest in life. Ashley Chapter is proud of its distinguished member.

Miss Armstrong favored the chapter with fine music, much appreciated; the hostess assisted by her daughter Miss Marie Austin, served light refreshments, a social hour was enjoyed, and the first meeting of the chapter was voted a success.

Pelican Chapter (Shreveport, Louisiana).—The unbroken lineage of the Flournoy family, from the massacre of the Protestants at Vassy in 1562, in which the Flournoys were early sufferers for their religion, to the present time, has been determined. Twenty-four members of the Flournoy family belong to the Pelican Chapter. "The name is French and from the words "fleur" and "noix" and the coat of arms is a play on the name, "The flower of the walnut" is the literal translation of the name. The arms are blazoned: Azure, a chevron argent, in chief, two chains of walnut flowers in pale, a walnut of the same color. Motto: Ex flore fruetno—"From the flower fruit." Sincerity, truth, loyalty, peace, joy and protection are all symbolized by this coat of arms.

Every Flourney in America is descended from Laurent Flournoy and his wife, Gabriel Mellin. Laurent was a lapidary and his sons followed the same trade. From Virginia the family went farther south to Kentucky and Tennessee, and now every state without doubt has its branch of the family. Some of the family of Tennessee were pioneers in Louisiana. The Flournoys of Kentucky are descendants of Samuel, son of the immigrant, Jean Jacques. Samuel married Elizabeth Harris. These are the ancestors also of the Louisiana branch and from whom the members of the Pelican Chapter trace their Revolutionary lineage.

John Paul Jones Chapter (Boston, Massachusetts), held a special meeting October 13th with one of its new members, Dr.

Eliza B. Cahill, at the hotel Westminster, for the purpose of receiving applications for membership. Miss Marion H. Brazier founder and regent presided. Matters of interest were discussed and plans made for the season. An open meeting for guests was held October 26th, at the studio of Miss Marie Ware Laughton, founder of Committee of Safety Chapter. Several speakers addressed the gathering. The chapter entertains at headquarters on a Monday afternoon after January 1, 1910.

Sarah Bradlee-Fulton Chapter (Medford, Massachusetts).—The season of 1909-10 was opened the first Monday in October. The meeting took the form of an experience party. In the style of chronicles, in prose or verse the members related their experiences in earning the dollars they brought that added a considerable sum to the treasury. It was also an evening of merry entertainment.

In November Mrs. Augusta R. Brigham was our delegate to the state convention in Pittsfield. She brought back a very full and interesting report of the proceedings of the convention. Late in the evening the time was devoted to the reading of epitaphs. The members had copied them from old New England burial places, from abroad, and from printed histories of our colonial towns.

Our public work has been as follows: In September, the Lorin L. Dame Schoolhouse, named for the late honored principal of our high school, was dedicated. Our chapter presented a fine silk flag with base to hold it for use in the assembly hall. The membership of the chapter was well represented at the dedicatory exercises and Miss Ella L. Burbank, past regent, in an able speech gracefully made the presentation.

In November we voted to contribute five dollars to the Martha Berry School in Georgia. This is our second gift to this worthy educational work.—*ELIZA M. GILL, Corresponding Secretary.*

St. Paul Chapter (St. Paul, Minnesota).—During the past year, 1908-1909, the St. Paul Chapter has added fifteen new

members to its already large roll-call of one hundred and seventy-five names and we hope to welcome at least twenty-five new members during the coming year.

We have lost two of our members by death: Mrs. Reese Marshall Newport, the founder and organizer of our chapter, to whose efforts its present success may be attributed, and Mrs. William C. Edward, who has belonged to our chapter for some years.

On January 5, 1909, we met in the assembly rooms of the U. C. T. and listened with interest to the paper on "New England Literature," given by Mrs. W. G. Johnson, of Nathan Hale Chapter. Mrs. Renz rendered several vocal selections in a charming way, which added to our afternoon's pleasure.

Our next quarterly meeting was on Thursday, April 29, 1909. Miss Sue Willis gave an entertaining and instructive talk on "The Influence of the Dutch in America." Mrs. LeRoy O'Brien sang patriotic songs in her charming way.

"Bunker Hill Day" will long be remembered with delight by all who were at Mrs. D. W. C. Ruff's lovely home at Bald Eagle Lake. Col. James H. Davidson addressed the assembled ladies in an eloquent manner on the "Battle of Bunker Hill." Mrs. Loyhed, our state regent, was with us that day and spoke in an inspiring manner on "Patriotism." Miss Helen Ruff was pleasing in recitations and Mrs. Rising, of Winona, said a few words to us, and besides the St. Paul Chapter Mrs. Ruff had a good many guests from other chapters who enjoyed her charming hospitality.

At our annual meeting on October 12, 1909, Mrs. Dennis Follett was re-elected regent.

Resolution was passed that a fund be raised by a committee of three to help the Daughters of the American Revolution school for mountain boys at Rome, Georgia.

After all the business matters, our regent, Mrs. Follett, gave us an able little talk, and Mrs. C. R. Davis, of St. Peter, who represented our chapter at the Daughters of the American Revolution Congress last April, told us of the work of that body.

As a fitting close to our year's work, one of our new mem-

bers, Mrs. A. C. Stevens, who has just been elected chaplain, sang beautifully an original song, her sister, Mrs. Hagman, of North Dakota, had composed. Mrs. Stevens sang the following to the "Rubenstein's Yearnings:"

THE FLAG'S BIRTHDAY.

O the days of war and glory,
 When our patriots brave and true
 Made the fairest flag of story,
 With its stars and field of blue;
 And its stripes to breezes flinging
 Folds soft gleaming in the sun,
 And a message to us bringing
 Of great battles fought and won.
 Are the days that we would sing of
 On our flags own natal day
 Tribute to the land we love,
 Be it ever free, we pray.

'Mid the battle's smoke and carnage
 When the cause seemed almost lost
 Soldiers saw and feared no bondage,
 Nor how deep the rivers crossed,
 Saw old glory waving proudly,
 Though all torn and battle stained.
 Cheer on cheer re-echoed loudly,
 Fears allayed and hopes regained,
 Many lives for our old glory,
 Many fortunes, too, were lost;
 Youths and boys and old men hoary
 Freedom bought at so great cost.

On this day of summer beauty
 May our hearts all thrill with pride,
 And each strive to do his duty
 With our past to be our guide
 To a future of such power
 That no treason's tainted breath
 Shall e'er cause the perfect flower
 Of true patriotism's death.
 May the God whom nations love
 Be our God as in the past.
 May our flag e'er float above
 Till death's slumber holds us fast.

It is such songs as these that inspire us all to be better men and women and tend to help us live up to the grand old principles for which our forefathers gladly gave up their lives.

At the close of the meeting an informal reception was tendered to the guests present on that day and to the new officers.—
ADELE BLOSS MONFORT, Historian.

Copiah Chapter (Crystal Springs, Mississippi).—In submitting the report of this chapter, which, by the way, is still in its infancy, having not yet passed its first birthday anniversary, the secretary wishes to state that this organization hopes to have many greater things to report in times to come; as it is our ambition to be among the first, in work and patriotic zeal, not only in the state but in the National Society.

The existence of this little chapter, thirteen in number, one for each of the original thirteen states, is due to the persistent efforts of Mrs. Robert E. Jones, ex-president of the Mississippi State Federation of Women's Clubs, a woman naturally gifted with executive ability, with a heart full of love for her countrymen as well as her countrywomen, and who, in the month of March of this year 1909, called together, at the home of Mrs. S. H. Howell, a small band of women interested in cherishing the memory of the men and women who stood firmly for duty in the early days of our national life, and effected the organization of this, the Copiah Chapter, with the following officials: Mrs. Robert E. Jones, regent; Mrs. Nannie L. Head, vice regent; Mrs. Mignonne Russell Howell, registrar; Mrs. Mary Johnson Wolfe, treasurer; Mrs. Tyna Clement Todd, secretary; Mrs. Ignatia Robinson, Mrs. Lula J. Hutchinson and Mrs. Elizabeth Jones Parsons, board of managers.

The first meeting after the suspension of the summer months was held with the regent, and an enthusiastic meeting it proved, full of patriotism, inspired by a splendid musical and historical program and the beautiful decorations all done in the national colors, together with luncheon faultlessly served. We have mapped out, for the winter months, a historical study of the Revolutionary times, from which our members hope to gain inspiration as well as information.

In conclusion, I wish to say that the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE we find not only beneficial in keeping us in touch with other chapters and members, but helpful in our Revolutionary study.—TYNA CLEMENT TODD.

Haddonfield Chapter (Haddonfield, New Jersey).—On October 26th members and friends of Haddonfield Chapter in response to an invitation extended by Miss Jane Campbell, made a pilgrimage to historic spots in and around Germantown, rich in Revolutionary relics and historic homes. Our first stop was at the Negley home, situated on Germantown avenue. It is a quaint stone house, one and one-half stories high, where lived the Negley brothers, all Revolutionary patriots. In one of the little dormer windows was a staff holder, showing that the glorious stars and stripes, for which the brothers had fought, still held an honored place in the old house. In front was the trunk of a large buttonwood tree, under which the British soldiers had passed to and fro on their way to old "Stenton," which was for a short time the headquarters of General Howe. We next went to "Stenton," the home of the Logan family. The mansion was built in 1728 by James Logan, who was secretary of the province, president of the council and chief justice of the supreme court of Pennsylvania for many years. On entering the front door, you are ushered into a wide, brick paved hall, with an open fireplace at one end, in close proximity to the library door, which opens on the right of the hall. At the left stands an immense iron sea chest, that has no less than fourteen locks; and on that side opens the parlor door, in which stands the sofa owned by William Penn, quaint in design but not a miracle of ease and comfort. The broad, beautiful stairway leads up from the back of the hall to large, well lighted bed rooms, one of which contains the cradle in which James Logan was rocked.

The attic contains several large rooms, also one small one, in which there is no window, and there in solitary grandeur abides the ghost which is such a necessary appendage to all old houses. Before the battle of Germantown this house was taken by General Howe for his headquarters, afterward Gen-

eral Washington occupied it with his staff, and later on, as president of the United States, was the guest of Pennsylvania's most distinguished colonial dame, Deborah Norris Logan, who also numbered among her guests Franklin, Lafayette, Jefferson, Monroe, Madison and John Randolph of Roanoke.

"Stenton" has been purchased by the city and the grounds, about twenty acres, are being laid out into a beautiful park.

Our next visit was to the "Site and Relic House," which was formerly the home of the Wister family, but has recently been bought by the city. On either side of the broad stone steps are couchant lions, brought from the Bonaparte estate in Bordentown. It would be impossible to enumerate or describe the interesting relics that have been collected and placed here, for the education and enjoyment of visitors, and it is a place of which the people of Germantown may be justly proud. Like the Daughters of Woodbury, who have a permanent home in the Whitall house at Red Bank, two Philadelphia chapters who have homes in the old headquarters at Valley Forge, the Colonial Dames and Daughters their rooms in the barracks at Trenton, the Germantown Chapter has been given a room in this beautiful old house, which they have fitted up in colonial style, and there they extended to their guests, the Haddonfield Chapter, their hospitality by offering the time honored beverage, tea, with its accompaniment of dainty cakes, crackers, etc.

The love and reverence which surrounds Mount Vernon, the care of the barracks at Trenton, the neatness and beauty of "Stenton" are all illustrations of what patriotic education, fostered by the great society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, has already done for our historic places and relics; and will in time be a monument to their memory.—GERTRUDE Y. LIPPINCOTT, *Corresponding Secretary, Haddonfield Chapter.*

Monmouth Chapter (Red Bank, New Jersey).—The chapter is now nine years old, and consists of forty-three members. Our chapter work is literary, social and educational.

At an enjoyable meeting, held in Hightstown, a letter was sent to Miss Ellen Mecum, retiring state regent, assuring her of the love and loyalty of the members of the chapter, declar-

ing their appreciation of her valuable and efficient aid in the work of patriotic education, and of her efforts to advance the interests of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The chapter's aid in the furnishing of the New Jersey room in Continental Hall was advocated by our regent, Mrs. Henry S. White. The chapter contributed sixty dollars for an arm chair. The regent reported the success of a series of lectures for the Italian mission. In this connection she also gave a summary of the work of the chapter since its organization; a bronze tablet and hangings for old Tennent church; six copies of the Declaration of Independence. Desiring to encourage the study of the history of our country and to foster the spirit of patriotism among young people, prizes for the best essays were offered on the following subjects: "Battle of Princeton," "Character of Lafayette." One hundred dollars for Continental Hall, Washington, D. C. Two years maintenance of a scholarship for a southern mountaineer pupil.

Monmouth Chapter with other patriotic societies were invited to Princeton to observe Washington's birthday. Services were held in the historic Presbyterian church. Addresses were given in Old Nassau hall; luncheon served at Princeton Inn.

At the March meeting we had the honor of entertaining Miss Ellen Mecum, state regent, who gave an interesting description of the New Jersey room, the furniture of which was made from the oak timbers of the British man-of-war *Augusta*, which was sunk in an engagement at Red Bank, New Jersey, October 22, 1777.

The crowning meeting of the year was held at the New Monmouth hotel at Spring Lake, New Jersey. The Sons of American Revolution invited the Daughters of the American Revolution to attend a banquet for the celebration of the one hundred and thirty-first anniversary of the Battle of Monmouth on June 28, 1909.

The various chapters were conveyed by special train. A delightful dinner was served. The favors were small muskets—rather formidable although small—upon touching a spring were suddenly transformed into fans of the American flag.

Addresses were made by Governor Fort of New Jersey,

the Rev. Dr. Whitaker of Elizabeth, and others. Music interspersed with patriotic songs made the day very enjoyable and one long to be remembered.—SARAH E. ELDRIDGE, *Historian*.

Cuyahoga-Portage Chapter (Akron, Ohio).—Ye ladyes of Cuyahoga-Portage Chapter No. 335 will give a Colonial Tea at the home of Ladye A. L. Conger, Wednesday, November 17th, from two to six o'clock. Ye are cordially invited to attende. Admission 25 cents. Starte ye earлы.

Over two hundred guests were present at the Colonial tea given at Irving Lawn, the home of Mrs. A. L. Conger, by the local chapter. Mrs. Conger was assisted by Mrs. C. M. Knight, regent of the chapter; Mrs. L. S. Ebright, Mrs. Ella Allen and Mrs. De Ross Hart. The long walks and drive leading to the house from the road were lined with flags. The interior of Irving Lawn was also lavishly decorated.

The chapter members wore caps and kerchiefs of the style brought into vogue by Martha Washington. Many of the ladies donned for the occasion handsome gowns that had not been worn for many a year.

Every one of the members wore something distinctive about her dress, and many of the young women were gowned in white frocks, of more or less elaborate design with kerchiefs and caps and perhaps a bit of antique jewelry.

At intervals during the afternoon an informal program was given. Miss Adeline Voss sang, Mrs. Ora Lytle played two cornet solos, while Miss Ida Sirdefield was at the pipe organ, for which Irving Lawn is famous. Miss Merrill gave two humorous readings, and Miss Ebright read some verses written especially for this annual reception and tea. Old fashioned high tea was served in the dining room and breakfast room.

Taylor Chapter (Geauga County, Ohio), has just closed its work for the season with a special meeting, November 4th. The meetings have been interesting and instructive. Eleven new members have been added and the first granddaughter was an honored guest at the special meeting and presented with a beautiful Colonial spoon. Our first regent, Dr. Mary C. Good-

win, presented the chapter a gavel made of wood from Mount Vernon, mounted with silver and a silver ring on the handle with her name and date of office engraved on it and requested that each succeeding regent should add a silver ring, that in time it would be a silver handle.

Although Taylor Chapter has only been organized since July, 1907, we number sixty members. The different committees are working for patriotic education, locating Revolutionary soldiers' graves, and are ready to do whatever presents itself to help the principles of the society and "to perpetuate the memory and the spirit of the men and women who achieved American independence." Our year books are out for 1910 and the subjects at the meetings will be some of the great battles fought at the nearest to the dates of our meetings beginning May 12. A contribution has been sent toward Continental Hall fund.—
MRS. CARL HARPER, *Historian.*

Dubois Chapter (Dubois, Pennsylvania), has its home in the beautiful city of Dubois situated on the western slope of the Allegheny mountains. Historically it is not noted. Owing to its elevation there are many bits of surrounding scenery, and the sunsets are grand.

The chapter was organized on January 9, 1909, with fourteen charter members, it now has a membership of fifty-four, and has nearly completed a year of successful work.

The meetings are of interest, and instructive, taking place at the home of the members the third Monday of each month. Each member responds to roll call with an appropriate quotation.

The Daughters have not forgotten the duty it owes to Continental Hall for its completion and have contributed liberally at different times.

The AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE is circulated among the members and thoroughly appreciated.

The first duties being to increase patriotism and further civic education, during the past year the chapter has been interested in many good works of a public and patriotic character.

Holidays have been kept, prizes have been given to pupils

of the high schools for historical essays, and many interesting papers have been read.

Our first year book made its appearance this year. A very satisfactory program was arranged with lists of hostesses, and topics to be rendered by various members.

The August meeting was of special interest, it being in the form of an outing and consisted of a trolley ride through several mining towns to Rathmel Junction.

The Daughters were then taken to the home of the hostess, (ye historian) where a hearty welcome awaited them.

Refreshments were served, ye good olden time, following which over the hills back to the trolley station. After wondering, "Does the road lead upward all the way," a glorious sight burst into view.

"Glory beyond glory ever seen
The appearance instantaneously disclosed,
Was of a mighty city—
Far sinking into splendor without end!
Fabric it seemed of diamond and of gold;
With alabaster domes and silver spires;
And blazing terrace upon terrace high uplifted;
Oh, 'twas an unimaginable sight;
Far sinking into splendor without end!"

Farther on we came to the Rea bee farm, one of the largest apiaries in Pennsylvania. A few more hills and country sights, the station was reached, good byes were spoken, and the afternoon's pleasure ended.—MRS. STELLA A. KEAGLE, *Historian*.

George Taylor Chapter (Easton, Pennsylvania).—November meeting of the chapter was held on November 10th. Those attending the conference had been much interested in the proceedings and were filled with new enthusiasm for the work being done by the Daughters in the different parts of the State. In addition to the regular meeting in October there was a special meeting to arrange for a sale to be held in the Parsons-Taylor House on November 18th., that the chapter might raise sufficient money to put in fixtures so that the house may be properly lighted.

After the reports of various committees were heard the

regent reported that the question of heat had been satisfactorily settled, as a large steam radiator had been donated to the chapter by Dr. and Mrs. Kotz and Peoples Consolidated Service Corporation had informed the regent that if the chapter would pay for the necessary return trap, etc., and the connection, the Corporation as a free gift and donation towards the House fund, would give the heat. A rising vote of thanks to the generous donors of the radiator and of the heat was taken and the secretary was instructed to send notes of thanks to them respectively.

A donation of one hundred dollars from the Colonial Dames of Pennsylvania was received, to be applied on the mortgage.

A fine print of George Taylor, and a letter written by George Taylor, offering his services in case a coast guard was formed, both handsomely framed, were presented to the chapter by B. F. Fackenthal, Jr.

The chapter is hoping that by a strong effort enough money may be raised between now and the first of January to pay \$450.00 upon the principal of the mortgage, thus leaving an even thousand dollars due. It is a source of great gratification to the chapter to find that the public sentiment of the community is more strongly in its favor than formerly and help and gifts of various kinds are being received from many unexpected and almost unthought of sources.

With the heat in the House and the light so nearly arranged for, the chapter will now be at liberty to take up the work of the Children of the Republic, and while in no wise relaxing in its efforts to pay off the balance of the mortgage, the Chapter desires to branch out into some of the wider work of the Daughters and have a share in the good which is being done by them.—CLARA D. PATTERSON, *Historian*.

Moultrie Chapter (Orangeburg, South Carolina).—At each meeting of Moultrie Chapter papers are written, usually a biographical sketch of some Revolutionary hero. At the October meeting the following on Francis Marion was written by one of the charter members:

I have somehow grown tired of the hackneyed old way
Of saying a thing just as others may say—
That in such a year and on such a day
 Our subject was born.
But alas and alack! it turns out the same,
For the date of the birth I surely must name,
 Else biography scorn.

In seventeen hundred and thirty-two,
At Winyah was born an infant who grew
To manhood of honor and principles true,
 Our Marion great.
His partisan tactics the British beguiled,
Their defense was uncertain, their tempers defiled
 By bitterest hate.

After Moultrie's defense, where as lieutenant he fought,
He was lieutenant colonel—with never a thought
Of the honor bestowed, his being was fraught
 With a noble desire
To serve to the best his country's great call,
To rise with her triumphs and cheer in her fall
 With a patriot's fire.

At Nelson's Ferry one hundred brave men were detained
By the British in prison, but Marion gained
Access to their confines, and release he attained
 Of men true and brave;
And thus he bestowed to his country these men
Who were needed so sorely, as every one then,
 Independence to save.

Next general he was, both driving and driven,
By Tarleton pursued, with foes he had striyen
Till the state line was crossed and orders were given
 Homeward to go.
Then havoc he wrought, as his nickname portrays
Like a fox in the swamps of the Santee he bays
 The once dreaded foe.

He was with Lee at Fort Watson as well as Fort Motte
(The date of the last will ne'er be forgot)—
With Greene at Eutaw 'twas also his lot
 To be in the fight.
When to Charleston he went to answer a call
His brigade was surprised and dispersed by a fall
 With results of great might.

When the smoke of battle had all passed away,
And sunshine of victory illuminated the day,
The quiet of farm, not the city so gay,

Offered Marion rest.

Thus in seventeen hundred and ninety-five
Death came to the Swamp Fox, whose life was to strive
To reach for the best.

What matter it, pray, if the scantily laid table
Of potatoes and water is only a fable,
Marion's life was to do every thing he was able
In charity's name.

Let memory cherish a record so brave
While tablets of love we'll place o'er his grave,
And his praises proclaim.

—LURLINE MELLCHAMP LIGON.

John Sevier Chapter (Johnson City, Tennessee).—John Sevier Chapter was organized in August, 1907, with twenty-four charter members. The regent, Miss Mayes Arnell. Resident in the very heart of the Holston Valley settlement and familiar with the stirring scenes and heroic acts and parsonages of their past, they were naturally moved to take such action as would rescue these noble traditions from oblivion and hand them on to succeeding generations. Accordingly one of their primary enterprises was to undertake to place markers and monuments along the route of the Over Mountain men on their way to meet Ferguson at King's Mountain.

In carrying out this project, they went to Shelving Rock in August, 1908, marked and identified the place as the location of the first night's encampment. A tablet has been ordered upon which in addition to the inscription identifying the place as the first night's encampment, were inscribed the words (mindful of the heavy rain which was falling during the night). "They trusted in God and kept their powder dry."

The project for marking the successive nights' encampment and placing monuments along the line of march, originated with and was first proposed by John Sevier Chapter. Their plan contemplated an important monument at Sycamore Shoals, the place where they first assembled and from which they marched over the mountains. To accomplish this part of

their plan it was thought advisable to invite the co-operation and help of the Bonny Kate Chapter of Knoxville and the Sycamore Shoals Chapter of Bristol. Both of these chapters, it was believed, would have an equal interest and enthusiasm in preserving the memory and deeds of their fathers. In this they were not disappointed, and both chapters have generously responded in materials, money and counsel, sharing equally with John Sevier Chapter in the cost of the monument.

Besides these contributions, Washington county has appropriated \$50.00 and Carter county a like amount.

The inscription committee endeavored to preserve the spirit and surroundings of the men who took part in that heroic struggle. Hence the cry taken from the lips of Parson Doak in his sermon to the men on Sunday, September 25th, the day before they began their march, seemed peculiarly appropriate for an inscription on Sycamore Shoals monument "The sword of the Lord and of Gideon." It occurred to one of their number that the Sycamore Shoals monument ought to bear a witness to two other great historic events, and they have therefore prepared memorial inscriptions for these events which will be placed upon the other two sides of the triangular base of the monument. One of the inscriptions reads: "Here was built the first settlers' fort west of the Allegheny mountains." This the spot consecrated to romantic love where Bonny Kate leaped over the fort's enclosure fleeing from the pursuing Indians into the arms of her future husband, John Sevier. The other inscription runs: "Here was negotiated the Cherokee treaty by which Transylvania was acquired." The great state of Kentucky had its birth place here. John Sevier Chapter has placed a tablet at its own expense at Shelving Rock. The third and fourth nights' encampment at Spruce Pine and Armstrong Creek are to be marked by monuments with suitable inscription tablets. This is supplemental to the erection of the monument on the battle site at King's Mountain by the National Government dedicated on the one hundred and twenty-ninth anniversary of the battle in the presence of the dignitaries of the nation.

STATE CONFERENCES

DELAWARE.

The second annual state conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution, of Delaware, held at the beautiful home of Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Hancker, at Farnhurst, on Flag day, June 14, 1909, was replete with interest to the representatives of the various chapters in the state.

An ideal June day greeted the Daughters as they arrived to be warmly welcomed by the hostess, Mrs. Hancker, registrar of the Caesar Rodney Chapter, and the state officers, Mrs. Cornelius W. Taylor, state regent, Mrs. James T. Massey, vice-regent, Mrs. John M. Harvey, secretary, and Mrs. Eugene Du Pont, treasurer, and the chapter regents.

When all the guests were assembled, we proceeded through a winding trellised path, gorgeous with blooming roses, to a large pavilion, handsomely decorated with flags and bunting, where the meeting was called to order by the state regent, who, with a few well chosen words greeted the Daughters, thanking them for the honor they had conferred, in electing her state regent, and asking their support in making her administration a success.

After reading the minutes of the last annual conference, also of the informal conference held in January, 1909, and the treasurer's report, the election of officers was in order, resulting in the unanimous reelection of the present officers.

The rules of order for the state conference were then discussed, and several were amended, among them, the one relating to the time for holding the annual state conference,—Flag day, June 14th being the unanimous decision.

The meeting then adjourned to partake of a bountiful luncheon. Tables were spread under the trees on the lawn, and on the broad piazza, the decorations being American flags.

The main feature of the afternoon session, was the placing of the formal order, for a stand of silk colors, and the Delaware

state flag, to be presented to the battleship *Delaware* by the Daughters of the American Revolution, of Delaware.

The state regent introduced to the conference, Mr. Edwin Trimble, who gave a detailed account of the flags proposed, after which a motion was made, and carried, to purchase such flags.

After reports from the different chapters were read, Miss Waples, dean of chapter regents of the state, read the address of the United States forester, made at the last Continental Congress. In response Mrs. George C. Hall, of Caesar Rodney Chapter, said that Delaware had been working along that line for several years.

Among other subjects, the advisability of placing a candidate for vice-president general from Delaware for 1910, was discussed, numerous names were proposed, but no one decided upon.

Mrs. H. A. Miller, president of the Blue Hens Chickens, Children of the American Revolution, of Delaware, asked that they be allowed to contribute toward the flags to be presented to the battleship *Delaware* which privilege was granted.

A vote of thanks was extended to Mrs. Hancker, for her bountiful hospitality, after which the conference adjourned, each departing guest being presented by Dr. Hancker the host, with a handsome silk flag.—ELIZA R. HARVEY, *State Secretary*.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The thirteenth annual conference convened in Greenwood, November ninth. Four state officers were present. Twenty-three chapters were represented. The first session, an open one, was held in Waller Hall, of Lander college.

Conference called to order	By State Regent
"America,"	Choir and Audience
D. A. R. Ritual to page 8.	
Welcome in Behalf of Greenwood,	M. K. Baker, Mayor
Welcome in Behalf of Star Fort Chapter,	Miss Louise C. Fleming
"Carolina,"	Lander College Chorus Club
Response to Address of Welcome,	Mrs. Louise F. Mayes
Violin Selection,	Miss Annie E. Aunspaugh
Greetings from U. D. C.,	Mrs. R. D. Wright

Vocal Solo,	Mrs. Robert D. Earle
State Regent's Report,	Mrs. Robert Moultrie Bratten
Recitation,	Mrs. Sylvester Bleckley
Ritual from page 8.	

An interesting feature of this evening was the costumes of the girls in the chorus. They wore Colonial dresses and made a beautiful picture with powdered hair and patches as they sang the patriotic songs of our country. "My Own United States" was sung. After this interesting program the faculty of Lander college received in the parlors of the college all guests and local hostesses. Beginning on Wednesday morning there were four business sessions held in hall of Knights of Pythias by courtesy of the Knights of Pythias. Mrs. Bratton presided with ease and impartiality. This conference was the last over which Mrs. Bratton would preside as her term expires by limitation. It was the regret of all that there had to be a limit when one so loved and so thoroughly capable of filling the position was in the chair. To show the esteem that Mrs. Bratton has inspired she was nominated as honorary regent and a tangible evidence of the love of the South Carolina Daughters was a silver bowl presented at the close of conference. Reports from chapters showed a marked increase in membership and much work accomplished. Reports from committees on state monument, patriotic education, Magazine, marking Revolutionary soldiers' graves, made those present realize that our organization is a live one and working. Two new chapters joined the ranks this year. The new ones are Major Robert Side Chapter, Hartsville, and Kanawha Chapter, Fort Mill. A South Carolina flag will be presented by the Daughters to the battleship *South Carolina*. The vice-regent, Mrs. A. I. Robertson having resigned, Mrs. F. H. H. Calhoun, Andrew Pickens Chapter, Clemson College, was elected to fill the vacancy. Peace and harmony prevailed and every officer chosen was unanimously elected. Mrs. Louise F. Mayes, of Greenville, was nominated for state regent, and the following were elected: Vice-regent, Mrs. A. C. Ligon, Orangeburg; recording secretary, Miss Edith M. DeLorne, Sumter, South Carolina, reelected; corresponding secretary, Miss Louise C.

Fleming, Greenwood, South Carolina; treasurer, Mrs. Hugo L. McColl, Bennettsville; registrar, Mrs. W. B. Burney, Columbia, reelected; historian, Miss Marion Salley, Orangeburg; assistant historian, Mrs. William A. Hamby, Columbia; genealogist, Mrs. Mary Shannon, Camden.

The Star Fort Chapter and the friends of the chapter did everything in their power for the pleasure and comfort of the visiting Daughters of the American Revolution. The success of the efforts of Greenwood in this undertaking was manifest by the many expressions of praise heard from all and the resolutions of thanks read and published.

On Wednesday the Robert A. Waller Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, gave a luncheon for members of conference. This and the greetings from South Carolina state president, United Daughters of the Confederacy, Mrs. R. D. Wright are the outward expressions of the love felt for each other by the two great patriotic societies in South Carolina. Another beautiful luncheon tendered conference was on Thursday, by Catuchee Literary club. The visitors were taken in automobiles and carriages to visit the old Star Fort near Ninety Six. This fort was built about seventeen hundred by the early settlers as a protection against the Indians. It was strongly fortified during the Revolution and became the scene of many a conflict. Colonel Cruger, of the British army, captured it. Here General Greene besieged the British forces for twenty-one days and just on the eve of forcing surrender was himself compelled to withdraw his army as Lord Raudon and a large force were coming to aid the British. After a hundred years of neglect and decay there yet remains traces of the wall of the star shaped fort, the well dug during the siege and the tunnel dug by Americans trying to make a way to blow up the fort. On the return from the fort a stop was made in Ninety Six at the home of Captain and Mrs. W. H. Frazier. Here about forty charming ladies of Ninety Six assembled to welcome the visitors. Their cordial greetings made us feel that they were indeed glad to have us as guests. This drive and reception were voted the most enjoyable feature of the day.

On the last evening of conference the business men of Green-

wood proved themselves worthy heirs of those renowned old time southern gentlemen, when they entertained the visitors and ladies of Greenwood with a reception and ball. Thus amid the brilliant scene of lights, flowers, fair women and handsome men ended the thirteenth conference which was without a ripple of unpleasantness from first to last.—LOUISE C. FLEMING, *State Corresponding Secretary.*

VIRGINIA.

The thirteenth annual conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution of the state of Virginia was called to order by State Regent Mrs. Samuel W. Jamison, at Wytheville, November 10, at 10.30.

A prayer, thrilling and inspiring in its petitions, was offered by Mrs. Stephen Putney. The orchestra then played "America" and the assembled Daughters sang it with enthusiasm.

Mrs. Archibald A. Campbell made the address of welcome, to which Mrs. L. T. D. Quinby responded, mentioning some of the aims of the organizations. A vocal solo, "Virginia," was exquisitely rendered by Miss Mary Poage. The state regent, Mrs. Samuel W. Jamison, made an attractive address, which was warmly applauded by the enthusiastic Daughters. The program was formally adopted by the conference. The roll call by chapters followed on motion of Mrs. Stephen Putney.

The state treasurer's report was then read and accepted. The state secretary's report read, corrected and accepted, and Albemarle Chapter report read.

The orchestra played "Maryland, My Maryland," and Mrs. Donald McLean entered with Mrs. Charles MacAlister. The Rev. Craighill presented Mrs. McLean in a few appropriate words. Mrs. McLean then made a magnificent address which charmed every hearer present and was applauded for several minutes. She paid a magnificent tribute to the state regent, Mrs. Jamison, which was received with much enthusiasm.

The conference then adjourned until afternoon.

At 3.30 o'clock the conference was called to order by Mrs. Jamison, and the chapter reports were read in order. The conference sent its cordial greetings to Mrs. Marion Henry

Tyree, of Lynchburg, the only surviving granddaughter of Patrick Henry. Mrs. McCue invited all the Daughters in Virginia to the unveiling of the monument in Bristol to the patriots who met at Sycamore Shoals on their way to King's Mountain. Miss Grace M. Pierce, registrar general, National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, made a short and entertaining address. Mrs. William Smoot, vice president general for Virginia, made an interesting speech. The meeting then adjourned until Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

In the evening, at Miss Jannie Gibboney's, Stuart Chapter gave a delightful reception to all delegates and visiting Daughters and the men of Wytheville. Those who received were Mrs. Donald McLean, honorary president general; Mrs. William D. Smoot, vice president general for Virginia; Miss Grace M. Pierce, registrar general, National Society Daughters of the American Revolution; Mrs. S. W. Jamison, state regent; Mrs. E. C. Hamner, state treasurer; Mrs. Charles MacAlister, regent of Stuart Chapter; Mrs. Susie Moorman, registrar of Stuart Chapter; Mrs. Robert Sayers, treasurer of Stuart Chapter; Miss Anna Gleaves, historian of Stuart Chapter.

Thursday morning the conference was called to order by Mrs. Jamison and prayer was offered by the Rev. W. A. Hall. After the minutes of the preceding day were read and approved Mrs. Stephen Putney, Sr., very charmingly introduced Mr. James C. Gipe, who made an interesting address on "Conservation of Our Forests, Streams, Mines, Etc." Committee reports were then read as follows: Magazine by Mrs. J. H. McCue; Continental Hall, by Mrs. J. D. Horsley; historical committee by Mrs. D. W. Read; Manila tablet written by Mrs. Kate A. Tuttle; "Real Daughters" by Mrs. Samuel H. Sayre; Maury Monument written by Mrs. Charles R. Nash; flag by Mrs. William A. Smoot; exchange of papers, written by Mrs. Kate A. Tuttle; securing books for Virginia shelf in National Daughters of the American Revolution Library, by Mrs. G. S. Shackleford. After discussion of some unfinished business in regard to printing the minutes of the first four Daughters of the American Revolution Virginia conferences and determin-

ing to devote their funds to the completion of the Virginia room in Continental Hall, the Daughters were asked to request their congressmen to vote for the bill appropriating \$100,000 to build a road from Jamestown, Virginia, to Yorktown, Virginia, by way of Williamsburg, Virginia.

Miss Virginia Greever then arose and in the name of the Sycamore Shoals Chapter of Bristol, cordially invited the conference to meet with them next year, which was accepted with thanks.

Thursday afternoon the session was opened by the election of officers and resulted as follows: State regent, Mrs. Samuel W. Jamison (nominated); state vice-regent, Mrs. J. H. McCue; state secretary, Miss Anna Gleaves; state treasurer, Mrs. E. C. Hamner; vice president general for Virginia, Mrs. G. S. Shackleford.

Mrs. D. W. Read then made an address on "The Duty of Patriotic Women to Children." Mrs. Penn, of Danville, then offered resolutions of thanks for the hospitality extended by Stuart Chapter and the town of Wytheville.

The Rev. W. A. Hall then very impressively read the "Star Spangled Banner" and pronounced the benediction.

Thursday night Mrs. Charles MacAlister gave a bal poudre at Walker Hall to all Daughters of the American Revolution and to the gentlemen of Wytheville.

WASHINGTON DAUGHTERS.

Two years ago when the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition at Seattle was an assured fact, the Daughters of the American Revolution of the state of Washington, numbering over five hundred members, decided they must be represented.

At the annual state assembly at Tacoma in April, 1908, the matter was brought before the meeting with the result that the state regent, Mrs. M. A. Phelps, of Spokane, appointed an Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition state committee of the Daughters of the American Revolution, consisting of the regents of each chapter, to take action in regard to a representation.

Mrs. Eliza Ferry Leary, of Rainier Chapter, Seattle, was appointed chairman; Mrs. A. J. Trumbull, of Lady Sterling

Chapter, and Mrs. Theodore F. Hardenbergh, of Seattle Chapter, were the other members from Seattle.

From Tacoma were appointed Mrs. Wilbur R. Todd, of Mary Ball Chapter, and Mrs. Beverly W. Coiner, of Virginia Dare Chapter. Spokane was represented by Mrs. M. J. Gordon, of Esther Reed Chapter, while the member from Robert Gray Chapter, of Hoquiam, was Mrs. J. B. Bridges, and Olympia's member was Mrs. George E. Filley, of Sacajawea Chapter.

Steps were at once taken by Mrs. Leary to obtain headquarters at the exposition, and after several meetings of the committee it was decided to erect a building expressly for the use of the Daughters.

No other adequate quarters could be obtained and a cozy little cottage was built in a beautiful grove of dogwood trees, surrounded by flowers and foliage.

The ladies of the different chapters in the meantime had been busy in sewing rags for old-fashioned rugs for the floors and walls and making curtains for the quaint windows.

Many brought curios and old furniture, and on the opening day of the exposition; June 1st, our visitors—and they were many—were welcomed in a charming, artistic cottage, the first Daughters of the American Revolution home to be erected on any exposition grounds.

The subscriptions for the building and maintenance of the house were entirely voluntary. No assessments were made, and the Daughters of the state of Washington are justifiably proud of their success.

The first cup of tea to be poured in the cottage was by Mrs. W. H. H. Green, one of the early members of Rainier Chapter.

The duties of the committee, especially of the resident members, were arduous, but all were labors of love and their work was entirely harmonious.

The members throughout the state, with but few exceptions, were in sympathy with the work.

A quaint and efficient caretaker was in charge of the house and in her colonial costume proved not only a valuable assistant but an interested helper.

Many colonial relics and curios, as well as some of later date, adorned the walls and cabinets, while on a beautiful gray mantelpiece rested many articles of rare interest.

Ancient spinning wheels stood on either side of the great chimney, while brass andirons and fenders adorned the cheerful fireplace.

A veranda ornamented with boxes of flowers and furnished with easy chairs overlooking beautiful Lake Washington offered a delightful place to sit with a cup of tea chatting with friends of "Auld Lang Syne," for many such have gathered here to greet us in our far western homes.

Tea and cakes were served every afternoon and many delightful gatherings took place.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster was an honored guest at an informal luncheon. Mrs. deB. Randolph Keim and her charming daughter, Miss Harriette, were welcomed many times, while Miss Janet Richards, "Official Reader," was always warmly greeted.

Many other notable guests were entertained. Mrs. Ell Torrance, past state regent of Minnesota, visited the cottage several times and assisted at various functions. Mrs. D. A. Tarr, state regent of Idaho, was also a welcome guest. Mrs. W. S. Tallant, past state regent of Montana, was a frequent visitor. Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr., vice-president general of Ohio, was entertained at the cottage. Mrs. C. H. Alden, regent of Pasadena Chapter, California, was the guest of the house many times, also Mrs. Walter Talbott, state regent of Arizona. Mrs. Augustus F. Knudsen, of Aloha Chapter, Hawaiian Islands, and Mrs. Mary F. Pendleton, first regent of Alaska Chapter, were gladly welcomed by their sisters of the states.

Members from Thomas Polk Chapter, North Carolina; John Wallace Chapter, Indiana; Ashley Chapter, Iowa; from Ellen J. Sanger Chapter, New Hampshire; The Rev. James Caldwell Chapter, Illinois; Potomac Chapter, Washington, District of Columbia; Colonial Chapter, Minnesota; Seth Pomeroy Chapter, New York; Molly Varnum Chapter, Massachusetts; Columbia Chapter, Pennsylvania; Colorado Chapter, Colorado; Mahoning Chapter, Ohio; from Chicago Chapter, Chicago; and Green Woods Chapter, Connecticut; Multnomah Chapter, Ore-

gon; Marquis de Lafayette Chapter, Vermont; May Johan Keith Chapter, Texas; Nova Caesarea Chapter, New Jersey; Sarah Caswell Chapter, Michigan; Deborah Avery Chapter, Nebraska; Anne Hagner Chapter, Missouri; Topeka Chapter, Kansas; Omaha Chapter, Omaha, Nebraska; General Hunter Chapter, Alabama; Jaques Laramie Chapter, Wyoming; Josiah Bartlett Chapter, Arkansas; Eunice Farnsworth Chapter, Maine; Beverley Manor Chapter, Virginia; Sarah McIntosh Chapter, Georgia; John Marshall Chapter, Kentucky; Waupan Chapter, Wisconsin; Paul Revere Chapter, Massachusetts; Berks County Chapter, Pennsylvania; Brookville Chapter, Pennsylvania; Constitution Chapter, District of Columbia; Thomas Johnson Chapter, Maryland; Mount Pleasant Chapter, West Virginia; Polly Carroll Chapter, Missouri, also sent their representatives.

Mrs. Catherine Sterling Lewis, past state regent of Kansas, was one of our guests. Oklahoma's Daughters also registered, and William Ellery Chapter of Newport, Rhode Island, was also represented. Members of chapters of nearly all the states of the union were the recipients of the hospitality of the little cottage overlooking the lake where tired visitors rested after a strenuous day of sightseeing.

Many men of distinction were our guests. Army and navy men, exposition officials, and many others enjoyed a restful half hour and a cup of coffee and cakes.

The state committee itself had a day when the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition commissioners and their wives, the state and exposition officials, were entertained.

There was also a state officers' day; a Taft day.

Each chapter took part in entertaining and the plan was a very successful one.

No assistance was asked or received from the exposition association, and it is a sufficient proof of the enthusiasm and loyalty of the Daughters that only five dollars of the amount required was given outside the membership. No debt remains, but a neat little balance is on interest for future needs.

The state committee feels fully repaid for all its labors in

the satisfaction of having carried to full completion a most successful work.

Now that the little house is dismantled only cheerful and delightful memories remain—I am sure—with all those who shared in its hospitality or assisted with its cares and duties.—
(MRS. T. F.) JULIA RANDOLPH HARDENBERGH, Secretary and Treasurer Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition State Committee Daughters of the American Revolution.

OHIO.

The Nabby Lee Ames Chapter, of Athens, was the gracious hostess to the Ohio Daughters of the American Revolution on October twentieth and twenty-first. This, the eleventh state conference, was a most successful and inspiring one, and the chapters of Ohio were well represented.

The business sessions were held in the First Methodist church, a beautiful edifice of historic interest. The artistic decorations of flowers and flags gave a patriotic appearance to the surroundings, and instilled a love of God and country into the loyal hearts and minds of Ohio's faithful Daughters.

The members of the Nabby Lee Ames Chapter were ever mindful of the comfort and pleasure of their guests. Automobile trips were enjoyed, and among the delightful social events was the reception given by the local chapter on Wednesday evening at the banquet hall of the gymnasium. The national colors were everywhere in evidence, while the patriotic strains from the orchestra mingled with the gayety of the occasion.

The music during the conference was of a patriotic character. Mrs. De Camp and Miss Stewart as soloists were assisted by a splendid chorus.

The singing of "America" opened the first session and a prayer by the Rev. H. Marshall Thurlow preceded the cordial words of welcome from the chapter regent. Mrs. D. J. Evans in her address paid tribute to historical Athens, to the church, to the Ohio university, and to Nabby Lee Ames, the pioneer lady of Revolutionary days.

Mrs. Truesdall, the state regent, responded in a most

gracious manner. She gave an historic resume of the settlement of the northwest territory by the Revolutionary soldiers, a short history of the Ohio Company, and summed up the state work of the organization for the past year.

President Alston Ellis, of the Ohio university, brought greetings from his institution, and extended an invitation to the Daughters of Ohio to visit the university the following afternoon, and wished them God's speed in the important work they were undertaking.

The reports from the chairmen of the state committees were most interesting, and showed that much good and earnest work had been accomplished during the year.

The reports of the registrar and the treasurer were most gratifying, as the summary of the year's statistics showed the society to be in a flourishing condition as regards membership and finances. Mrs. Hale stated that she had earnestly hoped to bring to the conference the completed roll of honor, and urged the chapters to co-operate with her in this work.

Miss Harnit, chairman of the Memorial Continental Hall committee, said that she made her report with a mingled feeling of gratification and regret—gratification that the committees last year did such excellent work, and that Ohio was able to make such a generous gift; and regret that the Hall was not yet finished, and the officers installed therein. It is pleasing to know that there is a neat balance on hand for the furnishing of the Ohio room, yet it is probable that more money will be necessary to complete it, and the chapters were urged to give their contributions for the year to that fund.

A motion prevailed that the state regent be empowered to appoint a committee, of which she shall be chairman, to purchase the furnishings of the Ohio room.

Mrs. Edward L. Harris, chairman of the Committee on Patriotic Education, gave an excellent report of the work accomplished by many of the chapters in the state. It showed that much enthusiasm and energy were expended the past year to promote the objects for which her committee has been so earnestly striving.

Mrs. John T. Mack, chairman of the committee on historic

sites and graves of Revolutionary soldiers, gave a splendid report, and advocated the marking of the old Indian trail from Portsmouth to the lake, which follows the Harrison trail from Columbus to Port Clinton, and also the placing of a tablet in the monument at Port Clinton. Upon a motion that each chapter be given the privilege of paying something towards this tablet, sufficient money was pledged.

Mrs. Franklin Franks, chairman of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, urged more interest along this line and asked for subscriptions from more members. She said, we should feel it a duty to ourselves and our households to have this magazine in our homes, and by so doing we show a loyalty to American history and to patriotism. It is the one way to keep in touch with the other chapters and to know the proceedings of the national and state work.

Very interesting indeed was the report of the committee on child labor and legislation, a movement of great force to the Daughters of the American Revolution throughout the country. The report was by Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr., vice-president general, National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, and was an exhaustive review of the work of the past year.

The last report was that of the Children of the Republic by Miss Anne P. Burkham. Mrs. Murphy and Miss Burkham organized the first club among the boys in Cincinnati. To-day the movement has become a national one, and is in a flourishing condition, although it is the youngest member of our patriotic family.

It was indeed a source of great joy and gratification to have with us our president general, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott. She spoke in her address of the rise of the great state of Ohio, and of Ohio's place in the national organization of the Daughters of the American Revolution. The importance of the organization was enlarged upon, and an eloquent conception of its purpose and intent was shown. She concluded her most able and inspiring address by referring to the accomplishments and hopes of the society.

Our conference was also greatly favored in having in attendance Mrs. Samuel A. Ammon, regent of the Pittsburgh

Chapter, and chairman of the national committee on patriotic education. She gave a most spirited address on the work of the organization throughout the country. She brought before the minds of her hearers the earnest work done by means of the playgrounds for the children in cities and towns, and advocated a saner method of observing the fourth of July, and pleaded for enlarged efforts for the benefit of the children of the southern whites.

A motion was made and seconded that a committee be appointed by the state regent to formulate some plan for general work throughout Ohio for the benefit of the industrial association.

Memorial services for Mrs. John A. Murphy were conducted by Mrs. Elroy M. Avery. Loving tributes were paid to her memory by Mrs. Murdock, regent of the Cincinnati Chapter, and a beautiful letter was read from Mrs. Donald McLean, honorary president general. Resolutions passed by the National Board in sorrow for Mrs. Murphy were presented by Miss Harnit. Mrs. De Camp sang "One Sweetly Solemn Thought," and the conference stood during this very impressive and touching tribute.

The following resolution was passed: That we appropriate from our state treasury fifty dollars, necessary to place Mrs. Murphy's name on the Roll of Honor, and that a committee from the Cincinnati Chapter, of which the regent shall be chairman, have the privilege of composing the inscription.

Two invitations were extended to the conference for nineteen hundred and ten, one by letter from the Painesville and Chardon Chapters, and the second was personally extended by Miss Anne Hollenbeck, regent of the Lagonda Chapter, Springfield. A vote by ballot was in favor of Springfield.

Mrs. Hale was re-elected state registrar, and the following ladies were chosen as the regent's council: Mrs. Mary O. Brinkerhoff, Fremont; Mrs. Isaac Mack, Sandusky; Mrs. E. R. Kellogg, Toledo; Mrs. D. J. Evans, Athens, and Mrs. Mars Wager, Cleveland.

The conference unanimously endorsed Mrs. O. J. Hodge, of Cleveland, for honorary state regent, and voted that the

delegates to Washington be requested to take action on the matter.

The beauty and historic interest of Athens, the hospitality of the members of the Nabby Lee Ames Chapter, and the entertainment extended by the faculty of the college, together with the admirable reports of the committees, and the responsive interest of the assembled Daughters, conspired to make the conference not only most enjoyable, but truly most inspiring.—CORNELIA AMSDEN GAST, *State Secretary.*

Copy of letter written by M. C. Murray Hyde, Recording Secretary, New York City Chapter, to Mrs. Donald McLean, Honorary President General, N. S. D. A. R., notifying her of her election as Regent in Perpetuity of the New York City Chapter, D. A. R. on May 24, 1909:

*"Daughters of the American Revolution,
N. Y. City Chapter.*

MRS. DONALD MCLEAN, Hon. President General,

MY DEAR MADAM :

At the Annual meeting of the New York City Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, held on May Twenty-fourth, Nineteen Hundred and nine, you were unanimously elected Regent, for a term limited only by your gracious consent to serve in that office.

Deeply conscious of the honor that you confer upon it, the Chapter extends to you its most loving and loyal greetings of welcome.

Rejoicing that the hour of your return has come.

Yours lovingly,

M. C. MURRAY HYDE,
Rec. Sec. N. Y. C. C. D. A. R."

"May Twenty-eighth,
Nineteen Nine."

NATIONAL COMMITTEES

Continental Hall

ADDRESS OF THE PRESIDENT GENERAL, DECEMBER 8 1909.

Ladies and Officers of the National Board of Management:

To the far North and South, to the East and West of this broad land have I wandered since our last meeting in order, that through the quickening touch of fellowship, I might myself be strengthened in all good intent, and come to you again, encouraged, uplifted and with new impulse to that larger life and toward those higher ideals we are striving for.

It was a happy thought that prompted these delightful visits to different state conferences, during glorious autumn months; that made travel through picturesque richly colored landscapes, and beautiful highways a perennial joy.

From Florida to Connecticut, from Georgia to Pennsylvania, in Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, New Jersey, Illinois, Wisconsin, the same warm welcome, the same cordial greetings and the same gracious hospitalities were showered upon me, as the representative of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the representative of the National Board of Management.

I will not dwell on the subject of the beautiful teas, luncheons, dinners, receptions, flowers, etc., which were the charming accessories of these delightful visits.

There was the occasional discomfort of night travel and belated railroad connections, but compensation, was the visible tangible proof, that all over this land, our great organization is recognized by the best element in it, as a power for good; perhaps the mightiest, outside of that which is distinctively religious—The Church.

The one feature that impressed me most deeply during these journeys, was the fixed purpose of these women,—these Daughters of the American Revolution—that motive underlying the different lines of work they are engaged in—to do good to the land. The strong and ineradicable conviction among them, that we are put here and welded together, not to get office, not to divide spoils, not to grovel in politics, but—maintaining our feminine superiority,—to help, to work out the serious problems which face this generation, in the same spirit, and with the same whole hearted devotion, that animated our revolutionary progenitors in their day.

This, ladies, was the keynote of the strain, this the chord that has awakened patriotic echoes in the hearts and lives of the most magnificent body of women,—organized in this Society,—for the loftiest purposes, known to women in our day and generation.

Through State and Chapter reports in all these conferences, it was felt, that if not already attained, the trend is toward the highest, the aim is the endeavor, to approximate our ancestral types: to demonstrate in our own lives and work the superiority to everything false, ignoble or petty, that gentle blood and gentle breeding give. This, it seems to me, is recognized as in part also, our mission, as Daughters of the American Revolution.

Ladies, these visits were an inspiration—the elimination of everything small, the dedication to the grand ends and aims which were the themes of discussion in these conferences—why it was like a breath of pure oxygen, wafted from broad prairies and mountain peaks; and I am thankful that I was permitted to breathe the stimulus of their example, catch some of the spirit that has found expression in their glorious work; some impulse of faith, hope and courage toward the future.

It is good for us all, whether of the East or the West, the North or the South, to exchange these visits now and then; in this way, strengthening ties of common interest, a common citizenship, and one common inheritance of our American ideals. We are the greatest example known in the world of local self government and to a high degree of local *self-sufficiency*; combined with a splendid *inter-dependence*; a sincere mutual admiration, and a sublime national patriotism, that welds us together under the shining folds of our beloved flag. If anything could have deepened my assurance—already doubly assured—as to the value of better acquaintance with each other, it would have been the impressions made upon me during these delightful journeyings.

And, now, ladies, for I must not take your time from important business matters—there was one other conviction pressed home upon me—among many—that were a liberal education during these visits—and that is, that as Daughters of the American Revolution we *can* instill,—we have the power, to instill an influence—if exerted in womanly ways—upon the citizenship of this land, that will tend to leave our country unsotted in honor and unexhausted in resources. And in accomplishing this we will have succeeded in a task rooted in the deepest patriotism.

EDUCATIONAL COMMITTEE.

PITTSBURGH, PA., November 10, 1909.

DEAR MADAM REGENT:

The work of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution has been "Patriotic Education" from the date of its organization.

Prior to the year 1890, there were many historical and pa-

triotic associations doing good work, preserving and publishing records of the past, but as it has been written—"by two forces does a strong personality exert an influence on the life of a community—by the power to originate enterprises, and by the power of inspiring enthusiasm in others." Nineteen years ago our country stood in need of the force of those two innate powers—the preservation of records was not enough.

Some of us, brought up among books, with history given to us with our daily food, were forgetting that in the rush for gold, and striving for commercial power, the upbuilding and strengthening of corporations at any cost, for others there was no history, our country growing old, was still called "new," and the incoming emigrants were looked upon as necessary and made a part of our lives and political parties, without a thought for their fitness, or qualification, or their effect upon the later lives of our children and our grandchildren.

Our country needed us, needed the spirit that won freedom for our country, brought about through the American Revolution, needed the force of women who say not—"go and do this work," but "come." The first work of our big society, under patriotic education was the work for which it was primarily formed; the preservation of historic spots and records, the celebration of anniversaries and the building of monuments.

We have taught the unthinking people of our country, that without a reverence for the past, without public records of those who founded our nation and endured the hardships of the pioneer, we could not be a truly great people. Through all this study, this work of reclaiming the incidents of past history there has come to us a better understanding of our country, a deeper meaning of "Patriotism," a greater hope for our country's future, a warmer and more personal interest in those who have come to us from across the sea to make this, our land, their home.

We have realized more fully that the hope of our country is in her children, and have given our interest and co-operation to our public schools, to the establishment of playgrounds and social centers, to the education of the children in mountain fastnesses of the south.

With the exception of our own monumental Continental Hall, there has been no interest presented to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, which has met with such a ready response as the cry for help in the education of the white children of our southern mountains, and the thought has come to your chairman, that perhaps the nearly one thousand chapters of this Society might unite, and endow or found a school in the southern part of our country, that would be indeed a lasting memorial to the men who served in the American Revolution, and whose descendants are the children we are trying in a somewhat desultory fashion to help.

Prior to 1908 ninety cities in the United States had playgrounds. During 1908 one hundred and eighty-five cities had playgrounds. During the summer of 1909 over two hundred and seventy-five cities had playgrounds.

These figures mean that there are still over six hundred cities, with a population of over five thousand, where playgrounds are needed, and many smaller towns.

We do not advise the establishment of playgrounds by Chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution, if there is already a playground association in their locality in charge of such work, but co-operation. A chapter can give flags, flowers, financial help, and the personal assistance of its members, through committees, if desired.

All over this country there has been a demand for the safeguarding of life and property on the day we celebrate—our great American day of freedom, the fourth of July.

We believe that if we are going to prohibit the use of explosives by the boy and man, born in the belief that he must make a noise, if he would show his patriotism, we must devise ways and means by which the day can be celebrated—safely, and yet in a way, pleasing to the boy or man, denied his supposed birthright. Let your chapter consider "How shall we celebrate the anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence?"

In 1905 the president of the American Flag Association reported that legislation new or amended for the protection of

the flag had been obtained in thirty-three states and Porto Rico.

The Eighteenth Continental Congress adopted the following resolution:

"Resolved that this Continental Congress recommend to every chapter through the medium of our Magazine, that they appoint a flag committee, which will make it their business to have every woman in their chapter use her influence with her senator and representative in congress, to see that the bill to prevent and punish the desecration of the flag of the United States passes when it is brought before the United States congress again."

We suggest that if your chapter will appoint such a committee, that the members shall also study their own state law, endeavoring to understand its provisions and its application—the subtle difference between decorative and advertising use of the flag by merchants. Ascertain who is the proper officer to enforce or prosecute offenders under this law, and ask for the co-operation of merchants and school children in the effort to have the law enforced, place framed copies of the law of your state in public school buildings and other institutions where possible.

Subjects suggested for consideration by chapters for the work of committees on patriotic education for 1909-10.

Illustrated lectures on history, patriotism and conservation of our natural resources, for use in schools, social centers and for foreigners in their own language, if desired.

For detailed information apply to the Interchangeable Bureau, Lectures, etc., on patriotic education. Mrs. Henry S. Bowron, chairman, 1925 Seventh avenue, New York.

In addition to historical subjects for essays for which prizes are offered, the subject of national civil service and civil service reform is recommended. Pamphlets, etc., on this subject can be secured from the chairman of this committee.

A chronological table of special events included in the history of your town, county or state, printed and framed, and placed in public school buildings and other institutions will promote an interest in history, and create and deepen the respect of both

old and new residents for their own locality. A sample chronological table can be supplied.

Information for Aliens.—Leaflets in English are prepared by the international committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, and in Italian, Polish, Yiddish, Magyar, Slovinian, Slovak, Croatian, Swedish, Greek, Bohemian, German, Norwegian, Danish and Lithuanian by the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution. Also a leaflet on naturalization in English. For further information apply to Commander John H. Moore, U. S. N., 1755 P street, Washington, D. C.

For information regarding industrial education in the south, write to the Southern Industrial Educational Association, 1914 G street, Washington, D. C., or to the chairman of this committee.

Playgrounds.—For information regarding the plan for opening playgrounds, cost of equipment and operation, apply to The Playground Association of America, 1 Madison avenue, New York, N. Y., or to the third vice-president of that association, the chairman of this committee. Addresses of playground lectures, leaflets, reports and printed addresses can be supplied. Also suggestions for play and recreation in small towns or country places, and for children receiving industrial educations.

Our Flag.—Laws to prevent and punish the desecration of the flag—as enacted by the several states have been printed by the American Flag Association. A copy of the flag law of any state can be obtained by any lawyer, or from any law library or legal reference department.

Subjects for consideration suggested by members of this committee:

Co-operation with our public and private schools, in patriotic education; the need of playground work and principles in country districts.

Chapters owning or located near historic sites to give to colleges or schools requesting them, wild flowers or small trees grown on such sites, to be planted on school or college grounds.

A more intimate knowledge of the conditions surrounding the women of foreign colonies in this country.

A story telling hour, established in every public library on Saturdays, and the children's interest in historical reading stimulated by stories of interest.

Printed copies of the report of the committee on patriotic education, Mrs. Charles H. Terry, chairman, for 1908-9, have been mailed from the office of the corresponding secretary general to each national officer, state regent, state vice-regent and chapter regent in the National Society, and by the chairman of this committee to chairmen of state and chapter committees on patriotic education, where desired. This report contains many valuable suggestions, and we are sure that any chapter which has had experience in the work under "patriotic education" will be glad to give information and advice to those desiring to undertake the same or similar work.

A large chapter can do a little, at least, of each kind of work, and each small chapter can itself, or through a committee on patriotic education, take part in this great work of the National Society, through assistance given in at least one of these interests.

Last year the chapters of only twenty-seven states made reports of work accomplished to the committee on patriotic education; we hope that the report this year will contain a statement from each one of the nine hundred and seventy-five chapters at present enrolled in the National Society. Reports of historical or commemorative work, or that of the forming of clubs of the Children of the Republic, conservation, and child labor; or those pertaining to the desecration of the flag, must be sent to the chairmen of the national committees on those subjects; for even though a part of the great scheme of patriotic education, they will not be included in the printed reports of this committee. A letter will be sent to you late in the present Daughters of the American Revolution year, asking for a report of what your chapter has been doing in the work pertaining to this committee, and your chairman hopes to hear from every chapter regent before the Nineteenth Continental Congress.

Your chairman will endeavor to reply promptly to requests for information on any of the subjects mentioned in the report of the committee on patriotic education or suggested in this letter.

Very truly yours,

EDITH DARLINGTON AMMON,

Chairman.

Address:

Mrs. Samuel A. Ammon, Chairman,
The Kenmawr, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MY DEAR MADAM REGENT:

It is the desire of the committee on military road from Yorktown to Jamestown, Virginia, by way of Williamsburg, Virginia, to bring the following resolutions to the attention of every chapter of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution:

WHEREAS, A bill has been brought before the congress of the United States to order the construction of a military road from Yorktown, Virginia, to Jamestown, Virginia, by way of Williamsburg, Virginia,

Be it resolved, That the Eighteenth Continental Congress, National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, asks its president general to appoint a committee to draft a petition to be presented to the United States Congress, which shall convene in December, to pass the bill now pending before it for the building of this military road from Yorktown, Virginia, to Jamestown, Virginia, by way of Williamsburg, Virginia.

Be it resolved, secondly, That the Eighteenth Continental Congress shall recommend to its delegates here assembled through the medium of their chapters, and through their individual efforts, to influence their respective senators and repre-

sentatives to vote for the bill when it comes before the congress in December.

[Signed:]

MRS. JOHN ADAMS BECHTEL,
Regent Cincinnati Chapter.

MRS. J. PEMBROKE THOM,
Maryland State Regent.

MRS. ALLEN PUTNAM PERLEY,
Pennsylvania State Regent.

MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON,
Virginia State Regent.

MRS. BENJ. L. PURCELL,
Regent Commonwealth Chapter, Virginia.

MRS. JOHN C. AMES,
Illinois State Regent.

MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.,
Ohio State Regent.

The resolutions were unanimously passed by the Eighteenth Continental Congress, and Mrs. Scott, president general, has asked the ladies who signed the resolutions to act on the committee to draft the petition to the United States congress, and earnestly urges the chapters and each individual member to use all the influence possible, and so carry the measure.

To do this, we ask each chapter to appoint a committee to communicate with their respective senators and congressmen (in person if possible) before November 15th next, to secure from them an absolute pledge to vote for this appropriation when it is again brought before them, or to secure a reason from them in case they refuse to vote for this measure. It would greatly facilitate the work of the national committee to have written reports from the chapter committees as to the results of their interview with their representatives.

Historical sentiment alone should be sufficient motive for making accessible the birthplace of the nation. Jamestown: and Williamsburg, the first capital: and Yorktown, where the closing incidents of the Revolutionary war made us an independent nation. To commemorate these events the United States government has erected exceedingly handsome monu-

ments at Jamestown and Yorktown, but owing to the poor road, the one at Yorktown especially is seldom seen by the public. The country is so sparsely settled in that locality that it is impossible for the land owners to maintain a good macadam road, as stone is quite an unknown quantity, and the expense of shipping it greater than they can assume.

It seems eminently fitting that the government should build this military road connecting these places of vital importance in the history of the United States. If this road were constructed, it would enable the tourist of average means to see these three most interesting and historical places in one day, the distance being about seventeen miles.

Respectfully,

MRS. JOHN ADAMS BECHTEL,
Chairman.

"York Grange," Williamsburg, Virginia.

COMMITTEE ON CONSERVATION

CURRENT EVENTS.

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Chairman, 902 F St., Washington, D. C.

With the promise of the President to recommend conservation laws in his message to Congress—the assurance of the secretary of the interior that his annual report will show that he is in the vanguard of the Conservation movement—and the knowledge that the secretary of agriculture and the heads of the various bureaus in his department are advocating and working for conservation, it would at first thought seem hardly necessary for any organization of women to take up the cause. But when we recall that within the last month over half a million dollars worth of property has been destroyed in *preventable* fires—and nearly four hundred lives have been lost in *preventable* mining disaster, it is evident that there is still work left for every man, woman and child. For while the President and governors may recommend legislation, only Congress and state legislatures can enact laws; and the thorough enforce-

ment of any law depends in great measure on the hearty, intelligent coöperation of the people. In Europe less than two men out of every thousand employed in coal mines lose their lives each year. In 1907, in this country, five men in every thousand were killed, and in 1908, the death-rate was 3.6. This decrease of the death-rate, was due, according to those who have investigated mining conditions, to the fact that the state inspectors of Alabama, Pennsylvania and West Virginia have incorporated the recommendations of the geological survey in rulings which make a more careful supervision of the coal mines mandatory. That the officials of the other coal mining states be induced to follow their example, is one practical application of conservation principles, which should appeal to all lovers of humanity.

An object lesson in conserving resources is to be found in Memorial Continental Hall, erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution. This society has been in existence less than twenty years and its annual dues are only two dollars (half of that being retained in the states in most cases) yet by economy and husbanding of resources aided by generous contributions, it has erected a building, with an auditorium second to none in the city. At the recent meeting of the "Laymen's Missionary Convention, Mr. Gifford Pinchot, the chairman, alluded to the movement as the application of the conservation principles to the ethical and spiritual resources of the Christian brotherhood for the benefit of the millions outside the fold; and in introducing the President, said: "It is my high honor to introduce a great layman, a strong advocate of material conservation, as well as moral and spiritual conservation, and the author of the best defense of missionaries that has ever been uttered."

But the keynote of all women's work was struck by Mrs. Noyes at a recent luncheon given by the Chicago Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution to the President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott.

"Let statesmen save the forests, and citizens the streams,
And poets pen immortal lines to crystallize their dreams;
The Daughters' Conservation is work most consecrate
To keep alive the patriot fires, and make the country great."

"This is our work, my sisters;—To train the youthful mind
In patriot ways, and make our days greater than those behind."

In an address delivered before the Virginia Daughters of the American Revolution State Conference, Mr. James C. Gipe, secretary of the Joint Committee on Conservation, after alluding to the fact that the conservation idea is not new, as generally supposed, but was endorsed as early as 1787 by George Washington, called upon the women to aid in seeing that the children of the country have a square deal, saying: "If the mothers in the homes and the teachers in the schools will instil in the minds of the children the principles of conservation, the ultimate success of the movement is at once assured."

Acting upon his suggestion, a committee was appointed to confer with the state board of education and teachers' association for the purpose of initiating a movement looking to the instruction of the children along these lines. Similar committees have been appointed in North Carolina and other states.

MEMBERS ADMITTED AT THE DECEMBER MEETING OF THE BOARD.

Alabama, 8; Arkansas, 6; California, 15; Colorado, 21; Connecticut, 30; District of Columbia, 16; Delaware, 1; Florida, 10; Georgia, 18; Illinois, 38; Indiana, 60; Iowa, 22; Kansas, 10; Kentucky, 14; Louisiana, 4; Maine, 14; Maryland, 4; Massachusetts, 65; Michigan, 36; Minnesota, 7; Mississippi, 2; Missouri, 22; Nebraska, 8; New Hampshire, 8; New Jersey, 6; New York, 92; North Carolina, 6; Ohio, 52; Oklahoma, 4; Oregon, 1; Pennsylvania, 44; Rhode Island, 6; South Carolina, 15; South Dakota, 1; Tennessee, 10; Texas, 38; Vermont, 13; Virginia, 16; Washington, 7; West Virginia, 3; Wisconsin, 17; Utah, 2; Canada, 1. Total, 773.

GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General.

COMMITTEE LIST OF THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

Memorial Continental Hall Committee

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, *Chairman*, The Arlington Hotel,
Washington, D. C. Mrs. Charles H. Terry, *Secretary*, 540

Washington avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, *Resident Secretary*, 1830 T street, Washington, D. C.

Those wishing information about memorials in Continental Hall should write to the Resident Secretary.

Committee on Revolutionary Relics.

Mrs. Sallie M. Hardy, *Chairman*, 219 E. Breckinridge street, Louisville, Ky.

Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots.

Mrs. Henry G. Munger, *Chairman*, 426 Main street, Herkimer, N. Y.

Committee to Prevent Desecration of Flag.

Mrs. J. M. Dickinson, *Chairman*, 1810 Connecticut avenue, Washington, D. C. Mrs. Frances S. Kempster, *Vice-Chairman*.

Committee on Patriotic Education.

Mrs. Samuel A. Ammon, *Chairman*, The Kenmawr, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Interchangeable Bureau, Lectures, etc. On Patriotic Education.

Mrs. Donald McLean, *Honorary Chairman*. Mrs. Henry S. Bowron, *Chairman*, 1925 Seventh avenue, New York City.

Committee on Children of the Republic.

Mrs. Edwin S. Gardner, *Chairman*, Avondale, Saundersville, Tenn. Mrs. Geo. T. Smallwood, *Vice-Chairman*, 2107 S street, Washington, D. C.

Child Labor Committee.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, *Chairman*, The Portner, Washington, D. C. Miss Elisabeth F. Pierce, *Secretary*, The Portner, Washington, D. C.

Committee on National University.

Mrs. Donald McLean, *Honorary Chairman*. Mrs. A. E. Patton, *Chairman*, Curwensville, Pa.

Franco-American Committee.

Mrs. G. M. Sternberg, *Chairman*, 2005 Massachusetts avenue, Washington, D. C.

Committee on Legislation in U. S. Congress.

Mrs. Albert B. Cummins, *Chairman*, 1524 18th street, Washington, D. C.

Committee on Real Daughters.

Mrs. Wm. Lawson Peel, *Chairman*, Athens, Ga.

Publication Committee.

Mrs. Egbert R. Jones, *Chairman*, Holly Springs, Miss.

Magazine Committee.

Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, *Chairman*, 1317 New York avenue, Washington, D. C. Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, *Secretary*, 1830 T street, Washington, D. C.

Conservation Committee.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, *President General and ex officio Honorary Chairman*. Mrs. Donald McLean, *Honorary Chairman*. Mrs. Amos G. Draper, *Chairman*, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

Executive Committee.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, *Chairman*, The Arlington Hotel, Washington, D. C.

Finance Committee.

Mrs. Lyman B. Swormstedt, *Chairman*, 2 Thomas Circle, Washington, D. C. Mrs. S. W. Jamison, *Vice-Chairman*.

Auditing Committee.

Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, *Chairman*, 29 Harvard street, Worcester, Mass.

Printing Committee.

Mrs. James M. Fowler, *Chairman*, Lafayette, Indiana. Mrs. Will C. Barnes, *Vice-Chairman*, 1345 Vermont avenue, Washington, D. C.

Purchasing Committee.

Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr., *Chairman*, The Lincoln, Columbus, Ohio. Mrs. Otto L. Veerhoff, *Vice-Chairman*, The Royalton, 918 M street, Washington, D. C.

GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

Inquirers are requested to observe the following suggestions:

1. Write plainly, especially proper names.
2. Give, when possible, dates or approximate dates, localities, or some clue to the state in which the ancestors lived.
3. *Inquiries for ancestors who lived during or near the Revolutionary period will be inserted in preference to those of an earlier period.*
4. Enclose stamp for each query.
5. Give full name and address that correspondence when necessary may be had with inquirers.
6. Queries will be inserted as early as possible after they are received, but the dates of reception determine the order of their insertion.
7. Answers, partial answers or any information regarding queries are urgently requested and all answers will be used as soon as possible after they are received.
8. The Editor assumes no responsibility for any statement in these Notes and Queries which do not bear her signature.

*Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor
Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,
902 F. Street, Washington, D. C.*

Attention is called to rules 3 and 4.

ANSWERS.

1362 (6). KAVANAUGH.—As Charles Kavanaugh, son of Philemon and Ann (Williams) Kavanaugh, was a M. E. minister, it is not probable that he enlisted in the Revolution. He may have been a patriot, as were many of the ministers of that time. As at his death in 1796 he left grandchildren, he was born before 1756. He left five children: Mary, who m. Joseph Ellison; Wm., who m. Hannah Woods; Charles, who m. Frances ——; Jael, who m. Peter Woods, and Sarah Ann, who m. James Mills Moore. Philemon, his oldest child, who m. Elizabeth Woods, died, leaving issue, at least nine years before 1796.—GEN. ED.

1411 (2). SAMUEL GAYLORD, JR., b. Jan. 6, 1722, m. Margaret Clark, July 18, 1745, and served in the Revolution as a private in Capt. Ebenezer Hills Co., Col. Charles Webb; also in Capt. Daniel Benedict's Co., 9th regiment of militia; discharged Sept. 25, 1776; also in Capt. Jared Shepherd's Co., from March 29, 1777, to May 19 of the same

year; also in Capt. John Ensign's Co., which arrived in camp July 12, 1778. He was a lieutenant and captain in the French and Indian war. Through this service Mr. T. O. Bailey became a S. A. R., and he can furnish almost anything desired on that line.

There is a Gaylord Genealogy, which includes this branch.

1416. BURLINGHAM.—There was a Jeremiah Burlingame (or Burlingham) b. at Cranston, R. I., Jan. 27, 1755; who was a Rev. soldier. He m. March 1, 1778, Ruth Grinnell, widow of Walter Palmer, and died in Petersburgh, N. Y., Jan. 25, 1811. It is possible that he may have married twice. He was the son of Jonathan and Phoebe Burlingame. Jonathan had six sons and two daughters—Elisha, Christopher (who m. a dau. of Gen. Rufus Putnam), Charles, Benjamin, Jeremiah and Hopkins, Mary and Sara. Jeremiah was my grandfather.—ELVIRA BURLINGAME CRAMER.

1461. BRADFORD.—A genealogy of the Bradford Family may be found in the N. E. Historical and Genealogical Register, Vol. IV, page 39.—MRS. A. N. MALTBY.

1468 (1). See answers to 1489 (2) and 1523.—GEN. ED.

1489 (2) REED—CHAFFEE.—Shubael Reed, who m. (2) Hannah Chaffee, was the son of John Reed and Elizabeth (or Lydia) Caswell, and descendant of Wm. Reade, Jr., who came to this country in 1635, and married Avis Deacon, a fellow passenger. By his first wife, Mary Taylor of Colchester, Conn., he had: Matthew (a Rev. soldier, who m. (1) Lydia Pearce and (2) Mrs. Roxanna (Rawdin) Crandall, Samuel, Rachel, Mary, Grace, who m. Iram Grant, and Annie who m. Wm. Ripley. By his second wife, Hannah Chaffee, he had Mary, John, Shubael, Jr., Wm. (who m. (1) Eunice Fields and (2) Polly White) and Hannah. See also answer to 1523.—GEN. ED.

1497. ENGLAND.—According to the History of Newbury, Mass., there was a Stephen England, presumably the one desired, who served in Capt. Wm. Roger's Co. from May to Aug., 1775; also in Capt. Ezra Badlam's Co. from Jan. to April, 1776; also in Daniel Pillsbury's Co.; he was sent in 1778, as one of the quota from the town of Newbury, but rejected for physical disability; and again in 1780, one of the men raised agreeable to resolve of Dec. 2, 1780.—MRS. AUSTIN COOK.

1508. INGALLS.—Amos Ingalls, of Rindge, N. H., was private in Capt. Josiah Brown's Co., in 1776; in Salmon Stone's Co., in 1777, and in 1780 was at West Point. He removed to Acworth in 1785.—GEN. ED.

1510 (2). MICHIE.—According to a "History and Genealogies" by W. H. Miller, Elizabeth Michie, wife of Thomas Maupin, was a dau. of Patrick and Frances Michie, of Albemarle Co., Va. He lived until 1799, but the book gives no Rev. service for him.—GEN. ED.

1510 (3). Quite extended notices of the Michie, Broadus and Fernandis Families will be found in Miller's History and Genealogies,

which can be obtained of George E. Littlefield, 67 Cornhill, Boston, Mass., for \$7.00.—GEN. ED.

1516. SANBORN.—A Josiah Sanborn of Sanbornton, N. H., was a Rev-soldier, and pensioner. He m. Hannah Rundlett, and d. in 1822. There were also two of the name of Josiah Sanborn, presumably father and son, who signed the Declaration of Rights from Sanbornton, N. H.—GEN. ED.

1519. READ.—George Read, Signer of the Declaration, married Gertrude Ross, and had three sons: George, U. S. district attorney of Delaware for thirty years; William, consul general to the Kingdom of Naples; and John, b. June 7, 1769, m. Martha Meredith in 1797, and was senator from Penna. for many years. He had also a dau. Mary, who m. Col. Matthew Pearce of Cecil Co., Md. "Rossiana," by Major Harmon P. Read, gives the descendants of George Read in detail. It can be obtained from Littlefield for \$10.00.—GEN. ED.

1520. LELAND.—The Leland magazine or record of Henry Leland and his descendants, price \$8.25, can be obtained from W. H. Lowdermilk & Co., 1424 F street, Washington, D. C.

1523. REED—KNOWLTON—HALE.—In the Chaffee Genealogy, Shubael Reed, Jr., b. 1771, is mentioned, but his line is not carried out. He was the son of Shubael Reed and his (2) wife, Hannah Chaffee (See also answer to 1489 (2)). Shubael Reed, Sr., was b. in Willington, Conn., Sept. 27, 1738; was a farmer in Tolland, Conn., and d. there Sept. 22, 1790. In his application for a pension, Samuel, son of Shubael by his (1) wife, Hannah Taylor, mentions that he "enlisted as a substitute for his father, Sept. 7, 1777," but there is no record that Shubael, himself, ever served. Hannah (Chaffee) Reed was b. Nov. 28, 1733, in Ashford, Conn., m. Shubael Reed for his (2) wife, March 3, 1768, and died in Tolland, June 29, 1804. She was the dau. of Jonathan Chaffee, Jr. (b. Rehoboth, Mass., June 25, 1704, and d. Feb. 9, 1785), and Abigail Lyon, to whom he was m. June 1, 1727. Two of Hannah's brothers were Rev. soldiers; one of them, Jonathan Chaffee, Jr., serving under Capt. Thomas Knowleton; but no Rev. service in the direct line is found. There is a Genealogy of the Knowltons of England and America, by C. H. W. Stocking, but it does not treat of this line. There is a History of the Reed Family in Europe and America, by J. W. Read, price \$7.75, and a Life of the Rev. Gardner Dean, of Taunton, Mass., by himself, with genealogies of the Dean, Gardner and Hinds Families; also a Genealogy of the Descendants of Thomas Hale, of Walton, Eng., and of Newbury, Mass. All of these can be obtained from W. H. Lowdermilk & Co.—GEN. ED.

1208. LEWIS.—If G. L. will correspond with Mrs. Natalie R. Fernald, 217 W. Utica street, Buffalo, N. Y., she will get information on her line.

1413. ROOP—FLEXOR.—Mrs. Helen Nye Rupp, 304 South Main street,

Monmouth, Ill., has a good many Selins Grove records, and may be able to help A. T. S.

1474 (4). CRANDALL.—Mr. Elwin G. Davis, Centerdale, R. I., is compiling a genealogy of the Crandall Family, and will gladly receive and give information about the Crandall descendants.

ERRATA.

1326. PHILLIPS.—In Answers, published in Nov. Magazine, it reads, Jonathan Phillips, who was a resident of Preston (now Griswold), Conn. m. in 1724, Esther (or Hester) Ayer, etc. It should read, "who was a resident of Preston in 1724, m. Esther (or Hester) Ayer." Date of marriage was not given, but probably can be ascertained from Stonington records.—GEN. ED.

1426. WOLCOTT.—The price of "Wolcott Family Leaves from Windsor, Conn., History," is three dollars and a half, not one and a half, as printed.—GEN. ED.

1482. GARRARD—HAYS.—In Query 1482, it states that John Garrard of Va., m. Leah Hays, and had a son Jonathan. It should read: "Jonathan, son of Rev. John Garrard, of Berkeley, Va., m. Leah Hays."—GEN. ED.

QUERIES.

1524. CHEVALIER.—Birth date, and other genealogical facts, as well as official proof of service desired of Anthony Chevalier, said to have come to America from France during the Revolution with Lafayette, to have acted as his interpreter, later settled in Ohio. His wife was a widow, Mrs. Nelson, whose maiden name was Scott; their daughter, Charlotte, born in Cincinnati, married and lived in Dayton, Ohio.—MRS. S. M.

1525. SHARP.—William Sharp, inspector of tobacco for 29 years at Lynchburg, Va., had a son, William, who moved from Spotsylvania, Va., about 1773, to Scott Co., Ky., and in 1840, to Shelby Co., Mo. He m. Frances Glass, and had several children. Were either William Sharp, Sr., or Jr., Revolutionary soldiers, or did they perform any patriotic service?—B. E. G.

1526. POTTER.—Gasper Potterf, Revolutionary pensioner, File No. 17024, was drafted in the year 1777 for 3 months; and again in 1781, and in 1783. No battle is mentioned in his pension certificate. Was he engaged in any; and if so, which ones?—S. P. F.

1527. EADES OR EADS.—Information desired of the ancestry of William Henry Eads, b. Oct. 29, 1809, in Ky., and d. July 3, 1872, in Schuyler Co., Mo.; was a merchant for years in Canton, Mo. Was he son of Thomas and Priscilla (West) Eads?—L. C. P.

1528. WALKER—WINSTON.—Dr. John Walker, of Montpelier, Hanover Co., Va., m. Mary Ann, dau. of William Winston, orator, hunter and Indian fighter. His son, Meriwether Walker, m. (1) Miss Davis;

m. (2) Susan Christian. Was John Walker a Rev. soldier? Were the ancestors of Susan (Christian) Walker Revolutionary soldiers?—B. W. B.

1529. (1) PERRY—HATCH.—Ancestry wanted of —— Perry, who is said to have come from N. J.; and to have been a relative of Matthew Colbraith Perry (1795-1858). She m. —— Hatch about 1800, and two of their children were named Stephen and Julia Ann. Her sister m. —— Hawley, and lived in Vt. Were these Perry sisters the daughters or nieces of Christian Raymond Perry (1760-1818)?

(2) BERANS OR BIVINS.—Rev. record desired of John Berans or Bivins, b. in Ireland, came to America when an infant, with his parents, and settled in Conn. At the age of 18 he is said to have enlisted under Col. Wm. Prescott, and participated in battles of Lexington and Bunker Hill. He m. Hannah Owen (b. in Scotland) and settled in Otsego Co., N. Y., had six sons and four daughters.—S. F. S.

1530. THOMPSON—WILSON—POWELL.—John Thompson of Culpeper Co., Va., m. (1) Mary Wilson, and had Aaron, Elisha, George and Amzi (b. Dec. 20, 1798); m. (2) Catherine Powell, and had Susan Mary, Nancy and Abdella; was a miller by trade. Did he perform any Revolutionary service?—J. H.

1531. (1) DERBYSHIRE.—Information desired of —— Derbyshire, who received 100 acres of land in Ohio, for Revolutionary services.

(2) FESPERMAN.—Information desired of —— Fesperman, said to have crossed the Delaware in the same boat with George Washington.—E. D.

1532. SCHUYLER—CARTER.—Angelica Livingston, eldest dau. of Gen. Philip John Schuyler and his wife, Catherine Van Rensselaer, m. an Englishman, named Carter. Names of children, and to whom married desired.

(2) RIGGIN.—David Riggin, who lived in Sussex Co., and served in later part of war from Delaware, had one child, William C. (born ab. 1787) who m. Sarah Moore. Did he have other children? What was the name of his wife?—S. M.

1533. FOREMAN.—Ancestry desired of Capt. Foreman, who with 21 men, was killed by the Indians near Grave Creek, Va., Sept. 25, 1777; also of Reuben Foreman, who founded the town of West Liberty, Va., and of James Foreman, supposed to have served in Indian and Revolutionary wars; of Joseph Foreman, Sr., and of Joseph Foreman, Jr., who served in war of 1812. All the persons named are buried near West Liberty, except Capt. Foreman, who was interred near where he was slain, and whose grave was marked with a monument of sandstone, inscribed with date and cause of death.—Z. T. H.

1534. ARMSTRONG.—Francis Armstrong, who came to America in 1723, had a son, James, who was born in 1740, and married Mary Thompson, of Gibraltar, Europe; his brother, Robert, also m. and had

issue. Information desired of the descendants of either branch of this family.

(2) HALLOCK—WELLES.—Did Zebulon Hallock, who was one of the refugees from Long Island to Conn., in 1776, serve in the Revolution? His wife was Betsey Welles.

(3) HALSTEAD—ARMSTRONG.—Wanted, name of parents of Martha Halstead, who fled from Long Island to Conn., at the age of six years and who remembered looking back at their burning home as they fled. She married James Armstrong—R. H. A.

1535. (1) LERNBERGER—SLITER.—Ancestry desired of Mary Lernberger, b. Dutchess Co., N. Y., July 4, 1770; m. at Armenia in 1788, John Sliter (Slouter) and died at Nassau, Renssalaer Co., N. Y., June 29, 1829.

(2) HUBBARD—SMITH.—Ancestry desired of Ann Hubbard, b. Jan. 12, 1753, m. Oct. 15, 1774, at Haddam, Conn., Lewis Smith (b. April 26, 1753, d. May 21, 1841, Leyden) and died June 12, 1845, at Leyden, N. Y. Ancestry of Lewis Smith also desired.

(3) WILLIAMS—SLUNSON.—Ancestry desired of Rebecca Williams of Tolland, Conn., who m. Joseph Slunson of Tolland in 1771, and moved to Monson, Mass.

(4) SCOVIL—BATES.—Ancestry desired of Rhoda Scovil, of Haddam, Conn., who married Benjamin Bates at that place Oct. 21, 1790.

(5) SMITH.—Information concerning family and ancestry of Israel Smith, a Rev. soldier from Conn., desired. He served as captain of Seventh Company under Col. Livingston.

(6) PALMER—MURPHY.—Who were the parents of Ruth Palmer, b. March 24, 1766, m. John Murphy (1761-1818) and died at Nassau, N. Y., Sept. 23, 1852.

(7) Where can I obtain, and at what price, the following books: "Early History of Waterbury," Conn., by Henry Bronson. "Early History of Tolland, Conn." by Loren P. Waldo. "Field's History of Haddam and East Haddam, Conn." "Orcutt's History of Torrington, Conn." "Gold's History of Cornwall, Conn." "Eaton's History of Reading, Mass." "Collier's History of Hillsdale, N. Y." "Bradbury's History of Kennebunkport, Maine"?—B. E. M.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, President General National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, was entertained by Mrs. Eagan, honorary state regent of Florida, at the Woman's Club, St. Augustine, at a delightful reception November 13.

Invited to meet Mrs. Scott were the members of the Woman's club, Ladies' Friday Musical, United Daughters of the Confederacy, Daughters of the American Revolution, Colonial Dames, their escorts, and the Sons of the Revolution.

The present regent of the chapter is Mrs. H. H. Buckman.

NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Children of the American Revolution

REPORT OF ANNUAL CONVENTION, C. A. R.

The annual convention of the National Society, Children of the American Revolution, was held on Monday, April 19, 1909, in the Sunday school room of the First Congregational church, the national president general, Mrs. Howard, in the chair.

The convention was opened by the recital of the Lord's prayer; followed by the singing of "America." The salute to the flag was given by all present, the flag held by Master Charles Hammel and the poem recited by Miss Annie Howard of the Trenton-Princeton Chapter of Washington.

A brief address of welcome was extended to all by Mrs. Howard; then she called upon the founder, Mrs. Daniel Lothrop, who addressed the children, urging to work for those poorer than themselves.

Announcement was made of the severe illness of the secretary, Miss Tulloch, and a vote of sympathy was given her.

Mrs. Lothrop, chairman of the nominating committee, read a list of candidates nominated for office for the coming year, and the acting recording secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for them. This was done, and they were declared elected as follows:

Honorary President.

Mrs. Fred. T. Dubois, of Idaho.

National President.

Mrs. Albert Baird Cummins.

National Vice-President, Presiding.

Mrs. E. S. Washington Howard.

National Vice-President in Charge of Local Societies.

Mrs. Frank Bond.

National Vice-Presidents.

Mrs. Joseph Paul,

Mrs. Chas. C. Darwin,

Mrs. John Tweedale,

Mrs. Job Barnard,

Mrs. Geo. W. Baird,

Mrs. Frank Mondell,

Mrs. Geo. Marsh,

Miss E. C. Tulloch,

Mrs. Herschell B. Main,

Miss Catherine Custis.

National Recording Secretary.

Miss Martha N. Hooper, 1735 New Hampshire avenue.

National Corresponding Secretary.

Mrs. Ellis Logan, 1253 Irving street.

National Register.

Mrs. J. B. Gregg Custis, 912 Fifteenth street.

National Treasurer.

Mrs. Violet Blair Janin, 12 Lafayette Square.

National Chaplain.

Mrs. S. H. Woodrow.

National Historian.

Mrs. Walter R. Beach.

A letter of farewell from the outgoing president, Mrs. Fred. T. Dubois, was read, congratulating the society that nearly two thousand children have been enrolled, and urging children to work for others.

Mrs. Albert Baird Cummins then entered the room and was given the Chautauqua salute. Mrs. Lothrop gave her a cordial welcome to the society, to which she responded in a few graceful words.

Reports from the national officers were then called for, and were given as follows:

National vice-president in charge of local societies, Mrs. Frank Bond. Report accepted.

National corresponding secretary, Mrs. Logan. Report accepted.

National register, Mrs. J. B. Gregg Custis. Report accepted.

National Treasurer, Mrs. Violet Blair Janin. Report accepted.

The emblem of the society to the state having the largest number of societies was returned by Mrs. Nellis M. Rich, of New York, and was again awarded to New York.

The loving cup offered by Mrs. Wm. Rogers Beach, of New York, to the society giving the largest contribution to the Children's room in Continental Hall, was awarded to the Martha Washington Society, Silver City, New Mexico, and was received by Miss Margaret Barnes, who was present as a delegate.

The loving cup offered by Mrs. Nellis M. Rich, of New York, to that society in New York which should make the greatest gain in membership during the year was awarded to the Gen. Sullivan Society in Elmira, New York, and was received by Mrs. Wykoff, president of the society.

The loving cup offered by Miss Margaret Lothrop, of Massachusetts,

to the society in the state which should have the largest membership was awarded to the Old North Bridge Society, of Concord, and received by Mrs. Daniel Lothrop.

Reports from state directors were then called for by Mrs. Frank Felter, of Indiana; Miss Margaret Barnes, representing New Mexico; Mrs. Rich, of New York; written reports were received by the secretary from the states of Colorado, Connecticut, Kansas, New Jersey, Rhode Island and Wisconsin.

Reports from local societies were received from Mrs. Moultrie Gourdin, of Charleston, South Carolina; Mrs. Wishart, of John Hart Society, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; from the Chas. Lynch Society, Lynchburg, Virginia; Signal Lantern Society, Massachusetts; St. Louis Society, Fort Steuben Society, Indiana; Martha Williams Society, Pennsylvania; Rebecca Bates Society, Iowa; John Paul Jones Society, Michigan, and others.

Announcement was made that Mrs. Wykoff, of New York, offered a loving cup to be presented at the next annual convention to that society which should give the largest contribution to Continental Hall.

Resolutions of sympathy were passed for Mrs. Mary Lockwood, state director of the district, on the death of her only daughter.

Other resolutions passed were thanks:

To Dr. S. H. Woodrow and the trustees of the First Congregational church for the use of the room.

To Dr. Roland Cotton Smith, of St. John's church, for the services on Sunday afternoon.

To the captain of the boat taking the children to Mount Vernon.

To Mrs. Emig for music at the convention.

To the officers of the society.

The convention then adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

MARHTA N. HOOPER,

Secretary.

Other exercises connected with the convention were as follows:

Tuesday, April 20.—Reception and colonial tea at the Arlington Hotel. Minuet danced by children in colonial costume.

Wednesday, April 21.—Annual pilgrimage to Mount Vernon. Patriotic exercises around the society's tree.

Thursday, April 22.—Reception by President and Mrs. Taft to the Children of the American Revolution, at the White House.

Friday.—Memorial Continental Hall. Patriotic entertainment given by the Children of the American Revolution, under the direction of Miss Hawke.

MINUTES OF OCTOBER MEETING.

The first meeting of the National Board of Management, Children of the American Revolution, for the autumn was held Thursday, October 14, 1909, at the residence of Mrs. Janin, 12 Lafayette Square.

In the absence of the President and Vice-President, Mrs. Bond called the meeting to order, and presided. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. The report of Mrs. Bond, Vice-President in Charge of Local Societies, was read, as follows:

The following resignations of officers have been received during the summer: Mrs. Frederika Dorland, State Director for Nebraska; Mrs. C. W. Hatter, appointed to organize at Baltimore, Maryland; Mrs. H. F. Burton, President Iroquois Society, Rochester, New York; Mrs. H. A. Powell, President White Plains Society, White Plains, New York; Mrs. Van Demsen, President Old North Bridge Society, Concord, Massachusetts.

Appointments recommended are: Mrs. Andrew M. Davis, Berkeley, California, to organize a society under the care of the Sierra Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution; Mrs. M. B. Mercer, to organize a society in Washington, District of Columbia, under the care of Judge Lynn Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution; Mrs. Frances E. Wordruff, Quincy, Illinois, to organize a society under the care of Dorothy Quincy Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution; Mrs. M. C. Garber, Madison, Indiana, to organize a society at Madison; Miss Elizabeth Flagg, to organize a society at Kansas City, Kansas; Mrs. W. A. Moon, to organize a society at Chanute, Kansas; Miss Mary V. Tewksbury, President Old North Bridge Society, at Concord, Massachusetts; Mrs. Frank Hill, Dorchester, Massachusetts, to organize a society under the care of Old South Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, of which Mrs. Hill is President.

NEW YORK.

Mrs. Elbert A. Palmer, President Bemis Heights Society, Saratoga; Mrs. Robert C. Burleigh, President Iroquois Society, Rochester; Mrs. Geo. B. Burbank, President White Plains Society, White Plains; Miss Polly Allaway, to organize at Goshen.

Schuyler Society, Albany, New York, has elected as Honorary Presidents, Miss A. Helen Winne and Mrs. F. M. Danaher.

The name Elizabeth Zane, chosen at society forming at Madison, Indiana, is presented.

STATE PROMOTERS.

Mrs. Chas. F. Scott, Iola, Kansas.

Mrs. T. A. Cordry, Parsons, Kansas.

Miss Lydia Dorrington, Chanute, Kansas.

Mrs. W. D. Keyes, Chanute, Kansas.

Mrs. J. S. Simmons, East Hutchison, Kansas.

Report was accepted, and names of candidates presented, confirmed.

Report of the Corresponding Secretary was read and accepted.

Mrs. Custis, Registrar, read her report and presented the names of fifty applicants for membership.

The report was accepted and the Secretary instructed to cast the ballot. This was done, and they were declared elected.

The report of the Treasurer, Mrs. Janin was read, showing \$453.37 balance on hand September 30th. Report accepted.

Mrs. Lothrop, the Chairman of the Special Committee in charge of furnishing the Children's room in Continental Hall, was present; she showed a plan of the Hall, giving location of the room, and gave a report of her efforts to secure suitable furniture, and she received the thanks of the Board for her work in this line.

The meeting then adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

MARTHA N. HOOPER,

Secretary.

The sixth state conference of the Florida Daughters was held in St. Augustine, in February, 1909, Mrs. John G. Christopher, state regent, presiding. The seventh state conference will be held in February, 1910, in Orlando, with the Orlando chapter. Mrs. J. M. Mahoney is state regent.

Continental Hall Fund. Miss Messenger will allow every Daughter who sells a copy of her book, "Heroine of the Hudson," to use the entire purchase money, \$1.00, for chapter fund for Continental Hall. Address, MISS LILLIAN R. MESSENGER, The Fredonia, Washington, D. C.

Osage Chapter, Sedalia, Missouri, Mrs. D. T. Abell, regent, has taken for the subject of the year, "The Santa Fe Trail." The program is of great interest. The motto is

"We cross the prairie as of old
The Pilgrims crossed the sea,
To make the West, as they the East,
The homestead of the free."

IN MEMORIAM

The following members of the Nathaniel Massie Chapter, Chillicothe, Ohio, have passed over the great river:

MRS. CIDMAR M. JONES ROCKHOLD, wife of Elijah C. Rockhold, August 26, 1909, one who had a deep interest in the society.

MISS SUSAN VIRGINIA WALKE, September 22, 1909. She was a charter member and a loyal and devoted Daughter.

MRS. SARAH MORGAN DAWSON, Rebecca Motte Chapter, Charleston, S. C., died in Paris, May, 1909.

MISS ALMA FELDER, Rebecca Motte Chapter, died May 21, 1909, in Orangeburg, South Carolina.

MRS. CAROLINE KENNEY (FULLER) CASWELL, charter member, Ruth Heald Cragin Chapter, North Anson, Maine, died November 6th, in her 89th year. Mrs. Caswell was beloved by all, and was always interested in the work of the chapter. The Daughters were equally interested in their oldest member and frequently remembered her with flowers and loving tokens. During the last year the chapter has enjoyed the unusual honor of having on their membership roll four generations in one family: Mrs. Caroline K. Caswell; her daughter, Mrs. Ellen Gray; her granddaughter, Mrs. Evie H. Robinson, founder of the chapter, and her great-granddaughter, Miss Addie B. Robinson. Mrs. Caswell was a descendant of Thomas Kenney and Edward Fuller, Revolutionary soldiers, and was of Mayflower ancestry through Edward Fuller, Sr.

MRS. ROSETTE SMITH BREWER, Fort Atkinson, Wisconsin Chapter, died at Fort Atkinson, Saturday, October 23, 1909, aged 59 years. Mrs. Brewer was born and raised in Wisconsin. She was a woman of strong mentality and unusual business ability, having successfully conducted a ladies furnishing store in this city for upwards of thirty years. Socially she was deeply interested in the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution, having done more, perhaps, than any other member, towards building up in this place the second largest chapter in the state. She was treasurer of the Fort Atkinson Chapter at the time of her death.

MRS. ELSIE BUSBY MATSON, Brookville Chapter, Brookville, Pennsylvania, died suddenly August twenty-eighth, 1909. She served as registrar during the last two years.

MRS. SARAH E. BARTLETT.—The Gen. Ebenezer Learned Chapter, Oxford, Massachusetts, has met with a great loss in the death of our beloved historian. She was gentle with loving kindness and her very presence was an inspiration to us all. This is the first time death has entered our circle and we deeply feel our loss.

BOOK NOTES

HISTORIC SUMNER COUNTY, TENNESSEE, WITH GENEALOGIES OF THE BLEDSOE, CAGE AND DOUGLASS FAMILIES AND GENEALOGICAL NOTES OF OTHER SUMNER COUNTY FAMILIES. By *Jay Guy Cisco*. Nashville, Tenn., 1909. \$2.00 Cloth bound. \$5.00 Morocco bound.

As stated in the preface this is not intended to be a history of Sumner county but an account of the first settlement and the first settlers with many interesting facts not before published. It is to be regretted that many of the descendants of the pioneers failed to respond to the requests for information concerning their ancestors as the early history of the county is so closely interwoven with the lives of the men who reclaimed it from the wilderness. The first settlement was made, 1779, near Bledsoe's Lick, by men from Watauga, North Carolina, and Virginia, with a few from Pennsylvania and South Carolina, and their land warrants were in most cases received for services in the Revolutionary War. A list of the early settlers contains the names of Rutherford, Winchester, Smith, Wilson, Bowen, Blackmore, Bledsoe and other Revolutionary officers, besides those of Ginn, Parker, Rogan, Shelby, Gillespie, Morgan, White and many more who had fought in the ranks. For the first twenty-five years the settlers of Sumner county were in constant danger from the Cherokees and Creeks who were ever on the war path and it is this period of its history that the author has dwelt upon particularly. He has personally interviewed many of the descendants of the pioneers and examined all available written and printed records, the result of his labors being an interesting and valuable contribution to the local history of Tennessee. Besides the Bledsoe, Cage, and Douglass genealogies brief histories of the families of Bowen, Campbell, Lauderdale, Odom, Elliott, Boddie, Parker, Peyton and Wilson are also given, together with many biographical sketches. The book is well bound, with numerous illustrations, and clearly printed with a very full table of contents which in part takes the place of the index whose absence is always to be deplored.

The year book of the Old South Chapter, Boston, Mrs. Clara A. Hill, regent, always comes to the desk embellished with a picture of the Old South Church, "the sanctuary of freedom." The present one contains with other matters of interest, their by-laws.



OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1909.

President General

MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
701 E. Taylor Street, Bloomington, Ill., and 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

**Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of
Chapters**

MRS. MIRANDA B. TULLOCH,
121 B Street, S. E., and 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General

(Term of office expires 1910.)

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127 Bluff St., Council Bluffs, Iowa.

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311 Candler Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

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(Term of office expires 1911.)

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 (Abby Lucretia Rice.)

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| Missouri, | MRS. SAMUEL MCKNIGHT GREEN, 3815 Magnolia Ave., St. Louis.
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| | MRS. ROBERT BURETT OLIVER, 740 North St., Cape Girardeau.
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(Carrie Lawrence McNamara.) |
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(Blanche Seaman B.) |
| New Hampshire, . | MRS. CHAS. CLEMENCE ABBOTT, Keene.
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| | MRS. JOSEPH H. DEARBORN, Box 313, Suncook.
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| | MRS. SMYSER WILLIAMS, York.
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(Elected for Life)

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MRS. MARY V. E. CABELL.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General

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|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| MRS. ROGER A. PRYOR, 1893. | MRS. A. C. GEER, 1896. |
| MRS. A. LEO KNOTT, 1894. | MRS. MILDRED S. MATHERS, 1899. |
| MRS. ELLEN H. WALWORTH, 1894. | MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905. |
| MRS. JOSHUA WILBOUR, 1895. | MRS. JULIA K. HOGG, 1905. |
| MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895. | MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906. |
| MISS MARY DESHA, 1895. | MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906. |
| | MRS. DEB. RANDOLPH KEIM, 1906. |

HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the NATIONAL SOCIETY, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, *provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society*. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the *National Society*, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the "Corresponding Secretary General," at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in *duplicate*, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be *endorsed by at least one member of the Society*. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to "Registrar General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C."

The initiation fee is one dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented to the National Society direct for members-at-large. The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances to whomsoever sent should be by a check or money order. Never in currency.

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted, this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution, the following motion was unanimously passed:

"*Resolved*, That the following notice be inserted in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: 'Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, marriages and all changes of address and list of officers.'"

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, N. S. D. A. R.

WEDNESDAY, October 6, 1909.

The President General Chairman ex-officio.

The first meeting of the National Board of Management in Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C., was held Wednesday, October 6, 1909.

The President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, of Bloomington, Ill., called the meeting to order at 10.35 A. M.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Noble, the Board joining audibly in the Lord's Prayer.

The Recording Secretary General called the roll, the following members answering to their names:

The President General. Mrs. Tulloch, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters. Vice-Presidents General: Mrs. Smoot, of Virginia; Mrs. Bates, of Massachusetts; Mrs. Bushnell, of Iowa; Mrs. Sage, of Georgia; Mrs. Sterling, of Connecticut; Mrs. Jones, of Mississippi; Mrs. Putnam, of New Jersey; Mrs. Hardy, of Kentucky; Mrs. Patton, of Pennsylvania; Mrs. Morgan Smith, of Alabama; Mrs. Fowler, of Indiana; Mrs. Campbell, of Colorado; Mrs. Sternberg, of the District of Columbia. Active officers: Mrs. Noble, the Chaplain General; Mrs. Swormstedt, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Hoover; Treasurer General; Miss Pierce, Registrar General; Mrs. Darwin, Historian General; Mrs. Bowron, Assistant Historian General; Mrs. Willis, Librarian General; Miss Wilcox, Recording Secretary General. State Regents: Mrs. McClellan, of Alabama; Mrs. Buel, of Connecticut; Mrs. Taylor, of Delaware; Mrs. Smallwood, of the District of Columbia; Mrs. Chenault, of Kentucky; Mrs. Thom, of Maryland; Mrs. Dunning, of Massachusetts; Mrs. Libbey, of New Jersey; Mrs. Prince, of New Mexico; Mrs. Wood, of New York; Mrs. Perley, of Pennsylvania; Mrs. Jamison, of Virginia; Mrs. Edmondson, of West Virginia. State Vice-Regents: Mrs. Welty, of Illinois; Miss Harnit, of Ohio.

Thirty-eight members of the Board have answered the roll call—a quorum is present.

The President General addressed the Board as follows: "Ladies of the National Board of Management:

"Death has been busy in many of the families that are represented here in this little circle.

"Many noble women, since last we met, have gone to their reward—have 'passed serenely to where, beyond these voices, there is peace.' Of one near and dear to me as my own flesh and blood I would speak if I could, but the tongue falters and my lips refuse their tribute of love in the desolation of heart her loss has brought me.

"No sadder duty has devolved upon me than that of announcing to

you the death of Mrs. Caroline Murphy. She passed away at Fort Thomas, Kentucky, September 8th.

"How poor this world seems to me now that this strong life, so full of vigor and vitality—that great brain and heart, all teeming with love and sympathy and purpose, have gone from me!"

"Her queenliness, her masterly grasp of conditions, her tact and ready wit—her unbending will and valiant championship of what she considered right—her splendid command of all her vast intellectual power and resources—the heroic type in which this woman was cast—all that is best and strongest in refined and cultured womanhood was enshrined in her noble presence.

"Time fails me to speak of her magnificent work as a Daughter of the American Revolution. 'Her works do follow her,' and will keep her precious memory alive and fresh in hearts that have known and felt and appreciated all she has been, all she has achieved in her labor for our great organization.

"She needs no eulogy, no other monument to her memory, than the love and reverence of the thousands of children all over this land, whom she mothered through the great work to which she consecrated the last and best years of her noble life, 'The Children of the Republic.'

"Leaves have their time to fall,
And flowers to wither at the North wind's breath,
And stars to set; but all—
Thou hast all seasons for thine own, O Death!"

(See page 1061, Magazine for November).

The Assistant Historian General offered the resolution "*that a committee be appointed to prepare suitable resolutions expressing the deep feeling of regret of the National Board in the death of Mrs. Caroline Murphy (Mrs. John A.), the resolutions to be spread upon the minutes, and copies sent to the members of the family.*"

The Historian General stated she would like to make some comments upon the death of Mrs. Murphy, who had been one of her earliest and best friends, but she felt her loss too keenly to do so.

The resolution of the Assistant Historian General was seconded by the State Vice-Regent of Ohio, the Vice-Presidents General from Kentucky, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Colorado, Georgia and Alabama, the State Regents of New Jersey, District of Columbia, and Maryland, and the State Vice-Regent of Illinois.

The President General then stated that after correspondence with Mrs. Smallwood, Vice-Chairman of the Committee of the Children of the Republic, it was agreed that it would be wise to appoint Mrs. Murphy's daughter, Mrs. Gardner, a brilliant and accomplished woman, to take her mother's place as Chairman of the Committee.

The President General appointed the Assistant Historian General,

Chairman, with the State Vice-Regent of Ohio and the State Regent of Virginia members of the Committee to prepare these resolutions.

The President General again addressed the Board:

"Ladies of the National Board of Management: We stand at the threshold of a new era. To-day marks an epoch in the life of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. No hour of greater moment, no hour of finer historic interest, has marked any period in the life of our organization, than that which assembles us together—to-day for the first time—in this splendid apartment, eloquent with the great purposes, consecrated to the great ideals for which our society stands. We have witnessed—and some of us have participated in—magnificent dedicatory ceremonies in the past; the laying of the corner-stone, memorial monolith portico—rich gifts, the expression of the patriotic devotion of individuals or chapters or states—when the very air has been charged with sympathetic eloquence, that matched the masterpieces of any age or nation.

"To-day we come with no music of band, or blare of trumpet, no splendid pageant with banner and procession, but—encompassed by a great cloud of witnesses—it is rather with a sense of awe, the hush that is the benediction as it were, of answered prayer, that we come to renew our tacit oath of allegiance to the Constitution, our tacit pledge to maintain the faith and to exemplify the patriotic principles that have inspired and made possible this magnificent realization of our dreams, this glorious consummation of all we have hoped, worked and prayed for.

"With heads bowed in humility, lest we forget, with hearts lifted in thankfulness for the Unseen Hand that has guided our stately ship and anchored it at last safely in this beautiful haven of rest and peace, we would turn our faces to the stars—not hastening, not resting. We can no more cease pressing on into new horizons than do even the fixed stars in their courses.

"This is a business meeting, and it is not at all my purpose to enter into any discussion at this time, of principles and theories, other than as they apply to the work which we have before us at this meeting of the National Board of Management. And yet I feel that it will not be out of place for me to express the hope that in all of our deliberations upon this occasion, we will bear in mind that the only way in which we, as Daughters of Revolutionary mothers and Revolutionary sires, can prove ourselves worthy of our ancestry, is by facing the great problems which confront us, in the same lofty spirit, and with the same unselfish devotion to high principles, which they manifested during the trying days which witnessed the birth-throes of our great republic. We are no more free from petty annoyances and personal misunderstandings than they were, and the only way to prevent such trifles from dwarfing the larger issues before us, is to endeavor to keep always in our minds the proper sense of perspective of the relative value of

things, and to give our first thought and our intensest activity, to the working out of the great problems upon the proper solution of which depend the present strength and the future vitality of our great organization. Goethe's dying cry for 'more light' has never been denied to mortals and never will be.

"The ideal toward which we should bend our efforts is that of approaching even the smallest matters in a large spirit. May we in all our deliberations to-day realize this splendid ideal!

"Many questions of vital import will be brought before us during the coming days and months, and indeed it would be a very monotonous and uninteresting session if there were to be no discussion, no interchange of conflicting views, no lively and even heated advocacy of differing policies, and discussions of questions of expediency. Judging from our past experience I fancy that there is no danger of our falling into the condition which the small boy attributed to the ancient Greeks. When asked what was their custom with regard to marriage, he replied, 'The custom of the Greeks was to marry only one wife, and they called this monotony.'

"And now, dear ladies, bear with me while I touch upon one or two subjects very near my heart. Success in this day depends upon intelligence, and an intelligent knowledge of our work, as planned, carried on and reported, is especially desirable for the Daughters of the American Revolution, who are scattered over all this broad land, and the greater part of the year out of personal touch with what is going on, except in their local work, and the annual visit to Congress, which is restricted to a few. We have a medium of information which is so ably edited that it brings before the Daughters an amount of condensed and varied information, which would serve as a tremendous stimulus to interest and exertion, if it were more generally circulated and more generally read. Let us *increase our subscriptions to our AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE*, and stimulate interest in its circulation. Intelligent knowledge must, as I have said, precede intelligent work in these wide fields. Our Magazine should be in the hands of every Daughter of the American Revolution, and if this were the case, would be more than self-supporting.

"It would certainly be ungracious, should we on this occasion fail to recognize and recall our appreciation of the services of our faithful clerical force, who, through the heat of the past summer, have so loyally remained at their posts; and hour by hour, day by day, week by week, and month by month, carried on the work on which so much of our success depends.

"My report would be incomplete should I fail to say just a word of the beautiful welcome home, accorded me by the Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter of my own town of Bloomington, where representative Daughters from all over Illinois joined with my neighbors and friends in giving me a reception and banquet, which will always stand out in

my recollection as one of the most touching and memorable experiences of my life.

"During my summer vacation I also sandwiched in two delightful visits—the first to my baby Illinois chapter, only three months old, the DeWitt Clinton Chapter, where I was presented with an addition to my family of thirty-two charming Daughters; the second, at Grand Rapids, Michigan, where I found a most flourishing and superb chapter of enthusiastic and loyal women, whose welcome to me marked a truly red letter day in my Daughters of the American Revolution calendar.

"And now, ladies, though bitterly disappointed at the non-removal of our offices, so confidently expected last month, we have much to be thankful for. Thankful among other great mercies vouchsafed, that so many of us have been spared in health and strength, and refreshed by summer outings, to take up the strenuous tasks awaiting us."

(See page 1057, AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE for November.)

The President General then called attention to the illness of Mrs. Cahoon, in the following remarks, and asked whether the Board considered it wise to extend Mrs. Cahoon's leave of absence for any definite, or unlimited, time, and whether she should receive pay during such absence:

"I have now a communication to make which distresses me greatly. Our faithful stenographer, Mrs. Cahoon, who has so long and so ably filled this very difficult and responsible position, is still not well enough to resume her duties. I have been constantly informed as to the state of her health during the summer, through her brother, who is devotedly attached to her, and has done, and is doing, all in his power to assist in her recovery, which we all hope will be assured within a few months. In the interim between the June and October meetings of the Board—aware of the importance of prolonging her leave of absence—I authorized this extension during the month of September, leaving it to the Board to decide whether this leave should include pay for the month of September or not.

"Considering the fidelity of this woman, whose health has broken down under the strain of her long and arduous services to this Board—aggravated of late by the distress of family bereavement—I personally feel that nothing should be left undone which it is in our power to do to show the appreciation we all, without exception, I am sure, feel of Mrs. Cahoon's services, our sympathy with her in this illness and our sense of obligation to her. It rests with the Board to decide whether or not her leave shall still be extended; if extended, for what length of time, and whether with full pay, or half pay, or no pay at all.

"It is my firm conviction that any step taken by the Board at this time, looking toward the severing of ties that have for eleven years of untiring and continuous service become a part of her life, would have a most disastrous effect upon Mrs. Cahoon. Perhaps if some temporary arrangement could be made until such time as she could return

to her work, or such time, if that time should come, when her family felt she should be entirely relieved, we would be doing only that which justice and our own generous instincts would prompt."

The Recording Secretary General moved: *That a letter of sympathy be written to the brother of Mrs. Cahoon, with wishes for her speedy recovery; that her leave be extended indefinitely, but the matter of pay left to the Board.*

Seconded by the Vice-President General from Pennsylvania, the State Regent of New Mexico and the Vice-President General from Massachusetts.

Question taken and motion agreed to.

The Vice-President General from Massachusetts stated that she felt the members of the Board could not express too much regret at the condition of Mrs. Cahoon, who had served them so long and faithfully, calling attention to her unfailing courtesy to every one and her willingness to help all the members of the Society. She then moved that the place be kept open for Mrs. Cahoon, and, in the meantime, since there was no immediate prospect of her return to it, she had in mind a young woman whom she would like to nominate to take Mrs. Cahoon's place during her absence, and that she be permanently appointed should Mrs. Cahoon not be able to return. She stated that the young lady was a Miss Brigham, of Boston, that she had a position in that place which paid her \$1,500 a year, and that she was eminently fitted for the position, quoting several positions Miss Brigham had held, which required ability. She felt that Miss Brigham was peculiarly fitted for the position, as she had done court reporting, and that she had splendid references which were written to Miss Brigham entirely unsolicited. She then quoted several references, which were claimed to be first-class, A1, and stated that her mother is a member of a chapter in Boston.

The motion of the Vice-President from Massachusetts was seconded by the State Vice-Regent of Ohio, the State Regents of Kentucky, Virginia and New Jersey, and the Assistant Historian General.

There was considerable discussion regarding the appointment of Miss Brigham, except in a temporary capacity.

The State Regent of New York asked if the motion of the Vice-President from Massachusetts did not conflict with Statute 74, which reads as follows: * * * "The Secretaries were authorized to select their own clerks." * * * and if the statutes do not hold until they are rescinded.

There was considerable discussion upon this point and the President General pointed out that this appointment was not a clerkship, but the stenographer—official stenographer to the Board.

The State Regent of Massachusetts stated she considered they came under the same heading.

The Vice-President General from Massachusetts again requested that Miss Brigham be appointed official stenographer until Mrs. Cahoon

returned, or in case she is unable to return that the appointment be permanent.

The State Regent of Pennsylvania moved: *That the resolution of the Vice-President General from Massachusetts be amended to read that the appointment would be permanent, "if she proved satisfactory to the Board."*

The motion as amended was carried, and is as follows: *That Miss Brigham, of Boston, be appointed as the stenographer to the Board for the time until Mrs. Cahoon returns, or if Mrs. Cahoon is not able to return, she will have the position permanently, provided she proves satisfactory to the Board.*

Seconded by the State Vice-Regent of Ohio, the State Regent of Kentucky and the State Regent of Virginia.

The regular order was resumed, and the minutes of the June Board meeting were called, read, corrected and approved.

The President General brought up the subject of the use of Memorial Continental Hall for outside purposes, reading a letter received from Commissioner Macfarland and her reply to same.

The President General's letter is as follows:

"THE WILDS, CHARLEVOIX, Michigan, August 16, 1909.

"HON HENRY B. F. MACFARLAND,

"Commissioner of the District of Columbia,

"Washington, D. C.

"MY DEAR MR. MACFARLAND: We are compelled to postpone the removal of our offices to Continental Hall, September 1st, and unless objections should be made by Professor Mechlin or Mr. Casey or Messrs. Norcross on account of interfering with the work there, I see no reason why Memorial Continental Hall may not be used for the National Conference of the 'Laymen's Missionary Movement of the United States,' on Friday, November 12th. This is my personal opinion only, but I will submit your letter of the 9th, containing this request, to the October Board meeting.

"My own feeling on the subject of the use of the Hall is very strong and differs very widely from that of some of the other members of the Board.

"I believe that Memorial Continental Hall should be a center from which should radiate influences that would, as in this case, be felt to the ends of the earth. I believe that our Grand Auditorium should be the center of the patriotic life of Washington—that from the platform of that Auditorium—the most beautiful I believe in the country—should be given lectures on the great themes that to-day stir humanity to its depths; and that from this building should go forth an impulse that should be felt in the literary, scientific and educational life of the nation. I do not believe the 70,000 Daughters of the American Revolution have put \$500,000 in this magnificent property, for the sole purpose

of housing our clerical force, and inanimate objects, however precious; or that they wish after its use by the annual Congress or other D. A. R. celebrations, to shroud that Auditorium in white holland, and lock the doors, against requests of representatives of the United States Government, who tell us that the Government has no building in Washington suitable for its occasional exercises, nearer than the Navy Yard; or when applied for by organizations representing interests such as the Missionary Conference, in whose behalf you make this second request.

"I have given you my personal opinion upon this matter with my reasons for it. The issue I must leave with the Board.

"Sincerely yours,

"(Signed) JULIA G. SCOTT,

"(Mrs. Matthew T. Scott,)

"President General, N. S. D. A. R."

The Vice-President General from Colorado moved: *That the letter of the President General be considered the action of the Board.*

Seconded by the State Regent of the District of Columbia and the State Regent of West Virginia, and motion carried.

The President General asked the approval of the Board of her action in granting to the Bishop of Washington and Rev. Roland Cotton Smith the use of Continental Hall for a church convention to be held on the 10th of November.

The State Regent of Virginia moved: *That the action of the President General be endorsed.* Seconded by the Vice-Presidents General from Kentucky and Georgia. Motion put and carried.

The question arose as to what should be done with requests for the use of the hall between Board meetings, it having been decided that the Board should act upon these inquiries.

The following motion made by the State Regent of the District, with an amendment offered by the Vice-President General from Virginia, seconded by the State Regent of New Jersey and the Vice-President General from Colorado, was carried:

That the ideals of the President General, with reference to the use of Memorial Continental Hall, be adopted by the Board, and that its use be granted when desirable or convenient, with the understanding that expenses of heat, light, cleaning, wear and tear, be covered; that such requests be presented at regular Board meetings, and that requests for its use in the interim be decided by the President General.

The Vice-President General from Pennsylvania asked for the use of the hall for the lectures to be given by her committee, whereupon the State Regent of Massachusetts moved: *That the request of the Chairman of the National University Committee for the use of Continental Hall for lectures provided by that committee be granted.*

The motion was seconded by the Chaplain General and carried.

Invitations were extended to the President General and the National

Board of Management to attend the State Conferences of Massachusetts, of New Jersey, of Kentucky, of Indiana, of Ohio, of Connecticut, of Pennsylvania, of Virginia, of Maryland, of Georgia, of New York and of Alabama.

All of the above invitations were graciously received.

The report of the Recording Secretary General was called.

REPORT OF THE RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL, NATIONAL SOCIETY, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION: Madam President General and Members of the Board: In the interim since last we met much has been recorded from the desk of the Recording Secretary, and in reporting it to you, she will be as brief as is consistent with accuracy.

As directed by the Constitution, the amendments presented at the Congress last April were put in shape for printing, and were printed and distributed to all the State and Chapter Regents before July 23d, which was within the prescribed ninety days.

All action of the Board on June 2d was soon thereafter transmitted to the different offices affected. Letters of condolence were written to Mrs. North, of Vermont, and Mrs. Park, of Georgia, tendering the sympathy of the Board in their recent bereavements. In response, Mrs. Park expressed deep appreciation of the sympathy thus extended, and in a later note, declining chairmanship of the Naval Academy Cup Committee, Mrs. Park also asked to be relieved of any active duties, owing to a dislocation and fracture of her right shoulder, which would probably disable her for months.

Regrets have been received for this meeting of the Board from Mrs. Van Landingham, of North Carolina; Mrs. Fyfe, of Michigan; Mrs. Loyhed, of Minnesota; Mrs. Wheaton, of Colorado; Mrs. Fethers, of Wisconsin; Mrs. Truesdall, of Ohio; Miss Lake and Mrs. Greene, of Iowa; Mrs. Delafield and Mrs. Green, of Missouri; Mrs. Bryan, Mrs. Spencer and Miss Temple, of Tennessee; Mrs. Barrow, of Arkansas; Mrs. Abbott, of New Hampshire; Mrs. Robertson, of South Carolina; Mrs. Robertson, of Texas; Mrs. Lippitt, of Rhode Island, and Mrs. Laird, of California, conveying congratulatory greetings to our President General and good wishes to our National Society.

In compliance with the statutes a notice was inserted in the papers, calling attention to a suitable observance by the Daughters of the American Revolution of Flag Day (June 14), the Associated Press sending the dispatch over the country in the name of the President General, for which they made no charge.

Mrs. Thomas Day, regent of Watauga Chapter, Memphis, Tennessee, sent in June a clipping from the *Memphis Appeal*, describing the celebration of Flag Day, under the auspices of that chapter, which instituted this observance in Memphis some eight years ago. Watauga Chapter gives annually a gold medal for individual merit in the manual of arms. This year it also provided a handsome flag for Overton Park.

Early in September, your former Recording Secretary, Miss Pierce, sent a clipping from the *Boston Advertiser*, saying: "The flag which Commander Peary planted at the North Pole was the one presented to him by the Daughters of the American Revolution on July 6, 1908, just before the *Roosevelt* hoisted anchor for her long trip northward. The banner is an American flag of silk, with white border, which has been adopted by the League of Peace as emblematic of world peace and liberty, and is similar in size to the Union Jack which Lieutenant Shackleton carried to the Antarctic as a gift from Queen Alexandra."

Last week came a clipping from a Denver paper, describing the presentation of a drop curtain by the Colorado Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, to the city of Denver, for the Auditorium. Mrs. Grant, former regent of this chapter, made the presentation address, the mayor of Denver, Honorable Robert W. Speer, responding.

On June 3d, Commissioner Macfarland was advised that the Board had denied his request for the loan of Continental Hall, on the ground that we did not desire to loan the hall for so long a period as four days. To this, on June 8th, the Commissioner replied, asking for reconsideration, which request was referred to the President General.

A letter of thanks was sent to Honorable John Foster for the picture of Mrs. Foster.

From "Mildred Warner Washington," Hearts of Oak Chapter, of Monmouth, Illinois, has come a gift—a chair for the use of the Recording Secretaries General. The intention was to present it at the Congress in April last, but it did not arrive in time, and it is suggested that it remain boxed, for presentation next April.

Many invitations have been received. The first from far-away Rainier Chapter, for the unveiling of the statue of Washington, June 14th, on the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition grounds, at Seattle. One from Vermont, for the unveiling of a tablet in memory of Seth Warner and Remember Baker, at Isle La Motte.

In July came the invitation-circular from Mrs. Story, Chairman of the Hudson-Fulton Celebration Committee, to be present at the commemoration of the three hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Hudson River, by Henry Hudson, in 1609, and the one hundredth anniversary of the application of steam to navigation, on this river, by Robert Fulton, in 1807.

In September came the call of the President General to attend the Board meeting, for the first time, in Memorial Continental Hall, supplemented by an invitation to luncheon in the dining room of the hall. Each member who answers the roll call this morning will feel the honor of being at this meeting, and be stirred to a high devotion to the duty before her.

In October came the invitation to the celebration of the anniversary of the Battle of King's Mountain, and the erection of a monument on the battlefield by the United States Government. The invitation came from

the King's Mountain Centennial Association, in the name of Mrs. Leslie Witherspoon, Regent of King's Mountain Chapter, and president of the association, and Miss O'Leary, the chapter secretary.

The latest invitation comes from the Committee of the Sons and Daughters of the American Revolution of California, to attend a reception to be given on October 22d, in honor of California's Vice-President General, Mrs. Swift.

In matters of interest which have come to your Recording Secretary, the Children of the American Revolution also have a part; for a circular from Mrs. Ellis Logan of the District announces that during the Convention of 1910 three silver loving cups will be given among the children's Societies, as follows:

Mrs. Fred. T. Dubois, Honorary President, offers one to the Society which, during the year, "Does the most commendable, loving work for other children."

Mrs. Alvin R. Bailey, State Director for Massachusetts, offers one to the Society making, during the year, "The largest contribution to Continental Hall."

Mrs. Ellis Logan, National Corresponding Secretary, offers one to that Society, now existing, or to be formed, "In the District of Columbia, Maryland or Virginia, which makes the greatest gain in new membership during the year."

In August a letter came from Mr. W. O. McDowell, of New York, requesting a copy of the minutes of the organizing meeting October 11, 1890, of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and of its adjourned meeting October 18, 1890. Finding that Mr. McDowell was the presiding officer of these, two meetings, the Board not meeting for two months, and believing there is a discretionary power vested in each National Officer of the Society, the request was granted.

In June came a letter from Mr. Heinrich Charles, for many years in the diplomatic service of the United States, and now editor and publisher in New York city, enclosing a copy of his brochure, "The Romance of the Name, America," and asking our aid in supporting a movement to make the America Day (April 25) an educational institution.

During the summer Mr. Garry D. M. Sherman, of the Richmond Hotel, brought to the office an historic gavel, which is to be presented later to the Society by his sister, Mrs. N. G. Jackson, of Eau Claire, Wis. A letter of description accompanied the gavel and both are placed for temporary safekeeping in box 546 in the vault down stairs, for which the custodian of the vault said there would be no charge. The custodian's receipt is in the desk.

The lists of the National Officers were completed and distributed with the amendments. The work of notifying the members of appointment to the various committees is possibly completed. (Turning to the President General. *Madam President General:* Shall I read the com-

mittee appointments made by you since the appearance of the printed committee lists? "Yes," was answered.)

(Continuing report.) Since the printing of the committee lists four additional Committees have been created: In August were appointed the Local Committee for the Smithsonian Report, Mrs. Bertha M. Robbins and Mrs. John Paul Earnest, of the District of Columbia, members, the latter declining; the Committee on By-Laws, Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch, Chairman, Mrs. Noble and Mrs. Swormstedt, members; and the Committee on the Hudson-Fulton Celebration, Mrs. Donald McLean, Chairman, Mrs. Terry and Mrs. Bowron, members; and early in October, the Committee on School Civics, Mrs. John R. Walker, Chairman, with several members.

Following is the routine work performed:

Number of application papers signed,	1,051
Notifications of elections,	1,051
Certificates of Membership,	10
Letters and postals written,	850

Instructions are asked from the Board as to bringing the statute book up to date, it having been enacted in meeting of the National Board of Management (Statute 124, March 7, 1896) that after the statutes have been brought down to 1902 it shall devolve upon the Recording Secretary General to continue this work.

It is recommended, for the proper conduct of the work of the office of the Recording Secretary General, that an expert stenographer be engaged to make verbatim copies of the proceedings of the Board meetings, to be paid for by the folio. The Board meeting only once a month during nine months of the year, the officers' reports and other prepared typewritten statements being handed in,—this will be the most economical arrangement that can be made. The Recording Secretary General urgently needs the services of a clerk for the routine work of her office. During the summer a detail from another office has given assistance in order "to lessen the expense to the organization," but it is now necessary to employ a permanent clerk for this office.

This report is not complete until thanks are given to Miss Desha, one of our Founders, Honorary Vice-President General, and now Chapter Regent, for the great assistance she has rendered your Recording Secretary, who, being new to the office was in need of such assistance,—especially in regard to the preparation of the amendments, for which Miss Desha was so eminently fitted by her thorough knowledge of the Constitution.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

MARY R. WILCOX,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

It was moved by the Vice-President General from New Jersey, sec-

onded by the Vice-President General from Virginia: *That the report of the Recording Secretary General be accepted.*

The State Regent of Virginia moved to amend: *That the report be accepted and the recommendations considered under new business.*

The amendment prevailed.

The President General read a clipping from the Washington Post, which contained a copy of a congratulatory letter received by Commander Peary from Mrs. McLean.

The Recording Secretary General Stated she had forgotten to incorporate in her report the receipt of two letters addressed to the National Society, in regard to the auditorship.

It was decided that these should come up under new business.

The President General asked for the report of the Corresponding Secretary General. The report is as follows:

REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL, NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION: *Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:* The following report comprises supplies sent from the office of Corresponding Secretary General from June 1, 1909, to October 1, 1909,

June, 1909—

Application blanks,	2,545
Supplemental blanks,	192
Constitutions,	219
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	216
Miniature blanks,	205
Officers' lists,	58
Transfer cards	84
Letters received,	139
Letters written,	144

July, 1909—

Application blanks,	1,913
Supplemental blanks,	334
Constitutions	339
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	187
Miniature blanks	192
Officers' lists,	156
Transfer cards,	48
Letters received,	117
Letters written,	113

August, 1909—

Application blanks,	1,617
Supplemental blanks,	334

Constitutions,	166
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	239
Miniature blanks,	156
Officers' lists,	133
Transfer cards,	67
Letters received,	106
Letters written,	86

September, 1909—

Application blanks,	2,337
Supplemental blanks,	178
Constitutions,	333
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	248
Miniature blanks,	201
Officers' lists,	198
Transfer cards,	48
Letters received,	148
Letters written,	143

Making a total for the four months as follows:

Application blanks,	8,412
Supplemental blanks,	1,038
Constitutions,	1,057
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	890
Miniature blanks,	754
Officers' lists,	545
Transfer cards,	247
Letters received,	510
Letters written,	486

Proposed amendments to the Constitution, presented at the Continental Congress of 1909, to be acted upon at the Continental Congress of 1910, were sent out July 20th to National Officers, State and Chapter Regents, numbering 1,088.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) MABEL G. SWORMSTEDT,
Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

October 6, 1909.

The report was accepted on motion of the State Regent of Pennsylvania, seconded by the State Regent of New Jersey.

The Corresponding Secretary General read a letter written August 22, from Mrs. Murray Warner who was appointed Regent of the Pekin Chapter, Shanghai, China, giving an account of what her Chapter was doing; also a letter from Mrs. Hall, Regent of Aloha Chapter in Honolulu, who was sending a table for Continental Hall made of fine cabinet wood (Koa).

The President General explained that the table in question had arrived, but it had not been opened or brought to the Hall on account of the danger of injury to it.

The report of the Registrar General was called; before reading the report Miss Pierce remarked upon the era of prosperity and good times, and that good feeling was in every way evident, as she had the honor to present the largest number of new members that have ever been presented at any Board meeting. In addition to the number of original applications, there have been verified during the summer vacation 433 of the supplemental applications, which had accumulated in the office, making a total verification of papers in the summer 1,750, or nearly 1,800 applications. The applications which were unverified and were obliged to be returned for additional information numbered 32.

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL, N. S. D. A. R., OCTOBER 6, 1909:
Madam President General, Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following for the past month:

Applications presented to the Board,	1,312
Supplemental applications verified,	433
Applications returned unverified,	32
Permits for the insignia issued,	548
Permits for the ancestral bars issued,	250
Permits for the recognition pin issued,	273
Certificates issued,	10
Certificates engrossed,	5,245
Applications of "Real Daughters" presented,	1
Number of letters issued,	2,845
Number of postal cards,	1,525
New Records,	685
Original papers awaiting information,	146
Supplemental papers awaiting information,	75
Original papers awaiting Notary's Seal,	61
Total number of papers verified,	1,806
Total number of papers examined,	2,059
Data for certificates are complete as far as October.	

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

GRACE M. PIERCE,

Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

(See page 1105, American Monthly for November.)

The President General remarked that when the report of the Registrar General is accepted, it is to be with many thanks.

On motion of the Corresponding Secretary General, a recess was taken at 1 p. m., the meeting adjourning for luncheon which was served in the dining room of Continental Hall, the President General being hostess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Meeting called to order at 2.30 P. M., the President General in the chair.

The President General asked that the Registrar General continue with her report.

The Registrar General read the names of the applicants for membership and remarked that the list of names which she had read numbers 1,312, there being one "Real Daughter" on the list, and, as stated, the number of papers verified nearly 1,800, total in the office over 2,000. I may say, perhaps, without any undue pride, that we have had a smaller office force than usual. One of the clerks who was in the office when the Registrar General entered in on her duties had been taken for private secretary to the President General, and one of the other clerks had left, so that a smaller force had been compelled to do the work; but that the clerks were efficient and the work done very thoroughly, and that by the next meeting she hoped to report everything up to date. [Applause.]

The Corresponding Secretary General moved that the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for the members admitted to the Society.

The motion was seconded and carried, and the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for the 1,312 applicants for membership. The President General announced that these 1,312 members were duly elected members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

There was then a unanimous vote to accept the report of the Registrar General with thanks.

The President General now called the Vice-President General from Alabama to the chair.

The question of the notary acknowledgement to papers was brought up by the State Regent of Massachusetts, who moved:

That the word "required" be substituted for the word "recommended," in the fourth page of the application blank.

The motion was seconded by the State Regent of the District and the Corresponding Secretary General.

The State Regent of Virginia rose to a question of information as to why it was necessary to have the certificate of a notary.

The Chair asked if the Registrar General would answer the question.

The Registrar General explained that it added quite a little weight to the paper, and was required by all organizations similar to ours; that when applications are sworn to before a notary, that the statements contained therein are true to the best of their knowledge and belief, the applicants are more careful in the statements they make: that ancestral papers are often conflicting and have to be sent back for notary acknowledgement. She then explained that in the list reported at this meeting 61 papers were in the office awaiting a notary's seal, a small proportion

out of 1,312. She stated that there were just three letters of objection to the decision of the Board at the June meeting; some thought it was unnecessary, and others thought that the affidavit of the notary required that he should know the facts were true, whereas it is the affidavit of the person herself. She stated that many papers came in that were not correct; some people insist upon trying to have their papers passed when they are incorrect, not because they mean to do wrong, but simply because they think it correct, but if they have to make an affidavit to the truth they take more trouble to be positive they are correct, and therefore it adds value to the paper.

The question was taken, and the motion offered by the State Regent of Massachusetts was carried.

The report of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters was read:

REPORT, October 6, 1909.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The Board is asked to confirm the reappointment of Mrs. Blanche Seaman Sprague, as State Regent of Nevada; and to accept the resignations of Mrs. Martha Arey Green, State Vice-Regent of Iowa; Mrs. Nina Olds Enegren, State Vice-Regent of Minnesota, and Mrs. Annie I. Robertson, State Vice-Regent of South Carolina; also to confirm the election of Mrs. Martha C. Howard Wells, as State Vice-Regent of Minnesota.

Through their respective State Regents, the following Chapter Regents are presented for confirmation:

Mrs. Ruth Dickinson Berry, of Bentonville, Arkansas.

Mrs. Mary Jasper Willis, of Fayetteville, Arkansas.

Miss Mattie Eleanor Trimble, of Lonoke, Arkansas.

Mrs. Jennie Wallace Morris, of Marianna, Arkansas.

Mrs. Florence Oakes Terry, of Morrilton, Arkansas.

Mrs. Johanna E. Danenhower, of Osceola, Arkansas.

Mrs. Gertrude Robinson, of Monte Vista, Colorado.

Mrs. Helen Erwin Gauldin, of De Land, Florida.

Mrs. Harriet Jones Wardlaw, of La Fayette, Georgia.

Mrs. Sue R. Manley, of Madison, Georgia.

Mrs. Lily Wattles Petree, of Oxford, Indiana.

Mrs. L. Florence Moore, of Rushville, Indiana.

Mrs. America B. W. Kendall, of Albia, Iowa.

Mrs. Martha Evaline Stewart, of Jefferson, Iowa.

Mrs. Carrie Sharp McCutchan, of Baldwin, Kansas.

Mrs. Nanna Green Calhoun, of Fort Scott, Kansas.

Mrs. Katherine Poage Townsend, of Ashland, Kentucky.

Mrs. Louisa E. Garth Stephens, of Hickman, Kentucky.

Mrs. Henrietta Durant Barclay, of Stillwater, Minnesota.

Mrs. Eliza Crews Reynolds, of Caruthersville, Missouri.

Mrs. Harriet C. Kinnaman, of Rolla, Missouri.

Mrs. Juliet Cantrell Anderson, of Pemberton, New Jersey.

Mrs. Maybell G. Heaton, of Yankton, South Dakota.

Mrs. C. Wallace Caruthers, of Austin, Texas.

Mrs. Pearl Clement, of Cameron, Texas.

Mrs. Mary E. Keyes St. Clair, of Washington, D. C.

And the re-appointment of:

Mrs. Ida Pickett Ferrill, of Batesville, Arkansas.

Mrs. Roberta Eberhart, of Pecan Point, Arkansas.

Mrs. Margaret De Groot, of Downer's Grove, Illinois.

Mrs. Mary C. Tibbets, of Hastings, Nebraska.

Mrs. Sarah E. Reynolds, of Eaton, Ohio.

Also the Board is asked to authorize the formation of a Chapter at Portsmouth, Rhode Island. And to accept the resignation of Mrs. Annie Saunders Maiken, Regent at Albia, Iowa.

Letters received, 383; letters written, 331; officer's lists received, 215; charters issued, 9; re-issued, 1; Chapter Regent's commissions issued, 16.

The Chapter at Allegan, Michigan, petitions the Board that it be allowed to take the name of a lady 101 years old, who is a much beloved resident of their town. (The petition is herewith presented.)

The card catalogue reports:

Member's cards,	1,051
Corrections,	3,714
Deaths,	90
Marriages,	112
Reinstatements,	12
Resigned,	97
Dropped,	20
Admitted membership, June 2, 1909,	73,807
Actual membership, June 2, 1909,	58,933

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCH,

*Vice-President General in Charge of
Organization of Chapters.*

Report accepted on motion of the State Regent of Kentucky, seconded by the State Regent of Pennsylvania.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters then remarked upon a letter she had received asking if a Chapter might be named for a lady 101 years old, explaining that the whole town was very much in favor of it and wanted to be telegraphed immediately of the action of the Board. She asked that she might be allowed to telegraph and let the old lady know before she died.

The Vice-President General from Kentucky moved:

That the Board authorize the Chapter to take the name of this lady, and the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization be allowed to telegraph the old lady.

The Chair stated the motion of the Vice-President General from Kentucky, which was seconded by the Vice-President General from Georgia.

Discussion followed as to the legality of naming a Chapter after a living person.

The Vice-President General from Massachusetts read By-Law XI, Section 7, ruling that Chapters must not be named for living persons, and unless there is good and sufficient reason they should not be named for persons who belong to a later historical period than the one ending in 1820.

The State Regent of Virginia explained that her sympathies were with the old lady, but she did not see how it was possible to get around the clause in the By-Laws.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters stated that she personally did not approve of naming a Chapter for a living person as it was a violation of the By-Laws, but she brought it before the Board at the request of such Chapter.

The State Regent of Massachusetts remarked she did not see how the National Board could go over the By-Laws.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters said that it had been done; to which the State Regent of Massachusetts replied that if it had been done, it was not right.

The President General explained that it had been done by special permission; and the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters said that was exactly what she was asking now. The Vice-President General from Georgia asked if they would not be able to do it, subject to the approval of the next Congress.

The Corresponding Secretary General contended that the Board could not ask Congress to do anything contrary to the By-Laws, or which would change the By-Laws.

The Vice-President General from Georgia said it would be making an exception in the case of a woman, 101 years old.

The Vice-President General from Kentucky asked the opinion of the Chair in regard to this, and was informed it would be contrary to the By-Laws, whereupon the motion was withdrawn.

The State Regent of Virginia asked if it would not be possible to send a message stating that the Board would like to have granted this request, but could not in compliance with the By-Laws.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters said she would like very much if the Corresponding Secretary General would write such letter.

The Corresponding Secretary General said she would do so if requested by the Board.

The Vice-President General from Kentucky then read a joint motion offered by her and the State Regent of Virginia:

That the National Board convey to this Chapter their regret at being unable to comply with their request as it is contrary to the By-Laws.

Seconded by the Vice-President General from Georgia, and carried.

The Vice-President General from Georgia moved:

That the Board of Management, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, as a body, send greetings to this old lady.

Seconded by the State Regent of New Mexico and the Vice-President General from Colorado, and carried.

(The President General resumed the chair.)

The State Regent of Pennsylvania asked, as there was no business just now before the Board, that the name of Mrs. Charlotte Maurice, of Pennsylvania, who died a month ago, be added to the list of members deceased since the last Board meeting. The Regent stated that Mrs. Maurice was one of the most beautiful characters in the whole State of Pennsylvania.

The Board rose in token of sympathy.

The Recording Secretary read, on request of the chair, the following names of deceased members and relatives of members, and the Board arose in token of sympathy with the bereaved families.

Professor Simon Newcomb, father of Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee; Mrs. Wishart, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Patterson, New York; Mrs. Fisk, State Vice-Regent, Rhode Island; Mrs. West, Ohio, mother of the State Regent, Mrs. Truesdall; Mrs. Ketcham, New Hampshire, the sister of Mrs. Estey; and the nephew of Mrs. McLean, Honorary President General.

The Vice-President General from the District of Columbia called for the order of the day.

The President General asked for the report of the Treasurer General.

The Treasurer General read her report, which covers from June 1 of this year to September 30.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

June 1—September 30, 1909.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in banks at last report, May 31, 1909,	\$31,639 36
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RECEIPTS.

Annual dues, \$6,816, less \$474 refunded,	\$6,342 00
Initiation fees, \$1,294, less \$19 refunded .	1,275 00
Certificates, members,	3 00

Current interest,	205 26
Daughters of the American Revolution report,	1 04
Directory,	5 00
Duplicate papers,	31 25
Exchange,	1 20
Lineage Books,	14 00
Magazine,	829 35
Ribbon,	5 95
Refund, Business Methods Committee,	10 00
	\$8,723 05
	8,723 05

\$40,362 41

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General.

1 fibre index tray,	\$0 80
Clerical service,	52 00
	52 80

Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Engrossing 16 Chapter Regents' Commissions,	\$1 60
Engrossing 20 State Regents' Commissions,	10 00
Engrossing 7 Vice-President Generals' Commissions,	3 50
Engrossing 7 Officers' Commissions, ...	3 50
Engrossing 1 Resolution,	15 00
13,100 white cards,	24 64
4,900 white cards, printed to order,	13 48
Braid for desk,	20
Paraffin paper,	10
Autograph stamp,	50
Sharpening erasers,	20
Repairing typewriter,	3 50
Clerical service,	480 00
	556 22

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Expressage,	\$1 21
3 keys,	85
Autograph stamp,	1 25
Rent of safe deposit box, June to September,	2 50

Roll of parchment,	24 00
100 postals and printing,	2 00
Engrossing 5 charters,	3 00
500 notification cards,	3 50
2,000 acceptance cards,	9 25
2,000 committee cards,	9 50
Clerical service,	258 33
	315 39

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

10,000 application blanks,	\$85 00
3,000 fac simile blanks,	13 25
5,000 4-page list of officers,	31 25
1 200-page journal,	75
5,000 yellow envelopes,	9 50
Clerical service,	150 00
	\$289 75

Office of Registrar General.

1,200 postals and printing,	14 25
5,000 white cards,	18 50
9,060 white cards, perforated,	25 42
1,000 slips,	3 00
1,500 badge permits,	7 00
Expressage,	2 54
Car tickets,	50
Rent of typewriter, 2 months,	7 00
6 electric bulbs,	1 80
Car fare to library,	75
Sharpening erasers,	30
Bonding clerk,	5 00
Binding 11 Volumes Registrars Records,	33 00
Binding 1 Volume Registrar's Records, (additional),	3 00
Rebinding 9 Volumes Registrar's Re- cords, in case,	13 50
Rebinding 13 Volumes Registrar Re- cords, new backs,	29 25
Clerical service,	1,220 00
Extra clerical service,	511 25
	1,896 06

Office of Treasurer General.

8 receipt books,	\$25 75
2 check books,	15 00
200 circulars,	1 75

Car tickets,	75
Money order,	08
Stamping pad,	20
Soap,	05
2,000 slips,	6 00
500 model sheets to Treasurers,	13 75
Rent of safe deposit box to September,	3 75
Sharpening erasers,	30
Message to Treasurer General,	25
Clerical service,	1,553 83
	—
	1,621 46

Office of Librarian General.

Expressage,	\$2 54
Subscription to South Carolina Historical Magazine,	3 00
Subscription to Virginia Magazine of History and Biography,	5 00
Subscription to Virginia County Records,	5 00
1 Jackson's History of Newton,	3 00
1 copy of Index, N. Y. Geographical and Biographical Records,	3 00
Binding 12 volumes,	10 90
Changing 2 Yale locks and 6 keys fitted,	3 30
Repairing desk drawer and locks,	1 00
Blank book,	25
1,000 white cards,	2 00
Letter rack,	1 50
Clerical service,	260 00
	—
	300 45

Office of Historian General.

Expressage,	\$13 84
1,000 postal cards and printing,	11 25
Index cards,	85
5,000 cut cards,	3 50
Clerical service,	450 00
	—
	\$479 44

Office of Assistant Historian General.

Expressage,	\$2 35
Clerical service,	240 00
	—
	242 35

General Office.

Spring water, May, June and July,	\$21 50
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Towel service, April, May, June and July,	10 00
Ice, May, June and July,	11 00
Repairing wheel,	7 00
Changing 2 Yale locks and 6 keys,	3 30
100 4-page circulars (Continental Hall),	8 25
Frame and mat,	4 25
Repairing ceiling fans,	10 00
Caning chair,	80
Cleaning rugs and room,	3 00
Moving furniture and janitor service, ...	90
Expressage,	10 29
Telegrams,	1 98
Car fare, messenger,	1 50
Mouse traps,	1 15
Cheese for mouse traps,	27
Sharpening erasers,	20
Borax,	08
Sealing wax,	05
Tacks,	10
Wood alcohol,	10
Hire of 4 dozen folding chairs,	9 00
Engrossing Francis Scott Key Resolution,	2 00
3 hand stamps,	90
Typewriter ribbons,	12 75
1,500 envelopes,	2 33
2 mailing tubes,	20
3 receipt books,	1 20
13 note books,	79
6 manila envelopes,	10
4 dozen file cases,	23 10
7 binding cases,	1 34
1 ream Manila paper,	2 25
21 reams typewriter paper,	22 91
Letter paper,	6 40
Carbon paper,	9 50
Ink eradicator,	50
7 quarts crimson ink,	8 40
19 quarts black ink,	9 48
Sponge and sponge cup,	40
Ink well,	25
2 rulers,	51
1 dozen erasit,	1 00
12 steel erasers,	7 80
5 dozen erasers,	2 25

15 quarts paste,	9 72
1 dozen penholders,	50
61 dozen pencils,	5 50
Fasteners,	9 19
15 gross pens,	6 55
5,000 Dennison's labels,	7 00
4 boxes pins,	1 00
14 dozen scratch pads,	10 50
14 dozen legal ruled pads,	13 00
12 letter press books,	15 80
7 lbs. rubber bands,	14 71
15 gross rubber bands,	3 26
Blotters,	11 05
17 sheets cut board,	1 00
Cotton and hemp twine,	6 14
Committee, Charter members, 464 postals and printing,	6 14
Committee, Conservation, printing cir- culars,	2 25
Committee, Conservation, postage,	3 08
Committee, Conservation, clerical ser- vice,	1 20
Committee, Conservation, seeds,	2 50
Committee, Conservation, files and clips,	2 00
Committee, Continental Hall, 3 line cuts,	9 00
Committee, Patriotic Education, inter- changeable Bureau, expenses advanced,	100 00
Committee, Printing, message,	50
Committee, Child Labor, postage,	3 00
Committee, Child Labor, 300 sheets printed,	2 25
Committee, Child Labor, 300 envelopes,	2 00
Committee, Child Labor, multigraphing letters and filling in names,	3 25
21,000 stamped envelopes,	494 04
Postage, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,	8 00
Postage, Recording Secretary General,	16 66
Postage, Registrar General,	3 25
Postage, Treasurer General,	1 00
Postage, Corresponding Secretary Gen- eral (blanks and constitutions),	90 00
Postage, Librarian General,	4 41
Postage, Historian General,	10 90
Postage, Assistant Historian General, ..	23 94
Postage, General Office,	18 33

Postage, Publication Committee,	3 00
Messenger service,	60 00
Clerical service,	600 00
	————— \$1,964 70

Continental Hall.

Electric current,	\$169 52
Moving and erecting clock,	3 00
Hauling benches from and to hall,	36 00
	————— \$208 52

Magazine.

10,000 circulars,	18 50
2,000 cards,	10 90
2,500 postals and printing,	28 10
3 air cushion stamps,	4 95
1,300 page cash book,	8 00
Telegrams and expressage,	3 50
Stationery,	49 20
Office expenses (advanced),	20 00
Office expenses, April, May, June, July and August,	39 62
Postage, editor,	10 00
Auditing accounts for year ending March 31, 1909,	150 00
1 zinc etching,	2 50
25 half tones,	67 85
Printing and mailing, May, June, July and August magazines,	2,530 28
Expense, notes and queries,	120 00
Editor's salary,	333 32
Business Manager's salary,	300 00
Extra clerical service,	36 05
	—————
	3,732 77

Certificates—Members and Life Members.

2,000 certificates,	\$130 00
Engrossing 3,115 certificates,	233 61
Engrossing 1 life member's certificate, ..	25
5,000 cream seals,	6 75
Clerical service,	280 00
	—————
	650 61

Rent of Offices.

Rent for June, July, August and Septem- ber,	\$1,118 60
	—————
	1,118 60

Rent of Telephone.

Rent for June, July, August and September,	\$52 00
Toll service,	4 00
	56 00

State Regents' Postage,

For State Regent, Arkansas,	\$5 00
For State Regent, Colorado,	5 00
For State Regent, Connecticut,	5 00
For State Regent, Delaware,	5 00
For State Regent, Illinois,	5 00
For State Regent, Mississippi,	5 00
For State Regent, Missouri,	5 00
For State Regent, Montana,	5 00
For State Regent, New Jersey,	10 00
For State Regent, Ohio,	10 00
For State Regent, South Carolina,	5 00
For State Regent, Vermont,	5 00
For State Regent, Washington,	5 00
For State Regent, West Virginia,	10 00
	85 00

Support, Real Daughters.

Support of 33 "Real Daughters," for June,	\$264 00
Support of 32 "Real Daughters," for July,	256 00
Support of 32 "Real Daughters," for August,	256 00
Support of 31 "Real Daughters," for September,	248 00
	1,024 00

Eighteenth Continental Congress.

Tickets,	\$4 50
Reserved seat tickets,	12 00
1,000 Manila envelopes (printed),	2 75
2,000 Treasurer's Reports,	49 25
1,500 slips, general information,	10 75
6,000 ballots,	14 50
14 gross pencils,	15 68
100 dozen pads,	24 00
Postage on amendments,	10 00
Badges and sashes,	291 53

3,000 invitations,	250 00
Message, entertainment committee,	50
Hire 5 Oriental rugs, 1 week,	35 00
Hire furniture,	46 00
Moving goods to and from hall,	12 00
Decorations,	79 13
Spoons for 40 pages,	60 00
Clerical service,	50 01
	—
	\$967 60

Auditing Accounts.

Balance due, auditing accounts Registrar
General,

\$100 00

—
100 00*Spoons.*

Spoon for 1 "Real Daughter,"

\$2 40

2 40

Stationery.

For President General, former adminis-
tration,

\$24 35

For President General, present adminis-
tration,

70 94

NOTE—Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, President
General, preferred to pay \$50.00 of
this item of \$70.94 and accordingly
sent her personal check to the Treas-
urer General for this amount, October
30, 1909.

For Vice-President General in Charge
of Organization of Chapters,

16 25

For Recording Secretary General,

24 55

For Registrar General,

41 48

For Treasurer General,

45 08

For Corresponding Secretary General,

18 00

For Librarian General,

7 00

For Historian General,

14 92

For Assistant Historian General,

30 10

For Chaplain General,

8 90

For general office,

44 60

For Preservation of Historic Spots

5 60

Committee,

7 05

—
358 82*Stationery—State Regents.*

For State Regent, Arkansas,

\$5 20

For State Regent, California,

8 00

For State Regent Colorado,	5 20
For State Regent, Connecticut,	17 00
For State Regent, District of Columbia,	8 05
For State Regent, Georgia,	7 95
For State Regent, Idaho,	5 20
For State Regent, Illinois,	9 20
For State Regent, Indiana,	5 20
For State Regent, Massachusetts,	9 75
For State Regent, Minnesota,	5 20
For State Regent, Mississippi,	2 80
For State Regent, Missouri,	5 20
For State Regent, Montana,	5 20
For State Regent, New Jersey,	5 20
For State Regent, New York,	15 00
For State Regent, North Carolina,	5 20
For State Regent, Ohio,	8 00
For State Regent, South Carolina,	4 55
For State Regent, Vermont,	8 95
For State Regent, Wisconsin,	5 20

151 25*Miscellaneous.*

Rent of typewriter, 2 months,	\$6 00
Copying,	78 45
	<hr/> 84 45

Life membership fee transferred from former Registrar General's account to Permanent Fund,	\$12 50	12 50	<hr/> 16,271 18
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Balance on hand September 30, 1909, \$24,091 23

On deposit in National Metropolitan Bank,	\$6,149 93
On deposit in Washington Loan and Trust Company's Bank,	17,941 30
	<hr/> \$24,091 23

Fort Crailo Fund.

Balance in bank at last report, May 31, 1909,	\$56 35
Interest,	56
	<hr/> \$56 91
Balance in bank, September 30, 1909,	\$56 91

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, May 31, 1909, \$44,457 50

RECEIPTS.

Charter Fees.

<i>Etowah Chapter, Georgia,</i>	\$ 5 00
<i>Thronateeska Chapter, Georgia,</i>	5 00
<i>Mississinewa Chapter, Indiana,</i>	5 00
<i>Log Cabin Chapter, Iowa,</i>	5 00
<i>James Ross Chapter, Kansas,</i>	5 00
<i>Ionia Chapter, Michigan,</i>	5 00
<i>St. Charles Chapter, Missouri,</i>	5 00
<i>Abigail Stearns Chapter, New Hampshire,</i>	5 00
<i>Abigail Webster Chapter, New Hampshire,</i>	5 00
<i>Fort Washington Chapter, New York,</i>	5 00
<i>Toledo Chapter, Ohio,</i>	5 00
<i>Lucy Fletcher Chapter, Vermont,</i>	5 00
<i>Rhoda Farrand Chapter, Vermont,</i>	5 00
	\$65 00

Life Membership Fees.

<i>Miss Estelle Crawford, At-Large, Alabama,</i>	\$25 00
<i>Mrs. Gertrude B. Warner, At-Large, China,</i>	\$25 00
<i>Mrs. Jerome M. Bateman, of Atlanta Chapter, Georgia,</i>	12 50
<i>Mrs. John M. McCullough, of Atlanta Chapter, Georgia,</i>	12 50
<i>Mrs. Gilbert P. DeWolf, of Joseph Habersham Chapter, Georgia,</i>	12 50
<i>Mrs. John Barlass, of Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter, Illinois,</i>	12 50
<i>Mrs. William J. Hogan, of Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter, Indiana,</i>	\$12 50
<i>Mrs. Jeane B. Gentry, of Mason City Chapter, Iowa,</i>	12 50
<i>Miss Hendy Russell Johnson, of John Fitch Chapter, Kentucky,</i>	12 50
<i>Mrs. Lena D. H. Doty, of Louisa St. Clair Chapter, Michigan,</i>	12 50

Mrs. Lewis K. Grey, of <i>Boudinot Chapter</i> , New Jersey,	12 50
Mrs. Emma F. Taylor, of <i>LeRay de Chaumont Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. Alberta E. R. Elkenburg, of <i>Philip Schuyler Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. Leonard H. Giles, of <i>Philip Schuyler Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. Francis K. Kyle, of <i>Philip Schuyler Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Miss Edith C. Holmes, of <i>Wiltwyck Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. Emily R. Day, <i>At-Large</i> , New York,	25 00
Mrs. William S. Nicholson, of <i>Elizabeth Maxwell Steele Chapter</i> , North Carolina,	12 50
Miss Marie L. Beyerle, of <i>Berks County Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Mrs. David Roper, of <i>Liberty Bell Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Mrs. Lydia E. Fleming, of <i>Pittsburg Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Mrs. Marcia S. Critz, of <i>Western Reserve Chapter</i> , Ohio,	12 50
Mrs. Lillian A. Hoose, of <i>Western Reserve Chapter</i> , Ohio,	12 50
Mrs. Ariel D. Taylor, of <i>Western Reserve Chapter</i> , Ohio,	12 50

337 50

Continental Hall Contributions.

Katherine Gaylord Chapter, Connecticut,	\$50 00
Mrs. Louise M. Furbee, account Delaware room, Delaware,	50 00
Mary Washington Chapter, account library, memorial of Mrs. Dickens, District of Columbia,	3 00
Mrs. Helen P. Kane, District of Columbia,	4 00
Nellie Custis Chapter, Illinois,	5 00
Mrs. Charles V. Hickox, of Springfield Chapter, Illinois,	5 00
Mrs. C. D. Bobbs, Illinois,	5 00
Manitou Chapter, Indiana,	50 00

<i>Waucoma Chapter</i> , Iowa,	5 00
<i>Old Shirley Chapter</i> , account Bronze Doors, Massachusetts,	5 00
<i>Olean Chapter</i> , New York,	50 00
<i>Onondaga Chapter</i> (through the Presi- dent General), New York,	25 00
<i>Owahgena Chapter</i> , New York.	10 00
<i>Philip Schuyler Chapter</i> , account man- tel in New York State Room, New York,	100 00 367 00
Interest,	258 37 258 37
Rent of benches,	152 36 152 36
Commission of Recognition Pins,	22 20 22 20
Use of lights and hall (Washington Col- lege of Law),	32 29
Use of lights (Norcross Bros. Co.),	59 60 91 89 \$1,294 32

\$45,751 82

EXPENDITURES.

Account of contract, completion of Me- morial Continental Hall,	\$25,000 00
Interest on first, second and third instal- ments of \$200,000 loan for completion of Memorial Continental Hall,	2,444 45
Electric fixtures, Memorial Continental Hall,	5,500 00
Electric lamps,	876 00
Inspector of Works, June, July, August and September,	400 00
Life membership fee returned to <i>Encini- tas Chapter</i> , California,	12 50
Continental Hall contribution returned to Jemima Johnson Chapter, Kentucky, (duplicate contribution),	10 00
	34,242 95
	34,242 95
	\$11,508 87

Balance on hand September 30,
On deposit in American Security and
Trust Company Bank, \$11,508 87

Cash balance on deposit in bank, September 30, 1909, \$11,508 87

Permanent Investment.

\$25,000 par value R. R. Bonds cost,	\$24,477 10
Less net proceeds from sale of \$10,000 par value U. P. R. R. Bonds,	\$10,298 50
Less net proceeds from sale of \$10,000 par value B. & O. R. R. Bonds,	10,259 89
Less net proceeds from sale of \$2,000 par value Chic. & Alt. R. R. Bonds, ..	1,603 87
	22,162 26
	2,314 84
Total permanent fund, cash and investments,	\$13,823 71

Respectfully submitted,

LULA REEVE HOOVER,
Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.

The Registrar General rose to a question of inquiry, stating that she did not understand what was meant by the item of extra clerical force in the office of the Registrar General, appearing in the Treasurer's report.

After discussion, it was stated that all clerks not on the permanent payroll were classed as extra clerks.

It was stated that before the report of the Treasurer General could be accepted the Auditor should report, in accordance with the usual business methods.

The Historian General said it is customary to hear the Auditor's report before accepting the report of the Treasurer General.

The Corresponding Secretary General stated it was customary to act upon the business part of the Treasurer's report and then the Treasurer General presents the names of those dropped and resigned.

The President General called for the report of the Auditing Committee.

Mrs. Bates, Chairman, reported as follows:

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 6, 1909.

REPORT OF THE AUDITING COMMITTEE: Madam President General and the National Board of Management, National Society, D. A. R., Washington, D. C.: The Auditing Committee has the honor to report that the books and accounts of the Society have been under constant examination without cessation during the past six months ending September 30, 1909.

The gross receipts from fees and dues during this period have been \$17,132.00, as compared with \$15,304.00 for the corresponding period of last year, an increase of \$1,828.00

The disbursements directly paid the contractors, Messrs. Norcross Bros. Co., on account of the construction work on the Memorial Continental Hall, amounted in all to \$90,000.00 since April 1, 1909.

The complete statement in detail of receipts and disbursements on both funds has been minutely itemized on the Treasurer's report, already read and accepted.

The balance in banks in the Current Fund, namely:

National Metropolitan Bank,	\$6,149 93
Washington Loan and Trust Co.,	17,941 30

have both been carefully reconciled and found correct, after making proper allowance for outstanding checks not yet presented for payment.

The balance of cash on hand in the Memorial Continental Hall Building Fund on deposit in the American Security and Trust Company, \$11,508.87, was also thoroughly examined and after allowing for all outstanding checks proved to be correct.

The Chicago and Alton Railroad Bonds were examined and counted. These are as follows:

No. 17813,	\$1,000 00
No. 17814,	1,000 00
No. 17815,	1,000 00
Total par value,	\$3,000 00

These bonds are a part of the Memorial Continental Hall Fund and carried on the books of the Society at the value of \$2,314.84, having been purchased below par.

Recommendations presented by the Auditing Committee to the National Board, October 6, 1909:

The Auditing Committee desires to call the attention of the National Board of Management to the conditions existing in the office of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE. The remittances coming in small amounts, seldom more than one or two dollars at a time, from subscribers throughout the country, require much care to properly enter the items on the cash books and ledger cards. The letters accompanying remittances also have to be filed away in numerical order. The subscribers' names and addresses and the dates of expiration of subscriptions all have to be accurately written down on the books and records. Many mistakes have been found upon examination of the accounts of this office, so many, in fact, that it requires much more work and time to audit the accounts and make a note of, or correct the errors, than would be required for a competent bookkeeper to do all the bookkeeping of the office in the first place. The Auditing Committee would therefore recommend as the only remedy practicable that a com-

petent young lady bookkeeper be employed by the Society only upon the recommendation of the Auditor, to keep the books in the office of the Magazine under the Auditor's direction and that he be and is hereby authorized and directed to proceed at once with the work, the necessity being urgent.

That the Treasurer be directed to pay the expenses of this work on all bills as authorized by the Chairman of the Auditing Committee.

The books of account and all other documents and records in the office of the Magazine and Registrar General are to be delivered to the Auditor upon request for examination without any restriction or limitation whatever as to place or time.

Your Committee recommend that the Curator's office be provided with a suitable cash desk and cash drawer with combination lock for securely keeping the funds entrusted to her care, the desk and cash drawer to be selected by the Auditing Committee, they knowing what is most suitable for the purpose.

Your Committee would recommend that the form of pay roll be changed to correspond with that furnished by the Auditor and approved by the Treasurer.

Your Committee recommend an important form of voucher to be designed and introduced by the Auditor with the approval of the Treasurer.

Your Committee also recommend that a day be set apart weekly or semi-monthly for the payment of all bills except refunds of dues and fees, and that all other bills or expenditures of the Society be paid on a stated day, as infrequently as possible.

Your Committee recommend that in view of the difficulty and at times impossibility of correcting errors after a check has once been drawn in payment of a bill, that the Auditing Committee or the Auditor is hereby authorized and directed to examine all bills (except dues and fees refunded) before payment and to write or stamp their or his approval of the same before checks are issued. The Treasurer is hereby authorized to pay all bills so approved when first authorized in the regular way and also approved by the Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Society, provided in her judgment the payment is proper.

In view of the foregoing recommendation your Committee also recommends that the Auditor be bonded in the sum of \$500.00.

Your Committee also urgently recommend that the minutes of the Society be written out immediately after each Board Meeting and the President General, Treasurer General and Auditor be furnished with a complete copy of the same not later than one week after each regular meeting. These minutes to be kept in regular book form, not on cards or memoranda.

Your Committee recommend that the Curator be directed to provide the necessary cash for temporarily cashing checks, etc., for all legitimate purposes as may be needed in facilitating the work of the Treasurer's

office and other offices of the Society. The Curator be also directed to purchase from the Treasurer all postage stamps received by the latter in the regular course of business in lieu of cash.

No office in the Society is in need of theoretical schemes of work, but there is urgent daily need of the application of the simple first principles of work and business, fidelity, ability and skill.

The Auditing Committee is now making its arrangements to take an inventory of the property of the National Society in order that its reports in future may contain a statement of assets and liabilities as well as receipts and disbursements. For this purpose the respective officers of the Society in charge are requested to furnish the Committee a certified list of all furniture, fixtures and other property in their charge at the present time.

Your Committee recommends that all clerks and officers of the Society who handle money be bonded.

Your Committee recommends that all vouchers authorized by special resolution of Congress of the National Board must show on their face the date and record on which such resolution appears, before being paid by the Treasurer. That the words "Authorized by Congress" or "Authorized by National Board" are too indefinite and are not sufficient authority for any payment.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

EMMA F. D. BATES,
Chairman Auditing Committee.

During the reading of the report the Chairman stated that while she had not incorporated it in her report, she considered that if the Business Manager of the Magazine found her work too arduous, perhaps she would be willing to divide her salary with a regular trained bookkeeper.

It was moved by the Vice-President General from the District of Columbia that the report of the Auditing Committee be accepted and the recommendations considered later on.

The motion was seconded by the Corresponding Secretary General and carried.

Attention was called by the President General to a clerical error in the report of the Treasurer General, which the Treasurer General stated would be corrected. The error was in regard to the salary of the private secretary of the President General who had not been doing the work of the President General during the summer, and therefore the salary should not be charged to her, it belonging to the general office expense. The President General stated she paid for her own stenographic work during the summer.

The State Regent of the District also noted an error in the report with reference to the State Regent's stationery, one part of which was used by her as Chairman of the Supervision Committee.

On motion of the Vice-President General from Kentucky, seconded by the State Regent of Massachusetts, the Treasurer General's report was accepted with thanks.

The Historian General reported, first calling attention to the fact that while her report was small in comparison with the others, nevertheless the work had not been as small as it seemed on the surface.

REPORT OF THE HISTORIAN GENERAL, NATIONAL SOCIETY, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION: Work on the twenty-ninth volume of the Lineage Book has progressed steadily all summer, and the manuscript is expected to go to press this month. In preparing it, another large number of records was found to have been filed incomplete and 156 letters and 80 postals, in addition to those reported before, were written in the hope of securing the missing data. Ninety-seven replies have been received and many records are thus corrected or made complete. Sixty-two letters yet await their answer.

Our publishers, the Telegraph Printing Co. of Harrisburg, have heretofore been so courteous as to store for us free of charge the various volumes issued until such time as we need them for distribution. They wrote in June to ask when we should move into Continental Hall, saying they would need the space occupied by our books, as they were planning alteration in their buildings. I told them we should move in September, and that the books could be stored in our building when the move was made. As I understand the date of our move is still uncertain, it may be necessary to secure storage room for those books.

In addition to the salary of my two clerks, I have authorized bills for the following items:

1,000 copies of errata leaflets for 28th volume,	\$30 00
Expressage and postage on Lineage Books,	24 74
6,000 index cards,	4 50
Repairs to electric fan in my office,	5 25

	\$64 49

In accordance with the requests of the Corresponding Secretary General, the Librarian General, and the Chairman of the Supervision Committee, I have also authorized the pay rolls for several of the clerks, whose superior officers were then out of the city.

I am now preparing an index of all the volumes of the Lineage Book yet issued and hope to finish it before the close of my term.

Respectfully submitted,

GERTRUDE B. DARWIN,
Historian General.

Report accepted on motion of the State Regent of Pennsylvania, seconded by the State Regent of Connecticut.

The report of the Assistant Historian General was given:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The Assistant Historian General as Editor of the Eleventh Annual Report, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, reports that said report has supplied work from June until September 7th, as proof reading has been a most arduous task.

The index was prepared by a regular indexer, this being the only additional help; presumably the usual number, 200 copies, will soon be delivered to the office of the Assistant Historian General.

For the Twelfth Annual Report, blanks have been printed in accordance with the ruling of the Smithsonian Institution Committee on the Daughters of the American Revolution Report. These blanks will be sent to Chapter Regents and a letter to each State Regent, stating the reason for urging strict compliance with the request.

In this office, 1,016 letters have been prepared, with same number of blanks and envelopes, for Twelfth Report.

In addition, 165 letters and 4 postals have been written.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZABETH M. BOWRON,
Assistant Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

October 6, 1909.

Upon completing the report, the Assistant Historian General said she had hoped that the blanks and letters for State Regents would have been sent out, but that they had been delayed, owing to a slight misapprehension. She also stated that 200 copies of the Smithsonian Report were always taken by the Society, and the public printing office has written asking if she wishes the 200 copies. She asked for authority to purchase these copies, as the payment would have to be authorized by the National Board. She also called attention to the error in the September number of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, in her last report, claiming that an item of \$105.50 read \$150.

Report accepted on motion of the State Vice-Regent of Ohio, seconded by the State Regent of Kentucky.

The Corresponding Secretary General moved: *That the Treasurer General should be authorized to pay for the Smithsonian Reports when delivered.*

The motion was seconded by the State Vice-Regent of Ohio and carried.

The report of the Librarian General was called.

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN GENERAL, National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, October 6, 1909: *Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:* I have the honor to report the following accessions since the meeting of June 2d:

BOOKS.

Heads of families first census of the United States. 1790. State of Connecticut. Wash., 1908. Presented by the Connecticut Daughters of the American Revolution.

Woodmans of Buxton, Maine. By Cyrus Woodman. Boston, 1874.
English record of the Whaley family and its branches in America. By Samuel Whaley. Ithaca, 1901.

Record of the Rust family, embracing the descendants of Henry Rust, who came from England and settled in Hingham, Mass., 1634-1636. By Albert D. Rust. Waco, 1891.

History of the early settlement of Newton, Mass., from 1639 to 1800. By Francis Jackson. Boston, 1854. Photographic reproduction.

History and genealogy of Deacon Joseph Eastman, of Hadley, Mass., grandson of Roger Eastman, of Salisbury, Mass. By Guy S. Rix, with preface and introduction by M. Emily Eastman, publisher. Westfield, Mass.

Short history of the Slocums, Slocumbs and Slocombs of America. By Charles Elihu Slocum. 2 vols. 1882, 1908.

Townsend genealogy. Record of the descendants of John Townsend, 1743-1831, and of his wife Jemima Travis, 1746-1832. By Cleveland Abbe and Josephine Genung Nichols. New York, 1909.

Publications of the Jewish Historical Society. Number 18. Baltimore, 1909. Presented by Society.

Records of the Columbia Historical Society. Vol. 12. Wash., 1909. Presented by the Society.

Proceedings of the Fitchburg Historical Society. Vol. 4. Fitchburg, 1908.

New England family history. 2 vols. Edited by Henry Cole Quimby. *North Carolina Booklet.* Vol. 8.

Subject index of New York Genealogical and Biographical Record, Vols 1 to 38 (inclusive). Compiled by Florence E. Youngs. Published by New York Gen. & Biog. Society.

American Monthly Magazine. Vol. 34. Washington, 1909. Presented by the Society.

Chronicles of Middletown, Pa. Compiled by C. H. Hutchinson. Harrisburg, 1906.

Thomas Robinson and his descendants. By Thomas Hastings Robinson. Harrisburg, 1906.

Genealogies of the Clark, Parks, Brockman, Dean, Davis and Goss families in five parts. By Henry William Clark. Montgomery, Ala. 1905.

The State Capitol of Pennsylvania. Compiled by W. W. Colson. Harrisburg, 1906. The above four volumes presented by Mr. F. M. Tritle.

A century of Population growth from the first census of the United

States to the twelfth, 1790-1900. Government Printing Office. Wash., 1900. 2 copies. Presented.

History of Washington County, Pa. Edited by Boyd Crumrine. Phila., 1882. Presented by the Washington County Chapter, D. A. R.

Lineage Book, N. S. D. A. R. Vol. 28. Wash., 1909. Presented by the Society.

Supplement to the Stocking ancestry, comprising the descendants of George Stocking, founder of the American family. By Charles Henry Wright Stocking. St. Martin's Press, 1909. Presented by E. B. Stocking.

Genealogical notes of the Washburn family, containing a full record of the descendants of Israel Washburn, of Raynham, 1755-1841. Arranged by Julia Chase Washburn. Lewistown, 1898.

Report of the State Librarian of Connecticut for 1908. Hartford, 1909.

Register and Manual, 1909. State of Connecticut. Hartford, 1909.

Lists and returns of Connecticut men in the Revolution, 1775-1783. Hartford, 1909, being Vol. 12 of Collections and Proceedings of the Connecticut Historical Society.

Heads of families at the first census of the United States taken in the year 1790. Maryland. Wash., 1909. Presented by Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom.

Publications of the Historical Society of Newburgh Bay and the Highlands. Vol. 14. Newburgh, 1909. Presented by Miss Lillian O. Estabrook.

Journal of American History. Vols. 1 and 2. New Haven, 1907-1908. Presented by Mrs. Joshua Wilbour.

Giant days, or, Life and times of William H. Crawford. By J. E. D. Shipp. Americus, 1909. Presented by the author.

Index to Reports of Canadian Archives. Ottawa, 1909.

Memoir of life of James Milnor. By John D. Stone. New York, 1848.

Magazine of American History. Vol. 15. N. Y., 1886. The above two presented by Mrs. Olof A. Sjungstedt.

The Battle of Point Pleasant. A battle of the Revolution, October 10th, 1774. Biographical sketches of the men who participated. By Mrs. Liva Nye Simpson-Poffenbarger. Point Pleasant, 1909. Presented by the author.

Report of the American Historical Association for the year 1907. Vols. 1-2. Wash., 1908.

Early Dublin. A list of the Revolutionary soldiers of Dublin, N. H. listed by Ellis M. Santee. Cortland, 1901.

Genealogy of the Santee family in America. Compiled and published by Ellis M. Santee. Cortland, 1899.

One hundred and sixty allied families. By John Osborne Austin. Salem, 1893.

Vital records of Rhode Island, 1636-1850. By James N. Arnold. Providence, 1909. The last two presented by Mrs. Joshua Wilbour.

PAMPHLETS.

Biographical sketch of the residents of that part of Dedham which is now Dover, who took part in King Philip's war, the last French and Indian war, and the Revolution; together with record of services of those who represented Dover in the War of 1812, the war with Mexico, the Civil War and the war with Spain. By Frank Smith. Dover, 1909. Presented by the author.

Fitchburg soldiers of the Revolution. By James F. D. Garfield. Fitchburg, 1908.

Hudson-Fulton Celebration, 1609—1807—1909. Sept. 25 to Oct. 9, 1909. Albany, 1909.

Lake Champlain Tercentenary. Albany, 1909.

Our Flag. By Francis Scott Key, 3rd. Presented by John Williams.

Annual Proceedings Pennsylvania Society, Sons of the Revolution. Phila., 1909.

Whitemarsh. An address by Charles Henry Jones. The last two presented by Ethan Allen Weaver.

Report of the 18th Continental Congress, D. A. R. By Mrs. George S. Linscott. Presented by Mrs. Linscott.

Records of deeds for the District of West Augusta, Va., for the court held at Fort Dunmore (Pittsburgh, Pa.), 1775-1776; copied consecutively as recorded. Edited by Boyd Crumrine. Presented by Miss Margaret H. Bureau.

The Skinners of West Mansfield, Mass., and their descendants. Compiled by Fred Skinner Wood. Presented by the compiler.

13th annual report of the State Record Commissioners of Rhode Island. Providence, 1909. Presented through Miss Grace M. Pierce.

The city of Trenton, N. J. A bibliography. By Adam Strohm.

Graves of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence from Pennsylvania. By Major M. Veale, Chairman Committee Philadelphia Chapter. Phila., 1909. The last two presented by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.

Moffatana Bulletin. An occasional publication. George West Maffet, editor and historian-in-chief "The Clan Moffat in America." Vol. I. Lawrence, Kans., 1907-1909. Presented by George West Maffet.

Annual report of the Connecticut Historical Society. Hartford, 1909.

Annual dinner commemorating the 15th year of the establishment of the California Society, Sons of the Revolution. Presented.

Old Houses and historic places in the vicinity of Newburgh, N. Y., being publication No. 15 of the Historical Society of Newburgh Bay and the Highlands. Newburgh, 1909. Presented by Miss Lillian O. Estabrook.

PERIODICALS.

<i>American Catholic Researches</i> ,	July, October
<i>American Monthly Magazine</i> ,	June
<i>Bulletin New York Public Library</i> ,	May, June, July, August, September
<i>Mayflower Descendant</i> ,	January, April, July
<i>Missouri Historical Review</i> ,	April
<i>New England Family History</i> ,	July
<i>New England Historical and Genealogical Register</i> ,	July
<i>New Hampshire Genealogical Record</i> ,	July
<i>New York Genealogical and Biographical Record</i> ,	July
<i>North Carolina Booklet</i> ,	July
<i>"Old Northwest" Genealogical Quarterly</i> ,	April
<i>Owl, The, A Quarterly Genealogical Magazine</i> ,	June, September
<i>Ohio Archaeological & Historical Quarterly</i> ,	July
<i>South Carolina Historical & Genealogical Magazine</i> ,	July
<i>Virginia Magazine of History & Biography</i> ,	July
<i>Virginia County Records</i> ,	June
<i>William & Mary College Quarterly</i> ,	July

The above list comprises 45 books, 22 pamphlets and 26 periodicals; 23 books were presented, 18 received in exchange and 4 purchased; 21 pamphlets were presented and 1 received in exchange.

Respectfully submitted,

MARY H. WILLIS,

Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

October 6, 1909.

The report was accepted on motion of the State Regent of Pennsylvania, seconded by the Recording Secretary General.

The Treasurer General read the names of 233 members dropped and 70 resigned.

The Corresponding Secretary General moved that the resignations of the ladies be accepted. Seconded by the State Regent of Connecticut. Motion carried.

The Treasurer General reported the loss by death of 196 members.

The Board rose in token of respect and sympathy.

The Vice-President General from Kentucky called attention to the fact that Mrs. James Vonte, whose name was read, had been Regent of one of the oldest chapters in her state, and a most valuable Daughter.

The Treasurer General then read the reinstatements, numbering fourteen.

The Corresponding Secretary General moved: *That the reinstatements be accepted by the Board.* Motion seconded by the Vice-President General from Indiana, and carried.

The Treasurer General then announced that three whole Chapters should be dropped by the organization for non-payment of dues, but

explained that one Chapter had a "Real Daughter" among the members, who could not be dropped; that she would have to be made a member-at-large.

The State Regent of Massachusetts said she would like to explain to the Board about the Abigail Adams Chapter. She stated that nearly two years ago the chapter had disbanded and so reported to the Board, and according to the rules they must give up their charters and have them destroyed before the Board; but it had been impossible for them to get the charter because the chapter was formed by Mrs. Warren Brown, who has been very ill for some time, and the chapter is so dear to her that they cannot think of telling her it has disbanded. Mrs. Brown is the only one who knows where the charter is and it is impossible to get it, but as soon as they do, it will be sent to the Board.

The State Regent of New Jersey referred to the Tempe Wicke Chapter, which was reported to be in arrears, and asked the duty of the State Regent in such cases, stating that she had no knowledge that they were in arrears or disbanded, and only recently urged them to come to the State Conference.

The Treasurer General explained that each chapter had been written to several times from her office, advising that they were in arrears and would have to be dropped, but they had taken no action.

The Vice-President General from Massachusetts asked in regard to the reinstatement of her daughter, a former Regent of the Abigail Adams Chapter, who desires to become a life member.

The Corresponding Secretary General advised that since this chapter had disbanded, she could come into the National Society as a member-at-large, paying her dues here.

The State Regent of Massachusetts stated she had a letter from the chapter, informing her that they had disbanded, and asked to whom it should be sent, and was told that it should go to the Treasurer General.

The Corresponding Secretary General moved: *That the members in arrears be dropped.*

The motion was seconded by the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, and carried.

The report of the Finance Committee was read:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Your Finance Committee reports bills authorized during the months of June, July, August and September to the amount of \$15,551.43. The largest items being:

Pay roll,	\$5,758 33
Printing Magazine,	2,530 28
Rent,	1,118 60

Support "Real Daughters,"	1,016 00
Stamped Envelopes,	484 04

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

M. G. SWORMSTEDT,

Chairman Finance Committee, N. S. D. A. R.

October 6, 1909.

The report was accepted on motion of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, seconded by the State Regent of Pennsylvania.

The report of the Printing Committee was read by the Chairman, who stated it had been prepared by Mrs. Draper, a member of the committee.

KENDALL GREEN, WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 1, 1909.

MRS. J. M. FOWLER,

Chairman Printing Committee, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

MY DEAR MRS. FOWLER: I have the honor to report to you that after my appointment by the President General as a member of the Printing Committee, I was requested by her to prepare, under her guidance and that of Mrs. Barnes, Vice-Chairman, the committee lists for the printer.

All lists received from the President General were arranged and after they had been compared by Mrs. Barnes and myself with the card catalogue in the office of the Recording Secretary General, were forwarded to the President General for her approval, all discrepancies being carefully noted and instructions asked in regard to each case. The proof was read three times and the usual number of copies of the committee lists were ordered.

An order for application blanks was also authorized, as I was informed by the Curator and the clerk of the Corresponding Secretary General that the supply was practically exhausted.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

BELL MERRILL DRAPER,

(Mrs. Amos G. Draper).

The report was accepted.

The report of the Revolutionary Relics Committee was then given verbally by the Chairman, who stated that she had received through the Recording Secretary General several letters from ladies appointed on the Committee, and a number of them contained such pleasant and complimentary messages to the President General that she would forward them to her. A French colored, signed print of George Washington, has been offered to the Committee for \$10. A member has offered several portraits of her aunts and uncles, who lived during the War of

the Revolution, but that she had refrained from replying, and suggested that as the donor was from Pennsylvania the matter should be turned over to the State Regent of that State for reply. She concluded by saying this was the only gift that had been offered since the last meeting.

Attention was called to the fact that there was a resolution that such gifts should be first submitted to an art committee.

The report was accepted.

The report of the Chairman of the Supervision Committee was called, the Chairman (Mrs. Smallwood) reporting as follows:

Madam President General and Members of the Board: As Chairman of the Supervision Committee, I submit my personal report for the month of June until Saturday, the 24th and of September since Monday, the 6th—being absent from Washington during July and August.

It has been my custom to visit each office at regular intervals—to ask if I could be of any help to officer or clerk—to hear any requests or consider any event or condition on which I could give advice or assistance, and to familiarize myself with office work.

Realizing that the Supervision Committee has no authority over any National officer, her work or her duties,—and that the conduct of her office concerns herself and the Board, I have endeavored to see that the rules of the Board were carried out, suggestions of the President General were honored, routine business was conducted,—making no recommendations without conferring with the officer in whose department such recommendations might be of help.

In accordance with this I have authorized small office expenditures, arranged vacations for the clerks, signed the pay vouchers of temporary clerks and adjusted minor details.

I have found the Business Manager of the Monthly Magazine greatly over burdened, as was her predecessor, and have arranged that a portion of the time a temporary clerk be given her,—according to the motion of November 8, 1907, believing that this magazine is a credit to our Society and as its official organ should be at its best.

The work of the clerk of the Continental Hall Records has been carefully considered. Her work for the summer has been of a large amount and most accurately done. She has among much other work carded and briefed Continental Hall letters and reviewed 2208 pages of the Magazine,—to verify her records 1,533 cards have been indexed and verified,—motions being recorded by author, date and cross-reference,—both according to subject and author.

During the absence of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization, I carefully overlooked the work and methods of her office, and found all matters pertaining to it most methodically filed, indexed and recorded,—under 17 separate and distinct branches. The status and work of chapters, regents and individuals are accurately cared for, and

books, ledgers and indexes covering many years record the interests of every Daughter, as they concern organization. The work is up to date except the card catalogues which are being revised.

In these two months, office work or methods cannot have been mastered in their entire detail,—but with careful inquiry and study I am glad to report to this Board that I am constantly gratified to see the conscientious work and devotion to duty found in the Daughters of the American Revolution office. There may be mistakes,—for "to err is human;" there may be improvements,—but all are willing to make them. Board, officers and clerks only need to *see* the right to do it,—for love of this great society and desire to do it honor for our heart is in this work,—and as Longfellow says "the heart giveth grace to every art."

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

DELLA G. SMALLWOOD,
Chairman Supervision Committee.

The report was accepted on motion of the State Regent of New York, seconded by the Vice-President General from the District.

The Chairman of the Supervision Committee stated further: Directly on my return in September, I asked the member of the Supervision Committee who was appointed during my absence, and who had kindly cared for the work during July and August, to send me her report at the earliest date that I might have time to see and act upon it. This report was not submitted to me until yesterday, and I had not time to call a meeting of the Committee. It is not, therefore, a Committee report, but a personal one, and as such I shall be glad to read it, if the Board so desire. I hold it in my hand.

Discussion followed as to whether a personal report should be read.

The Vice-President General from Kentucky made the point that she considered it only just that the ladies who had stayed at their posts during the summer and done faithful work should be allowed to make a report of that work.

The State Regent of New York moved that the report of the Acting Chairman be laid on the table.

Seconded by the State Regent of Connecticut.

The Vice-President General from Alabama asked if it was a minority report.

The Chairman of Committee replied that it was a personal report of two individuals,—not a committee report.

The State Regent of Pennsylvania asked: "If the Board does not hear the report to-day, will it ever be heard?"

The Vice-President General from Pennsylvania asked if they could not have the report at the next meeting.

The Chairman of Supervision stated that the parliamentary ruling was that a committee must be called together and the report to be submitted read over item by item, and acted upon to constitute a committee report, and that this particular report, which had not been considered

by the Committee, might be changed at the will of the Committee at its next meeting.

The State Regent of Pennsylvania stated that if Roberts says such a report can not be read, we should stand for parliamentary rule so that no one can criticise us.

The President General asked if the Committee had met since the report was made.

The Chairman of Committee replied to the Chair that she would have been glad to have called a meeting of the Committee, but she had not had time to do so between the reception of the report and the meeting of the Board.

The Vice-President General from Alabama inquired if the Committee could not have asked for further time and reported later.

The Chairman of Committee replied that at the meetings of the Board committees must report, and that was the reason she had said her own report was a personal one as there had been no meeting of the Committee.

The point was then made by the Corresponding Secretary General that a report only held in the hand and not read, but stated to be a report, could not be accepted as such and laid on the table; that if the report of the Acting Chairman was a report of the work done in the absence of the Chairman, the Board should certainly hear that report.

The Chairman explained that the difference between the two reports was that one had recommendations, the other had not; one was the report of the Chairman of the Committee on Supervision giving, as is her duty, a summary of the work,—the other a personal report of two members of said Committee.

The President General inquired what motion was before the Board, and was informed that the motion to table the report of the Acting Chairman was before them, but the discussion was on the points raised and parliamentary inquiries made.

The President General ruled that as nothing had been presented, the report could not be tabled.

The State Regent of New York stated she made the motion to table in good faith as the Chairman of Committee said she had the report in her hand.

The President General then asked the Chairman of Supervision what length of time was included in her report, being advised that it covered the period between June 1st and 24th, and from September 6th; and that she had asked the Acting Chairman for her report twice during September but did not receive it until October 5th, the day before the Board meeting, and consequently could not call the Committee together.

The Vice-President General from Pennsylvania rose to a question of information saying it was her understanding that Mrs. Smallwood's report, as Chairman, had been accepted, and the motion now before the Board was to lay the second report, which she held in her hand, on the table.

The President General again ruled it was out of order to lay anything on the table which had never been presented.

The Vice-President General from Alabama moved that the Board rescind its action adopting the personal report of the Chairman of the Supervision Committee.

Seconded by the Vice-President General from Kentucky.

The Historian General suggested it would probably simplify matters if a motion should be offered to delay receiving the communication from the Acting Chairman of the Supervision Committee until such time as the Chairman could call her Committee together and take action upon it.

The Corresponding Secretary General called attention to the fact that the motion offered by the Vice-President General from Alabama was before the Board.

The Vice-President General from Virginia moved to amend by substituting the following:

That the report of the Chairman of the Supervision Committee be laid over until the Committee meets, and that the report of the Acting Chairman be then incorporated in the same at the discretion of the Committee.

Seconded by the State Regents of Virginia and Massachusetts.

The substitute motion being concurred in by the Vice-President General from Alabama, mover of the original motion, the question was taken and the substitute motion was agreed to.

The President General called for the report of the Publication Committee.

The Chairman (Mrs. Egbert Jones) stated there was nothing to report.

The recommendations contained in the report of the Auditing Committee were now taken up for consideration, the Chairman reading, for the second time, the recommendations.

The Vice-President General from the District moved:

That typewritten copies be made of the recommendations contained in the report of the Auditing Committee, and that each member of the National Board be sent a copy to study that she may act with deliberation.

Seconded by the State Regent of Maryland, and the Vice-President General and State Regent from Connecticut.

Question taken, and motion agreed to.

The Vice-President General from Massachusetts moved: *That the former Registrar General be released from her bond, as her accounts have been audited and found correct.*

The State Regent of Pennsylvania asked if the Vice-President General meant released from her bond as Registrar General, and was informed that was correct.

The motion was seconded by the Vice-President General from Kentucky, and carried.

The Vice-President General from the District asked, for fear it might

be overlooked later, that a letter of thanks be sent to the Honolulu people to show appreciation for the gift of the table.

The President General read a letter from Mrs. Ammon relative to the Committee on Patriotic Education, of which she is Chairman.

The State Regent of Massachusetts moved: *That that report be printed at once and circulated throughout the country.* The motion was seconded by several and carried.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters moved:

That Mrs. Ammon be allowed the expenses of her Committee, and she be so informed by the Corresponding Secretary General.

Seconded by the State Regent of West Virginia, and carried.

The Corresponding Secretary General moved: *That a pension be granted Mrs. Mary C. Hoyt, a "Real Daughter," whose papers had been found correct.* Seconded by the Vice-President General from Colorado.

Motion carried, granting pension.

The Corresponding Secretary General read a letter from Mr. W. Herbert Burk asking for a complete set of the Society's publications to be presented to the Washington Memorial Library established at Valley Forge. The Corresponding Secretary General suggested that the matter be turned over to the Librarian General and that she send such matter as she has for the purpose.

The motion was seconded and carried.

The President General asked for the recommendations of the Recording Secretary General.

The recommendations were read, the President General commending the proposed work under Statute 124.

The State Regent of Massachusetts moved: *That the recommendations of the Recording Secretary General be accepted.*

Seconded by the Vice-Presidents General from the District and Connecticut, the Librarian General and the State Regent from Connecticut.

Regarding the letter from Mr. Heinrich Charles in reference to "America Day," April 25, it was agreed that as there was so much business to be attended to, it would be well to postpone action on that until a later meeting.

The Corresponding Secretary General inquired in reference to the clerk which the Recording Secretary General wished, whether there was any particular clerk that she had in mind.

The Recording Secretary General stated that she had a clerk in mind and that the clerk engaged would have to be an expert and the appointment should meet with her approval, which was her statutory right.

The President General called attention to the motion of the State Regent of Massachusetts. Vote was called and the motion carried.

The Assistant Historian General inquired whether the stenographer the Recording Secretary General required was in addition to the official stenographer.

The State Vice-Regent of Ohio moved: *That the Board having authorized this morning the employment of a competent stenographer, for its service, that this stenographer do the work the Recording Secretary General requires.*

The motion was seconded by the Vice-Presidents General from Indiana, Iowa and Kentucky, and the State Regent of West Virginia.

The Vice-President General from Colorado was recognized and stated she understood that the lady spoken of was for the Board, and the statutes say the Secretaries shall choose their own clerks.

The State Regent of Massachusetts stated the motion was in opposition to a statute that has never been repealed,—that Secretaries shall choose their own clerks.

After discussion, the Recording Secretary General stated that her office is the only office that is limited to one clerk, and as far as she knew all had two or three clerks; that a former Registrar General had been allowed an unlimited number of clerks, and she was asking for nothing new or unusual. She stated it was absolutely necessary that she have an expert clerk as she could not continue to do personally the work she had been doing all summer.

The State Regent of Pennsylvania asked if they had not decided during the morning session that the stenographer was to be employed to do the work of the Board and that she would be called to do such other work as might be necessary. She asked to hear the motion of the Vice-President General from Massachusetts.

The Vice-President General from Massachusetts again read her motion.

The State Vice-Regent of Ohio called attention to the fact that her motion had been properly seconded, and asked for action upon it.

Discussion followed on this motion.

Upon request the Recording Secretary General again read her recommendation.

The State Regent of Massachusetts called the attention of the President General to her motion that the recommendations of the Recording Secretary General be adopted, which had been seconded and carried.

Upon question as to what was before the Board, it was stated that the motion was that the clerk who is to be the official stenographer should also be clerk for the Recording Secretary General.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters said that it has been stated many times during the session that the young lady who was coming from Massachusetts was not a clerk, but an official stenographer. She stated that she would refer to the President General who had told her that she was an official stenographer, but not a clerk.

The State Regent of Pennsylvania asked that the Vice-President General from Massachusetts reply to the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

The President General stated that the young lady was to be official

stenographer with the understanding that she would do the work which Mrs. Cahoon had always done. The President General then ruled that further discussion was out of order as the matter had already been settled.

The Treasurer General moved: *That in view of the fact that the joint accounts held by the former Registrar General and Treasurer General have been turned over to the present Treasurer General, itemized and audited, all books and papers in connection with same be turned over to the present Treasurer General.*

The motion was seconded by the Corresponding Secretary General, who stated that an officer in charge of an account, in her opinion, should have charge of all the papers going with it; that it was easier to have access to papers than to have to ask some one else for them; and if the accounts have been audited and found correct, the papers and books should all be together.

The Registrar General stated that at the June meeting of the Board she had asked what disposition should be made of the papers relating to the work of the former Registrar General, and the Board unanimously ordered that they should be placed in a safe deposit box, and a written order from the Board must be presented to gain access to them. As far as turning them over was concerned, the Registrar General explained that it was not a personal matter. The papers are simply receipts to show the money has been received and properly accounted for. A few days after the Board meeting, she had received a communication from the former Registrar General and the former Treasurer General, signed by both of them, requesting her to turn over all these papers and books, which are simply carbon copies, and she was unable to do it, after the Board had ordered them placed in a safe-deposit box. She notified the Treasurer and the Treasurer's clerks, and they also notified the auditor that any time question might arise they were in her custody and in the vault for safe keeping, but upon request they were at liberty to examine them when they wished to do so, the only favor asked being that they notify the Registrar General early enough to have them returned to the bank before closing time, so there would be no chance for destruction. The original transmittal blanks, she stated, had been turned over to the Treasurer and the original receipts sent to the members who have paid dues, and the carbons are simply kept in case of question.

The Treasurer General explained that her office had been held up by this method during the summer, and upon being asked to do so, re-read her motion.

The Recording Secretary General moved to lay this motion on the table, and was seconded by the State Regent of Massachusetts.

The President General stated the motion to lay on the table, and put the question. The motion to lay on the table was carried.

The Vice-President General from Alabama moved: *That the Presi-*

dent General be allowed to appoint the official reader for the 19th Continental Congress.

The motion was seconded by the Vice-President General from Indiana, and carried.

The Assistant Historian General stated that she had been allowed a clerk by the Supervision Committee, but at the present time, on the Smithsonian Report, she did not require the entire services of a clerk, for the reason that no clerk, unless she was an expert on reading proof, &c., could be of service to her during the entire time. She stated that she only required a clerk to prepare such work as she sent out. This clerk's salary had been raised a year ago on account of the extra work she had in other offices, as well as in the office of Assistant Historian General. She stated that she had served in the Magazine room, Curator's room, &c., and the office of the Assistant Historian General had been charged with a very large pay roll for the service of a clerk whom she did not require. She asked that instead of charging the entire services of this clerk to the office of the Assistant Historian General, that only half of it be charged to that office. She also asked permission to have what extra typewriting was necessary done, and send the bills to the Treasurer General to have them paid, stating that it would cost decidedly less than it does now.

The motion was seconded by the State Regent of New Mexico and carried and reads as follows: *That only half of the salary of Mrs. Fishburne, now clerk to the Assistant Historian General, shall be credited to the office of the Assistant Historian General, and that bids for additional typewriting necessary for the report shall be sent with vouchers to the Treasurer General for payment.*

The Corresponding Secretary General stated the Editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE had requested that \$200 a year be allowed for clerical services for her department. The editor has stated that she formerly had a clerk from her husband's office to assist her, but that he could no longer supply one. She asked that the Board give permission to renew this at the same salary, not only this year, but for all the time.

The motion was seconded by the State Regents of Pennsylvania and New Mexico.

Motion carried.

The Historian General asked that her clerk be allowed to keep a list of the resigned, dropped and deceased members so that it will expedite her work.

Allowed on motion duly seconded.

The State Regent of Kentucky asked the Board to outline to her how far it legally recognized the State Conference of Kentucky.

The President General advised that it would open up such a large discussion it would be impossible to allow the question to be brought up.

The State Regent of Massachusetts explained that the Constitution answered the question very plainly.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters announced to the Board that the State Vice-Regent of Vermont was not with them to-day because she had recently lost a sister, and another sister was very ill; and moved that a letter of condolence be sent to the State Vice-Regent of Vermont, on the death of her sister, Mrs. Ketchum of New York, who died on September 9, 1909.

The motion was seconded by the State Regent of Pennsylvania and the Recording Secretary General, and the Board rose in token of sympathy.

The President General then announced that she had a matter to suggest, reading the following statement.

As Article 6, Section 4, of the Constitution, gives the President General authority to call meetings of the National Board of Management at any time she may deem necessary, I wish to give notice now that unless exigencies arise which I do not now foresee, I shall call regular meetings of the Board on the first Wednesdays in December and February. Special meetings of the Board will be called the first Wednesdays in November and January, for the authorization of new chapters, the appointment of Regents, and the admission of new members only, and for the pensions of "Real Daughters."

The Corresponding Secretary General added that it would be advisable to also add the reinstatements, resignations and deaths, as to the scope of the work to be brought before the special meetings.

The President General announced that there were enough members in the city to call a quorum and, with the Executive Committee, could do this routine work.

The Vice-President General from Kentucky asked whether a letter of sympathy had ever been sent to the former President General in the loss of her nephew, which was so very sad, and moved: *That the loving sympathy of the Board be sent to the Honorary President General on the death of her nephew, and also to the mother of the child.*

Motion seconded by the State Regent of New Mexico and others, and carried.

The Recording Secretary General stated that she had two letters addressed to the National Board of Management applying for position as auditor for the Society, adding that she understood the present auditor's term had expired.

The Vice-President General from Massachusetts stated that there was no time for the auditor to serve, the previous auditor having served six years.

The Treasurer General stated that it would be illegal for the auditor to have a written contract for over one year.

Discussion followed regarding the auditor's term of office.

The Corresponding Secretary General announced that nominations for Auditor must come from the Auditing Committee.

The Vice-President General from Massachusetts stated that she had presented a motion at the June meeting that his term be extended, but

members who had been present remembered nothing of it and the Recording Secretary General said there was no record of it in the minutes, nor in the minutes of the special meeting held after Congress. The Vice-President General from Massachusetts apologized for the non-presentation of a report, stating that she had read her report to a stenographer at the hotel to be typewritten, asking that it be sent to her when finished, but there was another Mrs. Bates at the hotel, and when she was called upon at the Board Meeting for a report she stated that she had nothing to report. She said she supposed now that it would have been better to have explained the facts to the Board, that the report had gone astray. However, if the Board considered that the auditor's time had expired, she offered the motion that Mr. Bates be retained as auditor for another term.

The motion was seconded by the Vice-President General from New Jersey, and carried.

The Recording Secretary General read the motions that had been offered at this meeting.

The Corresponding Secretary General called attention to the fact that no provisions had been made for the salary of Miss Brigham, and moved: *That if she was to do the same work as Mrs. Cahoon she receive the same salary.*

Motion was seconded and carried.

Reference being made to the resolutions offered at the Congress by Mrs. Bechtel regarding a proposed military road from Williamsburg to Jamestown, the State Regent of Pennsylvania moved: *That the Board endorse Mrs. Bechtel's petition to the United States Congress.*

Seconded by the Vice-President General from Colorado.

Motion carried.

The Corresponding Secretary General suggested, in view of the fact that there would be no regular meeting in November, that notices be sent out promptly to the members as they might be making preparations to come, and also asked if it would not be well to defer the meeting in December to the second Wednesday for the reason that the first Wednesday being the first day of the month it would be difficult to have reports ready by that time, especially the Treasurer General's report.

It was moved, seconded and carried that on the Christmas number of the Magazine the initials "N. S. D. A. R." shall appear so that it will not be confused with the American Magazine.

Upon motion the meeting adjourned at 6.45 P. M.

The Business Manager waiting to be called before the Board, and not knowing of adjournment, now entered the room and presented her report informally to the members remaining, as follows, (the President General re-opening the meeting):

REPORT OF BUSINESS MANAGER OF THE AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, October 6th, 1909: *Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:* I have the pleasure of submitting

to you the following report of the office of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

RECEIPTS.

June 1st to September 30th, 1909.

Subscriptions as per voucher and cash register,	\$659 62
Sale of extra copies of Magazines,	22 27
Cuts paid by individuals,	26 50
Net Advertising receipts,	119 45
Amount turned over to Treasurer General,	\$827 84 \$827 84

Bills presented to Treasurer General for payment:

Printing and mailing May number 1909, including postage,	\$373 35
Printing and mailing June number, 1909, including postage,	393 48
Printing and mailing July number, 1909, including postage,	1,104 50
Printing and mailing August number, 1909, including postage,	658 95
Salary, Editor, four months,	333 32
Business Manager, four months,	300 00
Expenses, Editor Notes and Queries,	\$120 00
Clerical Services for Business Manager,	
Supervising Committee,	36 05
J. S. Caldwell and Company, stationery, for Editor, Business Manager and Editor Notes and Queries, 4 months,	49 70
Mugler, engraving half tone cuts partly paid for by individuals,	70 35
Yawman and Ebe Mfg. Co., 2,000 special index cards,	10 90
Postage Editor,	10 00

\$3,460 60 \$3,460 60

1,000 postals and printing,	\$11 25
1,500 postals and printing,	16 85
10,000 circulars, Byron and Adams,	18 50
For Editor, Telegrams and Express,	3 00
Air Cushion rubber stamps,	4 95
Cash Book,	8 00
Offices expenses as per itemized account rendered and attached,	39 62
Auditing account,	150 00

\$252 17 \$252 17

Office expenses advanced as per Board of Management,	\$20 00
	\$272 17
	3,460 60
	\$3,732 77 \$3,732 77

I paid \$3.75 for 25% on \$15.00 advertisement of the Philips School also 25% on Washington Loan and Trust and Mr. Hobson's advertisement amounting in all to \$25.00, percentage amounting to \$6.25. A check on expense account \$8.00, salary to Miss Molineau from May 30 to June 8, 1909. This and the voucher of \$16.60 per month to the Editor, the Auditor would not approve because by a resolution of the Board, the Editor's salary was \$200 per year, and the \$6.25 was out of my own pocket. I do not think I should pay the 25% on advertisements out of the expense account, it was paid out of the receipt account. I have not paid anything out of this account turning it over in one check each month to the Treasurer General.

A section of drawer files were sent to the officer by Yawman and Erbe at my request, on approval, as I wish to have the best method of filing the vouchers &c. These sections can be had to lock. I find it necessary to have a lock on the Card Catalogue and I should like a better lock on the desk. Also the use of an Oliver Typewriter.

Heretofore the Business Manager had some clerical services rendered by different ones employed in the offices, under resolutions passed by the National Board on June 5th and November 6th, 1907.

This summer the acting chairman of the Supervision Committee would not allow this and wished to give the office of the Magazine the use of a clerk whose work was already designated by a resolution concerning the copying of records, which resolution was shown me and of which a copy was made as follows, the original motion on page 81, volume XXXIII, passed March 11, 1907.

The work in the office was urgent and could have been done by a clerk under the resolution of November 6th, 1907.

There were more than 4,000 magazines in two anterooms and although tagged, were not assorted. These I had wrapped in packages of four volumes of each month, as far as we had them, since 1892 and labeled ready for transporting to Continental Memorial Hall (September 1st), and an index made of the Magazines needed to fill in the missing numbers. This was done gratuitously by a Daughter of the American Revolution, a member of Liberty Bell Chapter, who was with me during the summer. She also helped me in getting the Card Catalogue in some shape, as many of the cards were entirely out of place. This work has not been completed.

The accumulated work of the office, consequent to the Congress, and the Postal Money Orders and correspondence connected with this part

of the office work, made the work of this office very much more than usual. Four hundred bills were sent out and as the Magazine room has no typewriter, I used my own.

As a tribute to the late Miss Lillian Lockwood as Business Manager of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, I feel we as a Society could not over appreciate her value, as her beautifully kept account, her desk work, her business capacity and accomplishments in every way, was wonderful.

I think we have a great power in our Magazine and I know the members of our Society are reading it as a personal pleasure not as a Chapter Manual. We need advertisement and advertisements, in order to do the work necessary to accomplish the result, an office force is absolutely necessary for as Business Manager I cannot always leave my desk to get advertisements or to do the work that is necessary in this branch of the management. Miss Lockwood was very wise not to attempt it. I tried a little of it in the early summer and found it too much for one person to do. I am much encouraged in the outlook, for new subscriptions and advertisements. We have a number of new advertisements from Daughters of the American Revolution and more promised.

MINNIE F. MICKLEY,
Business Manager American Monthly Magazine.
Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

MARY R. WILCOX,
Recording Secretary General.

Approved: Wednesday, December 8, 1909.

SPECIAL MEETING—NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT,
N. S. D. A. R.

WEDNESDAY, November 3, 1909.

On Wednesday, November 3, 1909, a Special Meeting of the National Board of Management of the N. S. D. A. R. was held at the office of the Society, 902 F Street, due notice of the same having been given to each member.

The meeting was called to order at 10.30 A. M. by the President General.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain General, the Board uniting in saying the Lord's Prayer.

By unanimous consent the roll call was dispensed with, the Recording Secretary General taking a list of those present.

The following members were present:

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, President General.

Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Mrs. George W. Sternberg, Vice-President General from the District.

Mrs. Thomas K. Noble, Chaplain General.

Mrs. Mabel G. Swormstedt, Corresponding Secretary General.

Miss Grace M. Pierce, Registrar General.

Mrs. Lula R. Hoover, Treasurer General.

Mrs. Gertrude B. Darwin, Historian General.

Mrs. Short Willis, Librarian General.

Miss Mary R. Wilcox, Recording Secretary General.

Mrs. George T. Smallwood, Regent of the District of Columbia.

The President General declared the first business to be the report of the Registrar General.

REGISTRAR GENERAL: *Madam President General:* I would like to omit the entire number of membership for a few moments until I come to the close of reading the list because the file is not quite ready. (The request was granted.)

The Registrar General read the attached report:

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL, NATIONAL SOCIETY, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICA REVOLUTION, November 3, 1909: *Madam President General, Members of the National Board of Management:* I have the honor to report the following for the past month:

Applications presented to the Board,	600
Supplemental applications verified,	109
Applications returned unverified,	52
Permits for the Insignia issued,	222
Permits for the Ancestral Bars issued,	183
Permits for the Recognition pins issued,	130
Certificates issued,	0
Certificates engrossed,	1,171
Applications of "Real Daughters" presented,	1
Number of letters issued,	1,423
Number of postal cards issued,	887
New records,	210
Original papers awaiting information,	291
Supplemental papers awaiting information,	592
Original papers awaiting Notary's Seal,	58
Total number of papers verified,	767

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

REGISTRAR GENERAL: (Referring to Insignia). May I say that so many requests have come from the new members admitted at the October meeting, it seemed at one time as though nearly every one of them wanted to be wearing the Insignia? When all the papers are verified, I think there will be between eight and nine hundred new members since October sixth; there will be nearly six hundred new members to-day. [Applause.]

The Chaplain General moved the acceptance of the Registrar's report. (Motion seconded.) Report accepted.

The Registrar General made excuses if she did not pronounce correctly all of the foreign names, saying it was stated a few years ago that the records of the Daughters of the American Revolution showed a very peculiar fact: that so many of the present members showed German, French, Irish and Norwegian descent, but they themselves were of old American stock. It showed they were Americanizing.

The President General said, we are glad to welcome them.

The list of applicants for membership was read by the Registrar General.

The Vice-President General from the District moved: *That these applicants be accepted and the Secretary cast the ballot for these ladies.*

The Chaplain General seconded the motion.

The Recording Secretary General accordingly cast the ballot for these 546 applicants for membership to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The President General declared them duly elected members, and called for the report of the Vice-President in Charge of the Organization of Chapters, Mrs. Tulloch.

The Vice-President General (Mrs. Tulloch) read the following report, and asked to have the new Regents confirmed before giving the expirations, as there is a little more importance on the question of those appointed to take charge of Chapters.

November 3, 1909.

REPORT OF VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: *Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:* I would respectfully ask the Board to confirm the reappointment of Mrs. Jessamine Lee Fox, as State Regent of South Dakota.

And the election by their respective States, announced by their State Regents, of two State Vice-Regents to fill the unexpired terms of their predecessors, resigned.

Mrs. Eva C. Metcalf, of Iowa.

Mrs. Louise C. Mahon Furbee, of West Virginia.

Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents are presented for confirmation:

Miss Florence Leiper, of Little Rock, Arkansas.

Miss Maude Clark Penn, of Monticello, Georgia.

Miss Ellen Maude Law, of Henry, Illinois.

Mrs. Leorah M. Copeland Chapman, of Vienna, Illinois.

Mrs. A. Eliza Russell Cooper, of Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

Mrs. Marion Mitchell Newman, of Canton, Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Mary Mack Ardrey, of Fort Mill, South Carolina.

Mrs. Elvirah Tannehill Rogers, of Brownwood, Texas.

Miss Ethel Stratton, of Minneapolis, Minnesota.

And the reappointment of Mrs. Jannette McMaster Bansemer, of Torreon Coah, Mexico; Mrs. Greta Hayes Withers, of Goldfield, Nevada.

Also to authorize the formation of Chapters at Paris, Tennessee; Peterboro, New Hampshire.

The following regencies have expired by time limitation:

Mrs. Mary L. S. Allison, of State Center, Iowa.

Mrs. Ruth A. K. Halleck, of Vinton, Iowa.

Mrs. Norah W. Puterbaugh, of Lyons, Kansas.

Mrs. Mollie P. Brosius, of Gallatin, Missouri.

Mrs. Kate E. Darr, of Lexington, Nebraska.

Miss Mary A. Stone, of Cambridge, Ohio.

Miss Ellen T. McDonald, of Blacksburg, Virginia.

Mrs. Lucy M. Roberts, of Chase City, Virginia.

Mrs. Irene H. Goodykoontz, of Williamson, West Virginia.

The Chapter at Allegan, having been refused the name of the old lady whom they wished to honor, requests to take the name of "Fennimore Cooper" as one which has been closely connected with the civilization of their State, and has added much of value to our national life. The "Lew Wallace" Chapter in New Mexico gives precedent for the request.

Two Chapters in New Hampshire make a request which has been several times granted, that their charters be signed, not by the State Regent of the time of the issuance of the charter, but by Regent under whom they organized, and one adds to this request that the three State Regents under whom the Chapter has grown from its inception, honor them by signing their charter. The request is unique, but seems praiseworthy.

The Chapters are: "Abigail Stearns," Walpole; "Abigail Webster," Franklin.

Letters received, 121; officer's lists written for, 255; letters written, 195; officer's lists received for, 111; charters issued, 10.

The card catalogue reports: Member's cards, 1,313; corrections, 431; deaths, 196; dropped, 228; marriages, 41; reinstated, 15; resigned, 70; admitted membership October 6, 1909, 75120; actual membership, October 6, 1909, 59767.

Respectfully submitted,

MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCH.

The Corresponding Secretary General moved: *That these officers be confirmed according to the report of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.*

The Registrar General seconded the motion. Carried.

The Vice-President General continued with her report.

Regarding the Chapter at Allegan which requests permission to take the name of "Fennimore Cooper," the Chair called for a motion.

The Historian General moved the adoption of the recommendation.

The Corresponding Secretary General seconded the motion.
Carried.

VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL (Mrs. Tulloch): (Reading) Regarding the signing of the charter by the Regent under whom they organized, the Chapters being "Abigail Stearns" of Walpole and "Abigail Webster" of Franklin, New Hampshire, is there any objection?

After discussion, it being stated by the Vice-President General, in answer to the Corresponding Secretary General that the State Regents know of and approve the request, it is moved by the Corresponding Secretary General that these requests be granted.

Motion seconded by the Registrar General, and carried.

VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL (Mrs. Tulloch): (Reading.) Referring to the Alaska Chapter, Alaska; Abigail Adams Chapter, Massachusetts; John Adams Treutlen Chapter, Georgia; and Tempe Wicke Chapter, New Jersey, they were declared null and void October 6, 1909. Mrs. Swormstedt made the motion and I seconded it. These chapters were dropped, but it seems to me they should be disbanded, should be declared disbanded by the Board,—not only dropped, but disbanded. It would be better for them to be dispensed with; change the wording of the motion.

The Corresponding Secretary General then moved: *That these chapters be disbanded, instead of dropped.*

The Chaplain General seconded the motion. Carried.

The State Regent of the District rose to a question of information to ask, if a person requests permission to organize a chapter, which permission was given at the last meeting; then she organizes that Chapter, and her name was not read at this meeting, Mrs. St. Clair, is there any action that has to be taken?

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters replied, "Not until she has organized."

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters then announced that between 4 and 5 o'clock this morning she was called from her home by the death of a friend, Mrs. Henry A. Willard, and asked to be excused from the meeting.

The Vice-President General from the District moved *the acceptance of the whole report of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.*

(Motion seconded by the Registrar General and Corresponding Secretary General.)

Report accepted.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters said Mrs. Willard was a Daughter and a member of the Colonial Dames Society, and asked if it would not be well to send a note of sympathy.

The President General requested the Board to rise in recognition.
(The Board rose.)

Mrs. Tulloch was then excused from the meeting.

The President General asked if there are any applications from "Real Daughters."

The Registrar General replied that there is one, and it is a matter concerning which she wanted to ask instructions from the Board this morning. At the last meeting we had an application, which was accepted, from a "Real Daughter," and we also have one at this meeting. She asked whose duty it was to send to the Daughter the gold spoon to which she is entitled.

After discussion as to whose duty it was, and question by the Chair as to whether all the data is at hand showing that the two ladies in question are "Real Daughters," which question was answered in the affirmative, the Vice-President General from the District moved: *That the Curator be instructed to send the spoons from the Society to the two "Real Daughters" who have been admitted (one in October and the other at this meeting).*

The Recording Secretary General seconded the motion, and it was carried.

The Recording Secretary General then asked, through the Chair, for information regarding the procedure by which a "Real Daughter" may receive a pension from the Society.

The Corresponding Secretary General answered that it has been the custom to turn over the name received from the Chapter Regent to some resident of the town where the applicant lives—some one not personally connected with her, as the postmaster, mayor or minister, or somebody of that kind, who would declare that she is in need of the money. A formal application has to be made out by the old lady, accompanied by an affidavit from the Chapter Regent. In the past year or two, when applications would come in from the Chapter Regent, without the other papers, we would grant it tentatively so that as soon as the other papers arrived the pension should be granted without waiting for further meetings of the Board, because they are old ladies and might die. The pension is eight dollars a month.

The Registrar General said one of the ladies who sent in her application for membership had not been told of the gold spoon, as she was so feeble they were afraid the additional excitement might be more than she could endure. But in both cases they seemed to be in very comfortable circumstances.

The President General then asked: Where are these "Real Daughters" living?

The Registrar General said: This one is from Ohio, and the other one, last month, was from Michigan. We have two applications pending now, which we have not been able to verify. The circumstances are rather peculiar, tending to show that the father, who had served from North Carolina, had received land in Prince Edward's Island, which seemed to show Loyalist services—looked very much as if he had served on the other side! (Laughter.)

The Registrar General then said that she had another short list of members to present, making exactly 600 members admitted this month. She read the list.

The Vice-President General from the District then moved: *That the supplemental list be accepted and that the Recording Secretary General be empowered to cast the ballot of the Society.*

The Corresponding Secretary General seconded the motion.

The Chair put the motion, which was carried, and the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for these 64 applicants for membership to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The President General declared these ladies to be members of the Society.

The Vice-President General from the District moved: *That the Chaplain General write a letter of sympathy to the bereaved family of Mrs. Willard, who was a prominent member of our organization.*

Unanimously carried.

The President General then called upon the Treasurer General to read the names of members dropped, deceased, etc.

The Treasurer General read the list of thirty-seven deceased members.

At the request of the Chair the Board arose in token of sympathy and respect.

The Corresponding Secretary General said she noticed one name there—Mrs. Ringleka, of Illinois—who was a "Real Daughter."

The Treasurer General read the names of eight members to be resigned.

The Corresponding Secretary General moved: *That those members be resigned.*

The Registrar General seconded the motion, and it was carried.

The Treasurer General then read the names of members to be dropped—four in number.

The Corresponding Secretary General moved: *That these four members be dropped from the Society for the non-payment of dues.*

The Registrar General seconded the motion, and it was carried.

The Treasurer General then read the names of eleven members to be reinstated.

The Corresponding Secretary General moved: *The reinstatement of these members.*

The Registrar General seconded the motion, and it was carried.

The Historian General asked if the resignations and the dropping of the members may not be marked on the original papers, as it will be of great assistance in her work. If there is no objection a motion is not necessary.

(Request granted.)

On motion by Mrs. Swormstedt, it was voted to adjourn.

The President declared the meeting adjourned.

Adjourned at 11.15 A. M.

Respectfully submitted,

MARY R. WILCOX,

Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

December 8, 1909.

Approved by the Board.

DIRECTORY.

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First Vice President, National
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